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東京帝國大學法學部研究室

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

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NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY
Weekly Edition of the "North-China Daily News"
Single copies $2
S'hai, China and Japan .....6 mos. $42
Hongkong and Macao ..... " 44
Postal Union Countries ..... " 54

North-China Daily News & Herald Ltd. (Incorporated in Hongkong)
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P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055
Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Messrs. Crane-Debenham Ltd., 69 Fleet Street, London, are advertising representatives for the "North-China Daily News" and "North-China Herald," and have these newspapers on file.

Announcements of Birth, etc., in this column $10 per insertion including insertions in the "North-China Herald."

DEATHS

CLEMENTS.—On May 12, 1940, at sea, GERTRUDE, dearly loved wife of Edwin Clements. (By cable.) —9621

COYLE.—On June 3, 1940, after a long illness, at his house in Brookline, Massachusetts, JAMES EDWARD COYLE, husband of Helen V. and father of Mrs. Stephen S. Girard of Brookline and Miss Beatrice Coyle of Shanghai. (By cable.) —9623

ROHDE.—On Monday, June 3, 1940, at the Eden Hospital, Shanghai, MARTHA ROHDE, aged 22 years. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. Funeral services will be held to-day, Wednesday, June 5, at the Bubbling Well Cemetery, at 4.45 p.m. 13060

CARDS

MR. H. B. KOTAK and MRS. C. H. KOTAK gratefully acknowledge and thank their friends for the kind expressions of sympathy and for the flowers sent during their recent bereavement. —9611

MRS. MILDA RASMUSSEN and FAMILY, finding it impossible to thank individually all friends for their kind expressions of sympathy and for the beautiful floral tributes sent during their recent bereavement, beg them to accept herein their heartfelt thanks. 13079

The Committee of the Associated Foreign Charities of Shanghai of Church House, Kiangse Road, is always willing to receive *In Memoriam* donations and make allocations to the Charities in most need. 12970

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Debenture Transfer Register in respect of the above issue will be closed from June 15 to June 29, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
J. B. ETHERINGTON,
Secretary.
Shanghai, June 3, 1940. 13078

SHANGHAI STOCK EXCHANGE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ZANG-LING ZAU has been duly elected a member of this Exchange.
E. H. PARROTT,
Secretary.
Shanghai, June 4, 1940. 13083

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

EXAMINATION OF SHIP-DAMAGED CARGO

Damaged cargo ex ss. Muncaster Castle from Japan will be examined at the Hunt's Wharf on Tuesday, June 11, 1940 by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy, Surveyors.

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To-day's Events

JUNE

5 Evening of Entertainment, Y.M.C.A., 9
5 *Danish Constitution Day (1849).*
5 *Communication with Peking cut (1900)*
5 *NCDN broadcast 12.45 and 9 p.m. XMHD 760kc. 395m.*

Coming Events

JUNE

6 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
6 S.I.E.A. Lecture on Criminal Identification, 1461 Sinza Road, 5.30
6 Z. Bitner's Gala Performance, "Frasquita" Lt. Opera by Lehar, Lyc., 8.45
7 Charity Concert, French Municipal Hall, 11 Route Vallon, 9.15
8 Prof. B. Zakharoff pupil's 2nd. concert, A.W.C., 4
8 'Frasquita', Lt. Op. by Lehar, Lyc., 8.45
9 Rowing Regatta, Holt's Wharf
9 'Frasquita', Lt. Op. by Lehar, Lyc., 8.45
13 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
14 S.M.P. v. E. Surreys, Charity Boxing, S.V.C., 9
5 P.S.G. Former Pupils' 'At Home' and ann. gen. mtg., at school, 404 Yu Yuen, 3.30
20 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15
20 S.I.E.A. Lecture and visit to Pasteur Institute, 207 Route Pere Robert, 5.30
20 Jumble S., Limbless, U.C. Hall, 9.30
21 Old Tonbridgians/Alleynians Founders' Day Party, 492 Avenue Haig, 7
27 Rotary Club, Metropole Hotel, 12.15

Charge for items $3 per line, which includes all insertions till date of event

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13084

A SOLEMN MASS
will be celebrated in the Church of the Sacred Heart, Hongkew, Nanzing Road, on Thursday, June 6, at 8 a.m. (L.S.T.) on the occasion of the Centenary of the Death of Venerable Father Champagnat, Founder of the Marist Brothers.
Ex-Students of the Marist Brothers are cordially invited.
—9604

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The following are the times and frequencies of London's daily broadcasts to the Near and Far East.

China Coast Time	*Shanghai Summer Time*	*Wave length*	*Frequency*	*Call sign*
12.55 to 4.15	1.55 to 5.15	19.60 m.	15.31 m/cs	GSP
6.40 to 9.45	7.40 to 10.45	19.82 m.	15.14 m/cs	GSF
10.00 to 12.30	11.00 to 1.30	19.82 m.	15.14 m/cs	GSF

News from the B.B.C. is read at the following times:

China Coast Time	*Shanghai Summer Time*	
2.15	3.15	on GSP—Full News Bulletin
4.00	5.00	on GSP—News Summary
7.30	8.30	on GSF—Full News Bulletin

(relayed by Singapore on 30.96m. or 9.69m/cs)

8.00	9.00	on GSF—News Summary (Dutch)
9.15	10.15	on GSF—News Summary

(relayed by Hongkong on 31.49m. or 9.52m/cs)

12.00 midnight (1 a.m. Shanghai Summer Time) on GSF—Full News Bulletin

Foreign language news broadcasts are transmitted on 13.92 m. (21.55 m/cs) at:—

China Coast Time	*Shanghai Summer Time*	
8.15	9.15	French
8.30	9.30	German
8.45	9.45	Italian
9.00	10.00	Portuguese
10.00	11.00	Spanish

The above broadcasts are not directed to the Far East, but it is possible to receive them locally when conditions are favourable.

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WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

Meteorological Reports	June 3 16.00	June 3 21.00	June 4 4.00	June 4 9.00
Barometer inches	29.66	29.76	29.73	29.75
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.05	+0.07	+0.04	+0.03
at 32 F. (" " 12 hrs.)	—0.03	+0.04	+0.07	—0.01
Wind (direction)	SSE	SSE	SE	WNW
" (miles per hour)	14.3	6.8	7.4	3.7
Temperature (F'hr.)	89.56	74.°8	70.°7	80.°8
Humidity %	42	78	97	72
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	0	0	4	6
Rainfall inches	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report June 3	Mean 1940	24 hrs. variation	67 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.71	+0.05	29.78
Temp. Min. 66.°7 Max. 94.°8	80.°8	+1.°3	71.°1
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	14.60	—	15.29

Time and Tide	5/6	6/6	7/6	8/6	9/6	10/6	11/6
Sun rises at Shanghai	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.49	4.49
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.55	18.55	18.56	18.56	18.57	18.57	18.57
Moon rises at Shanghai	4.13	5.01	5.53	6.49	7.49	8.50	9.53
Moon sets at Shanghai	18.08	19.03	19.56	20.46	21.34	22.19	23.01
Flood makes Shai. 6 to 18	9.55	10.28	11.00	12.00	12.24	12.57	13.45
Ebb. makes Shai. 6 to 18	14.52	15.20	16.25	17.07	17.55	6.30	6.50
H.W. W'tung Bar 6 to 18	11.45	12.10	12.50	13.26	14.08	15.02	15.57
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	10.15	10.58	11.00	10.58	10.45	10.15	10.15

POST OFFICE NOTICES

The following times apply to the Head Post Office, Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices in needed.

WEDNESDAY, June 5.	*Reg.*	*Ord.*
Foochow via Sankiangkow	*20.00	7.15
Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	8.00
Ningnsien etc.	8.30	9.00
Amoy	8.30	9.00
Hongkong	8.30	9.00
Keeung Aust. N.Z. S.S. India Suez and Europe	8.15	10.00
Hongkong	8.15	10.00
Tinghai and Shenkiamen via Tinghai	11.30	12.00
Hongkong and Haiphong	13.30	14.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00

THURSDAY, June 6.		
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	*20.00	8.00
Ninghsien etc. via Chinhai	8.30	9.00
Aust. N.Z. and Java Ports A	8.15	9.00
Amoy Hongkong Canton	8.30	9.00
Amoy Swatow Canton	10.30	11.00
Indo-China (Z) via H'phong B	—	—
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00
Weihaiwei Chefoo Tientsin	19.30	20.00

FRIDAY, June 7.		
Hongkong and Haiphong	9.30	10.00
Nantung	15.30	16.00
Japan H'lulu U.S.A. Canada and Europe via Pacific C	x 17.00	19.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	19.30	20.00

* The night before.
A Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 17.00 on 5th.
B Parcel mail for Indo-China, closes at 17.00 on 6th.
C Parcel mail for Japan, Honolulu and U.S.A., closes at 17.00 on 7th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.
Z Parcel mail only.

Air Mails

Imperial Airways Service per steamer on June 6, at 8.15 a.m. for registered and at 9 a.m. for ordinary due London on June 19.
Pan American Airways Service per steamer on June 8, at 4 p.m. for registered and at 5 p.m. for ordinary due San Francisco on June 18.
Air France per steamer on June 8, at 4 p.m. for registered and at 5 p.m. for ordinary.
Neth. (K.L.M.) Air Mail Service (Batavia-Naples) per steamer to Hongkong.
Royal Netherlands Indies' Airways K.N.I.L.M. (Saigon-Batavia-Sydney) per steamer to Hongkong.
Shanghai-Japan Air Mail Service daily at 8 p.m.
Shanghai-Dairen Air Mail Sercice daily at 8 p.m.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 1 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office at 12.30 a.m. and 10 p.m.
Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow for Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.
Canton per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 8.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.
Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow, Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.
Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tatung, Kalgan, Shanhaikwan, Tungshan, Shinkiachwang, Chengte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan and Yuncheng by the planes of the Chung Hwa Air Transport Co. daily at 9.30 p.m.

Light Train Mail

Via N.S.R. 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Hangchow 1.30 p.m. and 10.30 p.m.
North Pinghan and Lunghai Line (Chenghsien and east thereof) 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Wuhu, Tatung, Hwaining, Kiukiang and Hankow 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.

THE WEATHER

Temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai 24 hours ending 7 p.m.:—
Yesterday Min. 71.5 Max. 92.0
Same date, 1939 Min. 65.5 Max. 87.0
Rainfall nil.
Temperature at Siccawei:—
Yesterday Min. 68.2 Max. 93.6
Same date, 1939 Min. 63.3 Max. 83.4

State on the morning of the 3rd:—Low and unsteady pressure over China; rather normal and steady over Japan. Variable winds along the China Coast. Fine and warm weather.
State on the Morning of the 4th:—Fine and warm weather. Low and steady pressure. Westerly breezes.
Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Fine and warm weather with haze and variable winds around Shantung. Fine to cloudy and warm with haze and threatening thunder in the evening with northerly to easterly winds over our regions: south-easterly to south-westerly to the south of the Saddles. Local morning fog.—Siccawei Observatory.

Post Office Notices Continued

Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia close on every Monday and Thursday at 8 p.m. for registered and on every Tuesday and Friday at 9 a.m. for ordinary and are despatched per trains via Nanking and Tientsin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains.

Ocean Mails for Europe and America.

Next steamer mails will be closed as follows:—
Per steamer via Pacific, on June 7.
Per steamer via Suez, on June 8.
Per steamer via Suez, on June 10.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Den Danske Hjaelpeforening
IN MEMORY OF MR. A. RASMUSSEN
Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Drysdale $30

The Central British War Fund
IN MEMORY OF MRS. W. READ
Mr. and Mrs. B. S. Khambata 10
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C. Corte-Real 10
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Restaurant Hoff. 5 | Kurt Salinger 20
Mrs. E. Szekeres 2 | Mr. Nickel 100

Lester Chinese Hospital
Atkinson & Dallas Ltd. 25
Bank of China and Bank of Com. 5000
R. S. Jorgensen "In Memory of Mr. A. Rasmussen" 10
David W. K. Au 30 | "H.A." (Chi.) 5000
C. Y. Chu 100 | N. A. Viloudaki 15
Six "Anony" 1350 | W. E. Abbott 30
Comm. PressLd 100 | Miss C. H. Tsai 5

International Red Cross
IN MEMORY OF MRS. W. READ
Chinese Clerical Staff S.M. Gaol .. 20

Netherlands War Fund
IN MEMORY OF DR. GREGORY KRIVOROCHKO
Mr. and Mrs. P. C. van Steelingwerff 5

The Danish Benevolent Society
IN MEMORY OF MR. A. RASMUSSEN
Mr/Mrs.K.Rothe 20 J. E. Gray 20

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Correspondence for this column should be addressed to the Editor, North-China Daily News Office, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, and to ensure secrecy, marked "Letters to the Editor."

"Is it Wise?":
A Reader who Disagrees

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Following on the heels of your criticism of the Council's rejection of the Lottery Scheme once again another justifiable act of the S.M.C. performed in public interest was made the target of attack in your editorial of Saturday last, namely the Council's retention of the services of its advocate. You took the Council severely to task for retaining the services of MR. BRYAN at an annual salary of G$7,500 or C$11,106 per mensem.

It is not my intention to take up the cudgels on behalf of the Council. The questions raised in your editorial could be answered by anyone with the most elementary knowledge of local affairs. The questions were threefold viz:

1. Can the community afford the services of so eminent a lawyer?
2. How many private lawyers here earn such a net sum?
3. Are ratepayers eventually to see every head of a department paid in Sterling or American dollars, and why discriminate between department and department?

Regarding (1) the Council cannot financially afford the services of anyone with a deficit of $10,000,000 to its debit, but it cannot very well do without the services of an eminent lawyer. Before the annual meeting on April 17 last, its Municipal Advocate was asked whether all its acts for the past fiscal year were legal acts? No one, short of an expert retained whole-time by the Council would have been in a position to reply almost immediately. The International Settlement here passed through one of the most turbulent periods in its history last year when its Municipal Advocate and Legal Department had to cope with the most intricate and complex questions of law and legal documentation. The Council is most fortunate in being able to retain the services of a British barrister as its secretary and commissioner-general and a lawyer of the calibre of MR. BRYAN as head of its Legal Department.

The Legal Department of the S.M.C. has to cope with more prosecutions in the Chinese and other courts than any other similar body anywhere else. I say this without exaggeration. A cursory inspection of the total number of cases prosecuted each month by the Council will bear out my statement.

Regarding (2) an average foreign lawyer, a partner in any well-established local law firm can easily earn more than $10,000 a month, in salary and profits. Sight is lost in your editorial of the fact that the Municipal Advocate did not cavil or complain when the American dollar was three to one and his income in local dollars was ridiculously inadequate, and anything but commensurate with the se vices rendered. A radio announcer a few days ago also mentioned the salary of MR. BRYAN an I expressed regret that he was not a lawyer. May I suggest with all due appreciation of the many fine qualities of the announcer concerned, that if he had the qualifications of MR. BAYAN, he would earn more than $11,000 Chinese dollars monthly.

Regarding (3) while it is unbusinesslike to pay anyone in foreign currency when your revenue is in local dollars, exception must be made in the case of technical and other experts, and for specialized services.

The question, "Are ratepayers eventually to see every head of department of the Council paid in Sterling or Gold?" is not pertinent since there is not the slightest indication that this is imminent. The question "Why discriminate between department and department?" can be answered by even a schoolboy. Business commonsense dictates the payment of varying salaries for different categories of employment.

It is my humble opinion that the lottery scheme should never have been mooted. Its proponents, including yourself, did not seek the opinion of the Chinese councillors who represent a majority of the residents of the Settlement. They would be vitally affected by this grandiose, get-rich-quick proposal. I am astounded that the idea should have found support in your editorial columns.

In an article which I wrote in April I said *inter alia*:

> A lottery sponsored by the Council would fall within the category of gambling under the Chinese Criminal Code...The fact that this prohibition is not enforced in other sections of this fair city, is no criterion.....The Municipal Council has no legal justification for conducting a lottery as is done in some countries...A lottery conducted by any except a "Governmental" body is gambling within the scope and meaning of law. Only a few years ago a commissioner of police of the Settlement after an exhaustive investigation, reported that gambling was the *Raison d'etre* of crime or the greatest factor in the lawlessness of the City."
>
> "We have not forgotten the hullabaloo raised by the Chinese authorities some years ago, when slim canines raced in the Luna Park and Stadium. They were fleet of foot, but fleeter was the visitation of the frown and ire of the Chinese authorities on the entire business. In the end the courses were barricaded by the Council...Shanghai has been described as a Circe's cavern of laciviousness. It is no model city. Owing to the high cost of living, a majority of its residents have to eke a pitiful livelihood. To most bread-winners every dollar counts. The introduction of a scheme to guile as many unwary dollars as possible from the pocket of the gullible public to swell the coffers of the Council to enable it to balance its next budget is the very height of folly.

Subsequent events and the Council's rejection of the scheme on legal and other grounds, after its lawyers had pondered the matter and given it due deliberation and not cursorily as you suggested, showed that I was right. The Municipal Advocate, I believe, vouchsafed the opinion that the conduct of the lottery was a criminal offence under Chinese law, Messrs. Hansons, the lawyers of the Council advised that it was against British laws and the American District Attorney also stated it was against American laws. It was pointed out by them that the Councillors falling within the jurisdiction of courts enforcing these laws, might find themselves subject to prosecution. In the face of all these, you stated in a later editorial that the scheme should be adopted and that the Council had not given due deliberation to the matter. Surely you do not suggest that all the legal luminaries I have mentioned do not know what they are talking about.

If I may be kindly permitted to say so the foregoing demonstrates that in the instances mentioned (in the case of the Lottery Scheme and the Municipal Advocate's salary), the élite of the local Press have been found so lacking in good judgment and propriety as to make the public look askance at the wisdom of the Olympian oracle known as the Fourth Estate here.

H. M. SILVA.

Shanghai, June 3.

After Mr. Silva's exposition of a "most elementary knowledge of local affairs" the conclusions he bases upon it probably satisfy him if very few others.—ED.

Alley Inspection:
Visit to One Suggested

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

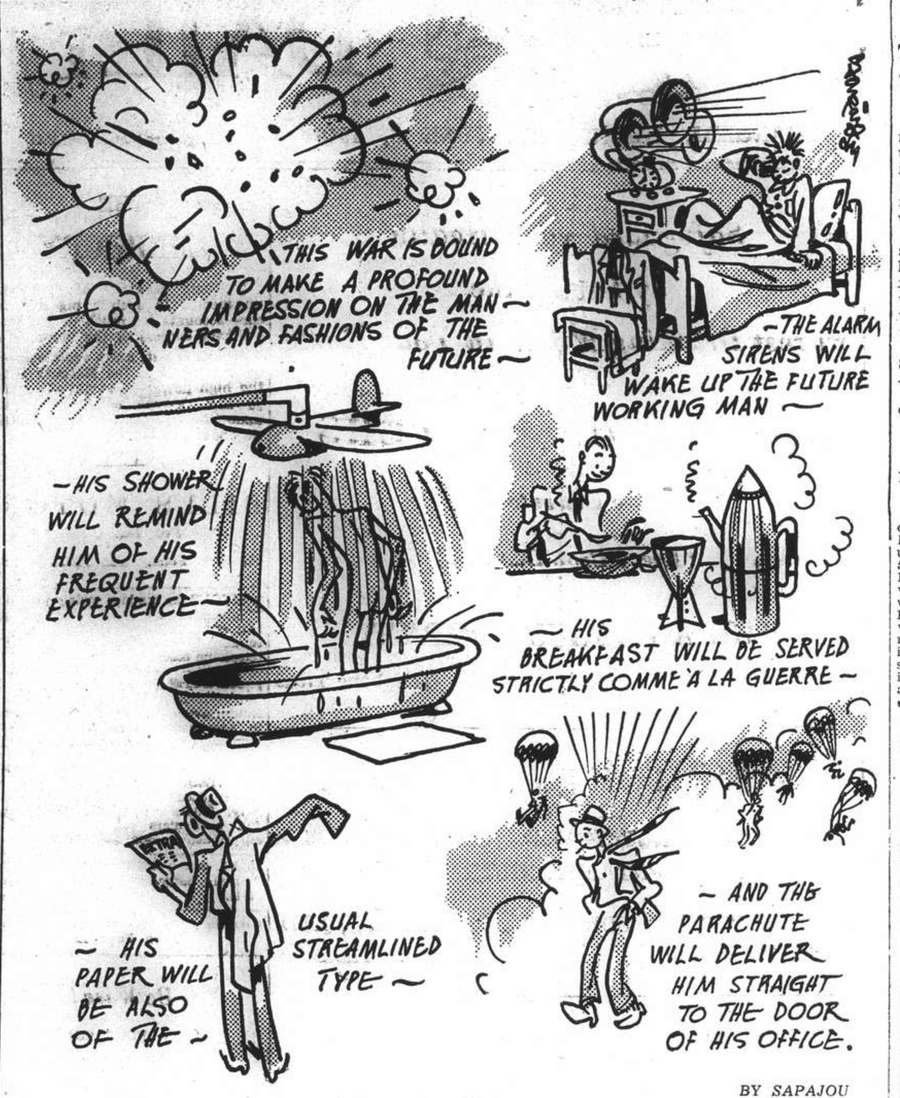
SIR,—I notice that many of the larger alleyways in the French Concession are kept very clean due to the fact that certain plain clothes officials make periodical visits to these lanes with a view of catching offenders who commit nuisances. I understand also that these officials have power to fine culprits.

May I suggest that these officials pay an occasional visit to Lane 1079, Avenue Foch, with a view of cleaning up this lane. Offenders would doubtless be caught every hour of the day and this would mean money for the F.M.C. treasury.

Hope this will catch the eye of the F.M.C.

PASSER-BY.

Shanghai, June 3.


THIS WAR IS BOUND TO MAKE A PROFOUND IMPRESSION ON THE MANNERS AND FASHIONS OF THE FUTURE—
—THE ALARM SIRENS WILL WAKE UP THE FUTURE WORKING MAN —
—HIS SHOWER WILL REMIND HIM OF HIS FREQUENT EXPERIENCE—
—HIS BREAKFAST WILL BE SERVED STRICTLY COMME A LA GUERRE—
— HIS PAPER WILL BE ALSO OF THE— USUAL STREAMLINED TYPE —
— AND THE PARACHUTE WILL DELIVER HIM STRAIGHT TO THE DOOR OF HIS OFFICE.

BY SAPAJOU

Things To Come.

An Injured Dog:
Motor Driver's Complaint

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—On Saturday at about 8.40 a.m., while driving down Route Pichon, near the corner of Avenue Joffre, I noticed a dog ran over by a car which had been removed by someone from the middle of the road and placed near the curb to die. I stopped and took the dog which was bleeding and had his rear legs squashed, put him in my car and brought him to veterinary surgeons, who I expected would have him destroyed.

When I reached my office I received a telephone call from the Doctor, informing me that the dog has to be destroyed and that I was responsible for the charges which are $5 or else remove the dog. To this I replied that I did not run over the dog but only found him on the street and removed him in full view of a Foreign Police Officer of the French Police on duty at the corner of Route Pichon and Avenue Joffre and my statement could be verified if required as I had drawn the attention of the Police Officer to the fact that I had removed the dog. Thereupon I was informed that this is a private hospital and not a charitable institution, and upon my request received the telephone number of the S.S.P.C.A.

The S.S.P.C.A. immediately agreed to take care of the charges and make the necessary arrangements.

I am writing this letter in order that the public judge, whether, a car driver after being involved in an accident, should stop and give assistance to his victim, or is permitted to run away, and whether a doctor has to ask payment before helping anyone in need?

Personally, some time last year I ran over a dog, removed him to the same veterinary surgeons, paid for all the charges and later returned him to the place where I had run him down, he immediately found his house and was overjoyed to get home again. I might expect too much, but I wish the person who ran over this dog would step forward and at least pay the charges to the S.S.P.C.A. for having destroyed this dog.

H. S.

Shanghai, June 3.

Voluntary Taxation:
Another Point of View

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—A correspondent DORSET favours taxing salaries but shows pathetic ignorance when he suggests that those in receipt of $1,000 per month should be taxed 1 per cent.

I plead the case of certain married Britons, who with princely H.C.L. allowances receive a good deal more than the sum stated yet find their lives about as dreary as they can be.

These men live in mortal dread of sickness within their families, as when each month end comes round they have not got a spare dollar after satisfying the gluttonous appetite of profiteering landlords, compradores, etc.

Imagine these men contemplating sending their families for a summer holiday, or what the prospect of home leave would be, on a remuneration, which at present exchange (£15. 12. 6) is about the wage paid to an ordinary railway porter in England who performs the feat of opening and shutting railway carriage doors.

It is to be hoped that any other financial wizards, with comfortable incomes, will bear the above in mind should they feel like entering the arena with suggestions which are not only unjust but incapable of being put into effect without adding to the hardships already being endured.

WHERE ANGELS FEAR TO TREAD.

Shanghai, June 4.

Rent Racket:
Tenant's Unkind Thought

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Having received a further notice from my landlord, advising the rent will again be increased, making it 150 per cent. higher than in 1937, I had decided that his staff must be well off in allowances towards H.C.L.

One realizes what a tremendous squeeze all the rent racket is, when his collecting Shroff receives the fabulous wage of $30 per month. It will not take two guesses to mention where my landlord originated, or where he should be now.

CENTIPEDE.

Shanghai, June 4.

***Several letters have been held over owing to pressure on space.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS," OF JUNE 5, 1870

We are sorry to see that the spark of energy shown by the old P. & O. has collapsed as suddenly as it sprung up. The Sunda is not to go to Hankow after all, but subsides quietly back to Hongkong, leaving to younger and more vigorous competitors the trade, for which the wealth and appliances of the P. & O. should enable it to compete with preponderating advantage. What makes the collapse more inexplicable, is, that a large quantity of freight is said to have been kept for the Sunda, in Hankow, on the strength of the advertisement.

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IN CARGO SALESROOM

On Thursday, June 6, 1940, at 2.30 p.m.

(Summer Time)

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Gloria Hair Grips, Eau De Cologne, Baby Pacifiero, Citrus Salt, Levy's Lemon Juice, Platform scale, "Universal" Bath Tub (Damaged), "Sibley" W.C. Bowl (Damaged), **Firing and Coal Shovels,** Gramophone Sound Boxes, Wrapping Paper, Chalk, Marble Slabs, Tiles Glass Bottles, **Motor-car Tyres** and Radiator, Ceiling Fans, Motor-boat Propeller, Shafts, Large Old Sail, Paddles, Oars, Folding Anchor, Life Buoys, Iron Rudder, Stearing Wheel, Spring Seats, Samovar, Top Hat, Straw Slippers, Radio Tubes, Drinking Straw, Drilling Machine, Vice, Pipe Cutter, Thermometers, Glass Cutters, Tin Openers, Razors, Fountain Pens, Lipsticks, Perfume, Toy Bears and Dogs, Paper Clips, Purses, Birthday Cards, Heads, Sun Glasses, Torch Lighters, Sport Straps, "Oliver" Typewriters, desk fans, photograph stands and lamps, pictures, pumps, lifting jack, etc.,

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12.00-1.00 Light music
1.00-1.15 News in French
1.15-2.00 Light music
4.30-5.30 Light music
5.30-5.50 Chinese lesson for foreigners
5.50-6.10 French lesson for Chinese students
6.10-6.15 Chinese music
6.15-6.30 News in Shanghai dialect
6.30-6.35 Chinese music
6.35-6.50 News in Mandarin
6.50-7.00 Music by German composers
7.00-7.15 News in German
7.15-7.30 Music by German composers
7.30-7.30 Music by Russian composers
7.30-7.45 News in Russian
7.45-7.50 Music by Russian composers
7.50-8.00 Light music
8.00-8.15 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière
8.15-8.30 Light music
8.30-8.45 News in French
8.45-9.00 Light music
9.00-9.30 News in English
10.00-11.00 Concert:—

The Troubadour Opera by Verdi

10.30 News in French and English
11.00 News in English
11.15 News in French
11.30-12.00 Light music

TO-NIGHT

7.30 Broadcast in Russian. France as seen by Dr. Ewald Banse.
8.00 Causerie by Mme Claude Rivière. France as seen by Dr. Ewald Banse.
9.30 Broadcast in English. His Excellency Dr. Labré e Lima, Minister for Portugal, will speak on THE 800th ANNIVERSARY OF PORTUGAL.

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WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5

7.30 Operatic Music
8.30 News Bulletin
9.00 A relay of a cricket match from Monkesbury Parva.

THURSDAY, JUNE 6

7.45 Bryan Lewis talking on "This and That."
8.30 News Bulletin
9.00 A Miscellaneous Programme

FRIDAY, JUNE 7

7.30 A Programme of Vocal Music
8.30 News Bulletin
9.60 "My Part of the World," a talk.
9.30 Symphony Concert including the Emperor Concerto by Beethoven.

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遺憾

青春果不再來否？

吾人所以愛青春之年者，以其有強健之體魄與飽滿之精神也。雖然青春不常有，而強健之體格可以常有，欲保持此強健之體與改造成健全之體格，首推若素蓋若素含有多量維他命阿米諾酸加爾西母，可以防止疲勞，保持青春。

若素

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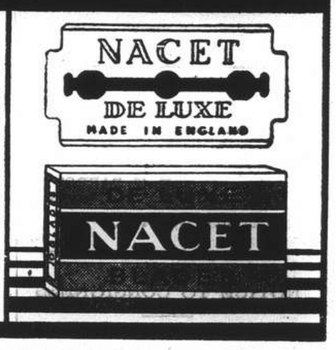

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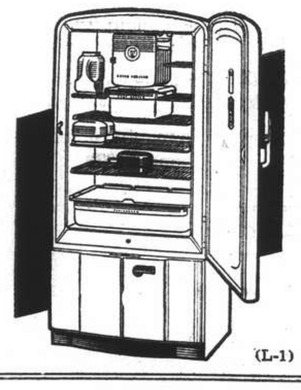

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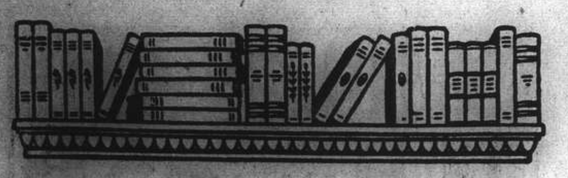

THE BOOK PAGE

Through Artists' Eyes

NATURE IN CHINESE ART An Inclusive Study of the Manifestations of Nature in the Art and Art-craft of China. By Arthur de Carle Sowerby, F.R.G.S., F.Z.S., President of the Royal Asiatic Society, North China Branch, and Hon. Director of the Shanghai Museum (R.A.S.). With two Appendixes on the Shang Photographs by Harry E. Gibson, Hon. Keeper of Archaeology in the Shanghai Museum. John Day, New York. U.S.$3.75 Ch.$75.

Arthur de Carle Sowerby's reputation as an authority on Asiatic fauna and its connections with Chinese art is so well recognized both in the Far East and abroad that it is scarcely necessary to introduce him. An explorer, a hunter, as well as a scholar, Mr. de Carle Sowerby is one of the few foreigners who, in the course of a busy life, has devoted his energies to the scientific study of his environment. His writings are standard works and his knowledge of Chinese zoology is unchallenged. He is one of those who are a credit to Western civilization in China.

His recent book, "Nature in Chinese Art", is a valuable contribution to the knowledge not only of Chinese zoology, but above all of the bearing of the animal kingdom on Chinese art throughout the ages. Other studies of the same type, purporting to investigate the connections of this fascinating art of the past with the animal kingdom have already been attempted, especially "Les Animaux dans l'Art Chinois" by M. d'Ardenne de Tizac. The present valuable contribution to the realm of books is one that no one the slightest interested in China, its history and its conception of art, should ignore.

Rich and Delightful

Mr. Sowerby reviews with masterly lucidity the various sections of the animal and even mineral kingdoms as depicted in painting and in sculpture since the most remote times. Simultaneously, and this constitutes the special interest of the book, the reader reaps information of a scientific nature on the animals, birds, fish and so on portrayed as I have said. The author insists on the fact that it is only recently that archaic Chinese art has become known to the West.

The many excavations made since the end of the last century up to the present day, the building of railways and the like, have been instrumental in bringing to light a great number of tombs, often containing admirable examples of rich and delightful artistry. The earliest are bronzes and jade dating back several centuries before the Christian era.

Faithful Watch-Dog

It is known that, like many other peoples and even in accordance with present day custom, the Chinese were in the habit of burying along with their ancestors objects representing familiar things associated with the deceased during their lives. Thus we again recognize that faithful watch-dog, sometimes wearing a collar, like the strange petrified dog of Pompeii in its matrix of stone and round its neck a collar with a bell.

The elephants and two-horned rhinoceroses, which were probably as common 30 centuries ago in Central Asia as they now are in certain parts of Africa, the often magnificently built horses of the Han and Tang periods, the useful camel, so common in northern China and Mongolia, the buffalo, still a part and parcel of peasant families throughout China, in short all types of animals, have been represented through the ages until comparatively recent times, chiefly through the medium of carved stone, pottery and painting. The depicting of flora and fauna, of mountains and waterfalls too, develops from the Ming period on.

Camera's Evidence

The wealth of splendidly clear photographic reproductions used to illustrate this remarkable book often attains great beauty. Mr. Sowerby, it should be noticed, has confronted paintings of waterfalls spouting among rocks, or of cloud-capped mountains, with actual photographs of landscapes and mountains. This enables one to form an idea of the attitude of Chinese artists with which they had evoked the frequently majestic scenery of their country.

The first part of Mr. Sowerby's work deals with animals in general. In the course of this study the author reminds us of the zoological connections of the various animals as well as relating the general ideas the Chinese had of certain zoological types. Thus the hare, although for some unknown reason the emblem of the moon, is also that of cowardice. The latter analogy is indeed common the world over. We are told that the rabbit and the hare are not native animals, but must have come in possibly from Mongolia or even from the Occident. Rhinoceros horn, like deer horn, was thought to possess certain medicinal properties, and even now at the Chinese medicine shops rhinoceros horns are found, probably imported from Africa. This horn used to be carved, often exquisitely, in the form of a cup.

Jade Cicadas

As I have already said, models of domestic animals in stone, pottery, bronze or jade were buried with the deceased; there were also human figures, dancers or warriors, allegorical creations, and various musical instruments, the last chiefly in bronze. All these are extremely valuable in reconstructing Chinese life over bygone centuries.

The author then proceeds with the study of the part played by "reptiles, fish and invertebrates" through the ages and their contact with the different branches of Chinese art. He tells us how in some tombs have been found jade models of cicadas, which it was customary to put in the mouths of the dead. Chinese painters from the earliest times took pleasure and exercised the most delicate taste in painting and drawing various insects, such as dragon-flies, grasshoppers and the like.

Valuable Acquisition

In another direction, the crab, much relished in Chinese cooking, also affords a theme for some of the finest drawing and carving over a period of many centuries. Fish, and more especially the common carp, both in China and in Japan, are marked favourites for painters and sketchers. Those shown in Mr. Sowerby's book are exceptionally graceful.

The last part of the work is devoted to the flora, as well as to the mountain and landscape subjects previously mentioned. Two lovely colour plates enhance this admirable study, "Nature in Chinese Art," as well as very numerous photographic reproductions which make the work a valuable acquisition that any book-lover must add to his collection.—R.d'A.

A Wide Field

THE AGELESS MYSTERIES By Faith Hart. Rider, London. 4/6.

This book covers a wide field, as may be seen from some of the chapter headings: Spiritual Sight, Karma, Intuition, the Law of Reincarnation, the Astrological Path, the Necessity for Health. The material which forms the foundation for Miss Hart's beliefs is taken from many sources. Quotations are given from the Old and New Testaments and from the books of Esdras and Wisdom, but the reviewer would wish for more definite information regarding the sources for the various views presented, especially for the so-called ancient wisdom.

Part of Colour

In the chapter which deals with the soul there is a very interesting section on the soul-body aura, which is followed by a discussion of the laws of colour and the part which colour plays in influencing the mind and growth of the soul.

The publishers describe this book as a guide to the earlier stages of occultism. The author claims that the book shows how the ancient wisdom runs parallel with modern science. The reviewer finds it somewhat difficult to distinguish the authority for either the ancient wisdom or the modern science.—F M.R.

New Fiction

Harry Stephen Keeler is back once again with his semi-annual puzzle. **"The Crimson Box"** (Ward Lock, London, Colonial Edition, 3/6), is his latest box of tricks, but if any local reader can make head or tail of it, let him step round and tell this reviewer what it's all about. The yarn—it's supposed to be a thriller—is so involved and so impossible, with the far-too-many characters making the most idiotic blunders, while the narrative is something akin to a cat jumping around on hot bricks, that it is most remarkable that the book was ever finished. And what a finish! The reader even then does not know what has transpired. Avoid it if you can.—F.A.P.

Mr. H. B. Gregory, whose new book **"Dark Sanctuary"** (Rider, London. 8/3) has just been received, does not believe in half-measures. The book is an occult thriller, a real whole-hogger, with no nonsense about probability. The Lovell family, which inhabits a gloomy abbey on an island off the bleak Cornish coast, is cursed with an elemental monster who lives in a secret cavern underneath their vault and who emits occasional blasts of corruption. This monster was originally caught by Merlin, the famous wizard of King Arthur's time, through an aperture in the veil of Outer Darkness. Two fiends, a Satanist and an unfrocked Catholic priest, plan to set him loose on the world and inaugurate a reign of chaos the like of which has never been seen. But they are frustrated by the last of the Lovells, his friend Hamilton, and the local vicar. As an occult thriller it is just the thing to read before going to bed. It is a fine nightmare inducer. Forget its absurdity and enjoy it.—R.S.

Claud Rister's **"Canyon of the Damned"** (Ward Lock, London. Colonial Edition 3/6), better than the average Western, with its splendid action, the usual quick-on-the-trigger hero and interesting plot structure, comes to a tame climax. After the principal player, Hardin Burrell, has cleared his name and exposed the identity of the Big Un (four men having been indicated as possible candidates for the role), the American cavalry swoops into the valley to establish law and order on a firm basis. Mr. Rister, in view of his previous successes, such as "Gunsmoke McGonigle," for instance, should have done much better in thinking out a satisfactory conclusion. Hardin Burrell, forced from his dead parents' ranch, after having been falsely accused of having been associated with two brothers (also falsely accused) of having committed a crime, comes back to clear his name. His boyhood chum and his sweetheart—as he thinks—turn upon him and he in turn is accused of another crime, a foul murder. Entering the canyon, he eventually re-establishes himself, proves his innocence and finds true love.—F.L.T.

Books Received

The Rhythm of Living Sir A. R. Banerji (Rider, London. 3/6) **Hitler Psycho-Analysed** C. de Coti (Rider, London. 6d) **The Rhythm of the Ages** A. W. Grabau (Vetch, Peiping. $30) **Nightmares Must End** H. Tiltman (Jarrolds, London. 12/6) **Asian Odyssey** D. Alioshin (Holt, New York. U.S.$3) **Failure of a Mission** Sir N. Henderson (Hodder & Stoughton, London. 7/6) **Inner Asian Frontiers of China** O. Lattimore (American Geographical Society, New York) **New Zealand Official Year Book 1940** (Census and Statistics Department of the Dominion of New Zealand, Wellington. 7/6) **A History of Chinese Civilization** E. T. C. Werner (Shanghai Times, Shanghai.)

Fiction

Brother Spy T. C. H. Jacobs (Stanley Paul, London. 8/3) **That Mario** L. H. Crockett (Holt, New York. U.S.$1.50) **Death on the Boat-Train** J. Rhode (Collins, London.) **Sons and Fathers** M. Hindus (Collins, London. 8/3) **You'd Be Surprised** P. Cheyney (Collins, London. 8/3) **Sad Cyprus** A. Christie (Collins, London. 8/3).

If you have scratched your enemy, do not consider yourself safe. When from your hand the heart of another hath suffered injury, expect not to be free from affliction thyself.—THE GULISTAN OF SADI.

Vinson Bill Passed By U.S. Senate

Calls for Expenditure of $700,000,000 on Increase Of Nation's Naval Power

Washington, June 4.

The Senate yesterday passed the Vinson Navy Bill which authorizes an 11 per cent. increase in the fighting strength of the United States Navy.

The bill calls for the expenditure of approximately $700,000,000. It is not part of President Roosevelt's $5,000,000,000 special rearmament programme but the regular annual naval construction bill.

The bill was sent back to the House of Representatives yesterday for concurrence on amendments made by the Senate. The Senate approved the bill yesterday without a word of debate and without a record vote.

The bill will increase the Navy's under-age fighting craft tonnage by 167,000 tons, of which 79,500 tons will be for aircraft carriers, 66,500 tons for cruisers and 21,000 tons for submarines.

The Navy Air Force will be increased to not less than 4,500 planes under the provisions of the bill. Funds for not less than 12 non-rigid lighter-than-air craft also are provided.

The Navy's tonnage of auxilliary craft also will be increased by 75,000 tons under the provisions of the bill. The Navy is authorized by the bill to equip the Portsmouth, Philadelphia and Norfolk navy yards to handle the increase in naval building. —United Press.

French Women Pilots Flying for France

Help in Delivering of Planes from Factories

Paris, June 4.

France's leading feminine pilots today appeared in the list of the newly created "Women Auxiliary Pilots," whose work will consist of flying new planes from factories to air bases, thus liberating men pilots for active war duty.

These women are to have the rank and pay of aviation lieutenants. First and foremost on the list is Mlle. Maryse Hilz, heroine of many a long-distance record bid in the late 1930's. Her outstanding feat was the historic Paris to Saigon flight in December, 1937, in 92 hours 36 minutes. She also established a feminine altitude record of 14,310 metres in 1936.

Another outstanding woman pilot in the new organization is Mlle. Mayrse Bastie, known for her trans-Atlantic crossing and many other epic flights.—United Press.

American Stowaways Found at Hongkong

Radio Singer and Script Writer from Hollywood

Hongkong, June 4.

Police here yesterday arrested two American stowaways aboard the liner President Cleveland, which arrived here yesterday morning from Manila. The stowaways were Miss Paula Grace Richards, 22 years of age, and Mr. Edwin Valentine Williams, 32, both of Los Angeles, California. They were held on US$100 bail.

Miss Richards, formerly known as Paula Page, was a radio singer, and Mr. Williams was a Hollywood script writer.—United Press.

Movements of Aliens Again Restricted

Regulations Tightened In Britain

London, June 4.

More restrictions on the movements of aliens are imposed by an announcement of the Home Secretary, Sir John Anderson, that further large areas have been declared "protected."

Aliens are prohibited from entering or remaining in these areas without written permission and are not allowed to carry or use photographic apparatus, telescopes, field-glasses or nautical charts.

Most English counties and parts of Wales and North Scotland are now included in protected areas.—Reuter.

Holy Land Blacked Out

Jerusalem, June 4.

The first country-wide black-out in the history of the Holy Land was enforced here from 9 o'clock on Sunday night to 4 o'clock yesterday morning. The black-out was ordered with the intensification of fears of the imminent entry of Italy into the war.—United Press.

Bribery Inquiry in Burma Ends

Corruption in All Branches Of Government Studied

Rangoon, June 4.

The Bribery and Corruption Inquiry Committee has completed its work and submitted its reports to the Government.

The general scope of the Committee's inquiries extended to corruption or alleged corruption in all the public services including clerical and menial establishments, but excluding services under the charge of the Governor, services in the Railway and Customs Departments and services under the control of local self-governing bodies.

Mr. B. W. Swithinbank, I.C.S., former Commissioner of the Pegu Division, is the chairman of the Committee, which includes two Senators and two members of the House of Representatives.—Reuter.

Move to Stop Transfer Of American Territory

Bill Introduced in Both Houses of Congress

Washington, June 3.

Mr. Sol Bloom, chairman of the House of Representatives' Foreign Affairs Committee, has introduced into Congress a bill declaring that the United States would not "recognize or acquiesce" in the transfer of any portion of the western hemisphere from one non-American power to another non-American power.

Mr. Bloom said the bill had the approval of the State Department.

A similar measure is being introduced into the Senate by Senator Key Pittman, chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.—Reuter.

U.S. Troops Not Going To Protect S. America

Washington, June 3.

Chief of Staff General Marshall categorically denied today that the U.S. Army is preparing to send soldiers to South America to help the local authorities quell any eventual Nazi outbreaks. Reports of such preparations found wide circulation in the press. "Troop movements now in progress," General Marshall declared, "are only those of units returning to their stations from their recent manœuvres."—Havas.

King Haakon Reported Seriously Ill

Stockholm, June 4.

King Haakon of Norway was reported seriously ill yesterday by the "Stockholm Allehanda." The Norwegian Legation here could neither confirm nor deny the report last night.—United Press.

General Motors Strike Threatened

Washington, June 4.

The United States Government yesterday intervened to prevent a threatened shut-down of the General Motors plants which may soon play a key role in the nation's preparedness programme.

The director of the Federal Conciliation Service, Mr. John R. Stelman, conferred with the Congress of Industrial Organizations faction of the Automotive Workers Union of America yesterday. Later he said he would announce a mediator today in the dispute between the union and the corporation.

The union is demanding a ten per cent. increase in salary and a new procedure for handling grievances.—United Press.

Motor Magnates in U.S. Meet Administration

Washington, June 4.

Mr. Henry Morgenthau, Secretary of the Treasury, revealed last night that a series of conferences will be held here between Government officials and representatives of large motor manfacturing concerns on the question of "the practicability of mass production of aeroplane engines in existing motorcar factories."

Firms to be represented will include: Ford, Chrysler, General Motors, Packard, and Studebaker.—Reuter.

Mr. Roosevelt Trying to Cut General Expenses

Washington, June 4.

President Roosevelt yesterday began drastic cuts designed to reduce general government expenditures by 10 per cent. The President hoped to augment the national defence fund by the reduction of government expenditures, according to Mr. Stephen Early, the spokesman for the White House. —United Press.

U.S. Expand Civilian Air Training

Washington, June 4.

The civil aeronautics authority announces that it will immediately expand the primary civilian training programme to provide 45,000 new pilots by July 1, 1941.

These pilots, it is stated, will form a reservoir of prospective fighting pilots.—Reuter.

New York Governor Calls Up Guardsmen

Albany, June 4.

The Governor of New York, Mr. Herbert H. Lehman, yesterday ordered 500 National Guardsmen to active duty to protect armouries, arsenals and other Government property. The order was the result of reports of increased "fifth column" activity throughout the United States.—United Press.

"Sixth Column" for U.S. Proposed by Governor

To Be Composed of Loyal Americans

Duluth, June 4.

To combat war hysteria and strengthen the nation's defences, Governor Lloyd C. Stark, of Missouri, today suggested that a national conference be called to support the formation of a "sixth column" in the United States.

Governor Stark reminded the nation's Governors and commanders of National Guard organizations throughout the United States that they were responsible for molding public opinion and co-operating in the development of "impregnable national defences."

A "sixth column," Governor Stark said, would be composed of "all loyal citizens, who, while not uniformed, would consider themselves patriots. They would think and talk discreetly and clearly and would hold firm against the forces of alarm and hysteria."—United Press.

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THE SPORTS PAGE

New York Yankees Win Fifth Game in Succession

Browns Trounced 7-1; Joe Gordon Homers and DiMaggio Triples with Two Men Aboard

New York, June 3.

THE New York Yankees won their fifth straight game today to continue their drive upward, closer to the leaders. The victims were against the St. Louis Browns, with the score 7-1 in favour of the Yanks. The Browns took an early lead when Clint homered in the second, but this was wiped out when Joe Gordon homered in the fourth and Joe DiMaggio tripled with two on in the seventh. Roy Mack's homer in the fourth led the Cleveland Indians to a 4-0 victory over the Philadelphia Athletics. It was the first shout-out of the year for the Athletics.

The Chicago White Sox defeated the Boston Red Sox, 7-4, paced by three hits each from the bats of Luke Appling and Taft Wright, while in the final game a home run by Walker and another by Bloodworth with two aboard enabled the Washington Senators to rout the Detroit Tigers, 9-3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago	7	10	0
Boston	4	14	4
Batteries: Dietrich, Brown and Tresh; Ostermueller, Wagner, Bagby and Peacock.			
St. Louis	1	5	2
New York	7	8	1
Batteries: Niggeling, Trotter and Susce, Swift; Donald and Dickey.			
Cleveland	4	8	0
Philadelphia	0	7	2
Batteries: Milnar and Hemsley; Dean and Hayes.			
Detroit	3	10	3
Washington	9	12	0
Batteries: Gorsica, Nelson and Sullivan; Leonard and Ferrell.			

NATIONAL LEAGUE

New York	4	10	0
Pittsburgh	3	8	2
Batteries: Lohrman and Danning; Butcher, Sewell, MacFayden and Davis.			
Boston	2	8	1
Cincinnati	3	5	1
Batteries: Sullivan, Fette and Lopez; Derringer and Lombardi.			
Brooklyn	3	11	0
Chicago	2	5	1
Batteries: Casey and Phelps; Passeau, Root and Todd.			
Philadelphia-St. Louis not scheduled.			

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	24	13	.649
Cleveland	25	15	.625
Detroit	22	16	.579
New York	21	18	.538
Chicago	18	23	.439
Washington	17	24	.415
Philadelphia	15	25	.395
St. Louis	14	25	.359

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Cincinnati	28	11	.71
Brooklyn	24	11	.686
New York	21	13	.618
Chicago	19	22	.463
Philadelphia	14	18	.438
St. Louis	14	22	.389
Boston	12	21	.36
Pittsburgh	10	23	.303

—United Press.

Draws for Bowls Championships

Play Beginning This Month For Singles, Pairs, Rinks Titles of Association

According to an announcement made yesterday by the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Association, the draw for the Singles, Pairs and Rinks championships have been made and are as follows.

Singles Championship

Byes, 2nd Round:—A. Marshall.
First Round:—W. Hall *v.* C. C. Young, E. E. Wallwork *v.* A. M. Collaco, P. A. da Costa *v.* D. Macfarlane, J. M. Britto *v.* O. Edgren, A. McLean *v.* J. North, R. Conduit *v.* J. R. Main, E. E. Harmer *v.* J. Bradley, C. Richards *v.* C. M. Sequeira, A. Harvey *v.* W. Chisholm, G. B. Stormes *v.* J. P. de Campos, P. Shaw *v.* C. A. Pereira, E. C. Pereira *v.* A. E. Collins, B. F. Marques *v.* E. Gifford, C. J. Bull *v.* L. F. Lopes, R. M. Jordan *v.* A. M. Souza, A. D. Denton *v.* S. S. Wilkinson, F. Machado *v.* F. X. Gutierrez, J. T. Shields *v.* F. S. Ward, A. C. Sequeira *v.* A. S. Russell, A. R. Eisenhut *v.* W. T. Manley, T. G. d'Almeida *v.* K. L. Swartzell, J. Kearns *v.* S. del Rivero, L. J. Hughes *v.* D. McCallum, E. Jacobs *v.* J. W. Brierley, H. Booth *v.* B. M. Broomhall, J. M. C. Lopes *v.* A. M. Gutierrez, W. H. Biggs *v.* R. C. Aitkenhead, A. H. Corveth *v.* J. P. Stalker, J. A. da Rocha *v.* R. Macfarlane, J. Campbell *v.* R. Thomson.
Byes, 2nd Round:—L. Barrera.
First Round to be played by June 26 and the second Round by July 10. All matches to be played on neutral greens or on a green mutually agreed upon by the competitors.

Pairs Championship

Byes, 2nd Round:—J. Bradley and G. H. Craik.
First Round:—A. M. Buchanan and L. A. Greenhalgh *v.* A. H. Corveth and E. C. J. Pereira, C. R. Clements and T. G. d'Almeida *v.* G. V. Jensen and W. T. Manley, E. Markland and J. Shute *v.* A. M. Gutierrez and A. Portaria, A. M. Souza and F. M. F. Gutierrez *v.* E. A. Souza and C. L. Passos, W. A. Watson and T. Barry *v.* D. MacCallum and J. Kearns, C. Richards and A. S. Russell *v.* T. S. Parry and E. R. Harmer, A. E. Collins and J. A. Rocha *v.* S. S. Wilkinson and J. Campbell, J. K. Scobie and F. McLennan *v.* W. G. Crokam and F. S. Collett, E. Owen and J. A. Brown *v.* F. X. Gutierrez and J. M. B. Gutierrez, R. Conduit and S. Craig *v.* M. Crowther and R. C. Martin, P. Shaw and H. R. Hill *v.* A. Evans and S. J. Herrett, C. J. Bull and A. Hogg *v.* R. C. Aitkenhead and A. Sharp, A. C. Sequeira and O. Edgren *v.* H. Booth and W. Butterworth, H. Ralph and M. Benton *v.* M. Hendry and F. F. Bateman, J. Bowie and L. Bell *v.* C. W. Porter and I. A. Beith, J. Sepe and L. F. Lopes *v.* G. N. Manley and F. O. Madar, R. Macfarlane and D. Macfarlane *v.* W. R. Chisholm and W. Grant, H. S. Remedios and A. M. Collaco *v.* J. W. Sanbrook and E. Trodd, W. Train and J. J. Evans *v.* J. Ball and W. Horne, H. McMahon and R. Matheson *v.* A. D. Denton and J. J. Gaffney, J. P. de Campos and S. del Rivero *v.* H. Molley and R. Slight, W. J. Monk and W. J. Ward *v.* W. Hall and E. A. Cooke, C. M. Sequeira and A. A. d'Assis *v.* R. Thomson and K. L. Swartzell, E. E. Wallwork and A. T. Barrett *v.* W. Pike and V. Mason, R. M. Jordan and J. North *v.* A. McGregor and F. S. Ward, A. R. Eisenhut and J. P. Stalker *v.* G. J. Pryde and J. C. Crighton, W. A. Turnbull and A. Harvey *v.* A. McLean and H. Finnigan, G. B. Stormes and J. R. Main *v.* J. Munro and B. M. Broomhall, J. M. C. Lopes and L. R. Barrera *v.* D. A. Cummings and T. J. Marks, G. Madar and S. V. Heley *v.* H. Ozorio and F. M. Machado.
Byes, 2nd Round:—W. G. Francis and E. A. Roberts.
First Round to be played on or before June 16th, Second Round on or before June 30. Neutral Green or on a green mutually agreed upon.

Rinks Championship

First Round: C. R. Clements, G. Madar, L. Almeida and T. G. d'Almeida *v.* R. M. Jordan, J. O. Drysdale, J. North and H. Booth.
Second Round: A. Marshall, A. McLean, R. Matheson and J. Campbell *v.* winners of first round. H. A. Ozorio, F. Machado, B. F. Marques and J. M. Gutierrez *v.* F. Drakeford, J. K. Scobie, S. S. Mills and F. McLennan; C. M. Keenan, W. Simpson, E. A. Roberts and A. Campbell *v.* T. S. Parry, E. R. Harmer, J. J. Evans and B. H. M. Broomhall; L. Bell, J. Bowie, T. J. Marks and W. Pike *v.* W. A. Turnbull, J. Munro, A. Harvey and A. S. Russell; T. W. Murray, T. J. Aldeguer, J. R. Macdonald and F. C. Kermani *v.* E. Markland, J. Shute, F. J. Corish and J. W. Sanbrook; S. S. Wilkinson, W. R. Chisholm, H. McMahon and W. C. Grant *v.* W. J. Ward, W. J. Monk, F. S. Ward and L. J. Hughes; C. M. Sequeira, C. A. Silva, J. J. Souza and A. A. d'Assis *v.* G. V. Jensen, W. Hall, L. Barrera and A. N. Other; G. B. Stormes, C. Thompson, B. A. Shirazee and J. R. Main *v.* A. M. Souza, A. F. Gomes, O. Edgren and F. M. F. Gutierrez; A. McGregor, W. Train, R. Macfarlane and D. Macfarlane *v.* R. C. Aitkenhead, A. Sharp, W. G. Francis and M. McVicar; A. M. Gutierrez, A. Portaria, E. C. J. Pereira and A. H. Corveth *v.* C. A. Pereira, A. P. Roza, J. A. Rocha and C. G. Silva; C. W. Porter, I. A. Beith, L. J. Davies and M. Hendry *v.* E. Owen, A. R. Eisenhut, J. A. Brown and J. P. Stalker; C. Richards, C. Pratt, A. A. Chalmers and F. Young *v.* J. J. Gaffney, A. D. Benton, H. Molloy and R. Slight; A. D. Denton, K. L. Swartzell, H. R. Hill and P. Shaw *v.* E. A. Souza, L. F. Lopes, J. Sepe and M. R. Pereira; G. Pryde, J. Crightin, D. Cummings and V. Mason *v.* P. S. Barradas, A. J. Maitland, S. A. Collaco and C. A. Gonsalves; R. Conduit, J. Bradley, S. Craig and J. B. Williams *v.* G. N. Manley, F. O. Madar, J. M. C. Lopes and W. T. Manley; J. P. de Campos, S. del Rivero, C. L. Passos and A. C. Sequeira *v.* winner of first rouhd.
First Round:—J. M. B. Gutierrez, A. S. Braga, J. M. d'Rozario and F. X. Gutierrez *v.* A. Hogg, W. J. MacDermott, M. L. Crowther and R. C. Martin.
First Round to be played on or before June 22, Second Round to be played on or before July 6, Neutral Greens or on a green to be mutually agreed upon.

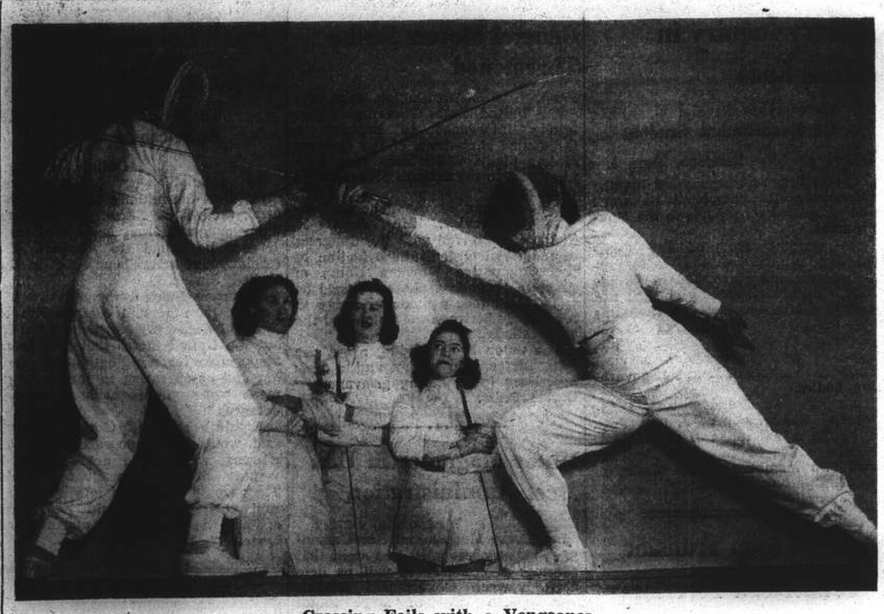
Derby to Be Run At Newmarket

London, June 3.

The Derby and the Oaks definitely will be run at Newmarket on June 12 and 13, it is announced. The Derby meeting at Newbury has been abandoned. All entries and bets remain unaffected.—Reuter.

Hungjao Golf Club

Applications for starting-times on Monday (Dragon Boat Festival) must reach the secretary by 9 a.m. tomorrow.



Crossing Foils with a Vengeance

Proud of their selection as members of the New York University team that will compete with fencers of seven other colleges in the 11th annual championship tournament of the intercollegiate women's fencing association, Ethel Itskowitz (right) and Ruth Barcan cross foils in preparation.

R.A.S.C. Beat Police Team

Sadler Takes Five Wickets for Seventeen Runs In Match Won by Eighteen Only

IN a low scoring game on the Police matting wicket at the Race Course yesterday, the Royal Army Service Corps defeated a Police XI by the narrow margin of 18 runs. The soldiers, batting first, scored 92 and then retired their opponents for 74. Outstanding of the day's performers was Sadler, the well-known Shaforce all-rounder, who sent down no less than twelve overs when the lawmen were batting for only 17 runs. He captured five wickets and was bowling really well. Abbott, generally considered a better bowler than a bat, scored a very clever 28 before he was sent back.

The R.A.S.C. took first knock and 22 were on the board before Abbott disposed of French by the obstruction route. Weir and Hamlen took the total to 36 before the former was disposed of by the same bowler. Curry did not stay long while Hamlen provided Abbott with his third victim at 47. The outgoing bat scored 23 in good time and played attractive cricket during his inning. A minor collapse then set in and was not stemmed until the arrival of Lucas, who hitting out strongly in Farmer Brown fashion, was able to boost the total to 92 before his last partner. Lucas carried his bat for a valuable 17.

The Police, with plenty of time at their disposal, began very slowly, but Bader was sent back at 16. Baldock and Peasgood then advanced the score to 29 before Sadler bowled Baldock with a good ball. The same bowler upset Peasgood's wicket at 48, while one run later Woodley was neatly stumped for a duck. None of the remainder of the side was able to effectively resist the attack with the exception of Abbott, who scored 28 out of 41 recorded during his stay at the crease. He was finally snapped up behind the sticks at 70 after a good knock.

R. A. S. C.

Sgt. Hamlen, c. Peasgood, b. Abbott	23
Sgt. French, l.b.w., b. Abbott	8
Sgt. Weir, c. and b. Abbott	8
Driver Curry, b. Woodley	1
Sgt. Jones, c. Boody, b. Baldock	13
S/Sgt. Sadler, c. Peasgood, b. Baldock	5
L/Cpl. Cook, c. Peasgood, b. Woodley	2
Lieut. Crew, b. Woodley	4
S/Sgt. Henderson, c. Darvill, b. Woodley	0
Pte. Lucas, not out	17
Cpl. Cook, c. and b. Richardson	0
Extras	11
Total	92

Fall of Wickets:—1-22 (French), 2-27 (Weir), 3-45 (Curry), 4-47 (Hamlen), 5-68 (Jones), 6-69 (Sadler), 7-74 (Crew), 8-75 (Cook), 9-91 (Henderson), 10-92 (Cook).

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Peasgood	5	2	12	0
Abbott	6	0	26	3
Woodley	5	1	14	4
Baldock	2	0	12	2
Richardson	2	0	17	1

Police C. C.

F. Peasgood, b. Sadler	14
F. W. Bader, l.b.w., b. Jones	7
W. H. Baldock, b. Sadler	3
A. C. P. Abbott, c. Hamlen, b. French	23
F. C. Woodley, st. Hamlen, b. French	0
B. B. Boddy, b. French	5
T. H. Darvill, b. Sadler	1
W. H. Richardson, b. Sadler	2
A. E. Kyte, c. Hamlen, b. Sadler	2
T. Morrell, not out	1
W. Brand, b. French	0
Extras	5
Total	74

Fall of Wickets:—1-16 (Bader), 2-23 (Baldock), 3-48 (Peasgood), 4-49 (Woodley), 5-59 (Boddy), 6-62 (Darvill), 7-70 (Abbott), 8-70 (Richardson), 9-73 (Kyte), 10-74 (Brand).

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Sadler	12	4	17	5
Jones	5	0	30	1
French	6.1	0	22	4

England Will Meet China Saturday

International Mini-Soccer Final to Be Preceded by Exhibition Match

The final mini-soccer games will be played off during the coming week-end when the International Cup Final between China and England will take place. This game will be played on Saturday and will be preceded by an exhibition tussle between a French team and the Three Stars, one of the leading Chinese teams in the mini league. The game of the week will undoubtedly be the International final and a hard-fought, even contest is anticipated.

England should show better combination than their Chinese opponents and a win for them will not come as a surprise, in view of their excellent performances against Russia and Portugal last week. On Sunday there will be two games, the first between the Jewish Recreation Club and the Russian Club for the championship of the second division, while the second will be for the championship of the first division, with Surreys and Unison Trip Party competing for the honours. An entrance fee of 50 cents will be charged and all the proceeds will go to the French Red Cross.

There will be another game, the last of the season, for the Paramount Cup in which a selected foreign team will meet Chinese. The proceeds of this game will also go to charity, this time to the Sacred Heart Hospital.

The programme follows:—

Saturday, 4.15 p.m.—French Team—Three Stars; 5.30 p.m.—International Cup Final: England—China.

Sunday, 4.30 p.m.—2nd Div. Championship—Russian Club—J.R.C.; 5.45 p.m.—1st Div. Championship—Surreys—U.T.P.

Saturday, June 15, 4.30 p.m.—Charity Match for the Paramount Cup:—Foreigners—Chinese.

CANIDROME
TO-DAY AT 5.30 P.M

DAVID O. SELZNICK'S
GONE WITH THE WIND
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Release.
ROXY—PREMIERE June 18—ROXY
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LAUGHS! ACTION! THRILLS!
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THE FIGHTING 69TH
Jeffrey Lynn · Alan Hale · Frank McHugh · Dennis Morgan · Dick Foran · William Lundigan · Guinn 'Big Boy' Williams · Directed by WILLIAM KEIGHLEY · A WARNER BROS.-First National Picture · Original Screen Play by Norman Reilly Raine, Fred Niblo, Jr., and Dean Franklin
$1.20, $1.60, $2.20 $1.20, $1.80, $2.40, $3.00
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'VIVA CISCO KID'
BACK FROM THE BORDER! BETRAYED BY A SENORITA! ACCUSED OF MURDER! LEFT FOR DEAD! CARAMBA!...IS HE HAVING FUN!!
CESAR ROMERO ...thrilling you again as O.Henry's gay and adventuresome caballero!
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Executive Producer Sol M. Wurtzel
Directed by Norman Foster
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A 20th Century-Fox Picture
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Today at 7.30 P.M.

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LAST SEASON'S BIG LAUGH HIT RETURNS FOR THREE SHOWS ONLY!
THE FUNNIEST, WITTIEST COMEDY OF THE YEAR!
Wife hits high C...Husband hits the roof...Wife hits Husband...and the battle is on...with the Girl Friend trying every angle to make it a triangle!
LORETTA YOUNG · WARNER BAXTER IN WIFE, HUSBAND and FRIEND
with BINNIE BARNES · CESAR ROMERO GEORGE BARBIER · J. Edward BROMBERG EUGENE PALLETTE · HELEN WESTLEY
A 20th Century-Fox Picture
ALSO: "Monkeys Are The Craziest People"—Comedy—Cartoon!

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With a shootin'-iron in one hand ...and a flat-iron in the other—
"BUCK" ROBSON RIDES AGAIN!
...Make way, you ornery cayuses, for the roughest, toughest she-sheriff who ever shot an outlaw ...or the works!
May Robson in "Granny Get Your Gun"
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TO-DAY ONLY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.
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NORMA SHEARER JOAN CRAWFORD ROSALIND RUSSELL
The Women
with MARY BOLAND · PAULETTE GODDARD PHYLLIS POVAH · JOAN FONTAINE VIRGINIA WEIDLER LUCILE WATSON
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100 NAME ROLES BY FEATURED PLAYERS! 3,621 IN THE CAST! —15 STAGGERING CLIMACTIC SEQUENCES! 2 HOURS OF UNBROKEN WONDER AND THRILL!
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THE HUNCHBACK OF NOTRE DAME
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with SPORTLIGHT and LATEST PARAMOUNT NEWS including Scenes from BATTLE OF NARVIK!
Reservations Can Only Be Held Till 5 Minutes Before The Performance Starts!

Portuguese Community Feted At Minister's Reception

Anniversary of the Foundation of Portugal Observed by Local Portuguese

SPEAKING in the name of the Portuguese community of Shanghai at a reception given by Dr. J. Lebre e Lima at the Portuguese Legation at 260 Route Dupleix last night on the occasion of Portugal's celebrations of the 800th anniversary of the foundation of the nation, Mr. D. M. Gutterres, President of the Portuguese Residents' Association in Shanghai, stated that he regarded the present an opportune occasion to affirm in a particular and no uncertain manner that the Portugese community that had so often given unequivocal proofs of its deep-seated love for Mother Country, at the present time more than ever before, should firmly set itself to pursue resolutely the path traced for it, contributing modestly and in proportion to its limited resources to the elevation and maintenance on a high level the name of Portugal in the distant outpost of Shanghai, thus supporting by these efforts the sublime work of regeneration initiated by the present head of the Government, Dr. Oliveira Salazar. "Portugal is indeed moving with large strides and without faltering, towards a future full of promise that greatness will soon be hers once again," he said.

"Let us relive the heroic times of our incomparable history," continued Mr. Gutterres, "and let us remember that the Portuguese of old were only great because they possessed lofty ideals and a profound love for their country. They were able to realize their grandiose dreams because they knew how to trust one another, uniting by a solidarity which grew greater in strength with the perilous and difficult moments through which the nation passed."

National Expansion

With regard to the contributions made by the community, themselves far from being wealthy and toiling hard to earn their daily bread, Mr. Gutterres quoted the words of the late Dr. Amando Navarro that "what today we would call the statutes of the Order of Christ, our king Dom Diniz, its founder, gave us one of its objectives: National Expansion. Nowadays, there are various ways of attaining national expansion, but in those remote ages, it constituted chiefly in strength by conquest, the sole form which ensured the diffusion of national influences.

"National expansion was nearly always the extension of physical frontiers. In modern times, through the evolution of human institutions, of which the Order of Christ was one of the most active and powerful factors, and through the universal consequences of the maritime discoveries of the Portuguese, achievements were made possible under its aegis. The irradiation of nations stretches itself into the mortal and spiritual world, traversing frontiers without eliminating them, by the peaceful infiltration of their capacity for work or culture.

"Although the Portuguese community," he continued, "cannot boast of great wealth and even though it has not raised great edifices, it cannot be judged to have sunk so low that the traditions of its origin are all faded. Such as it is, the Portuguese community of Shanghai, contributes to national expansion.

"Mr. Francisco Anacleto da Silva, ex-senator for Macao, when he first appeared in the Parliament of the Republic, declared that Macao, although a piece of Portuguese territory the most distant of all the colonies from the Mother Country, was undoubtedly the most patriotic and the most loyal. So did D. Joao VI judge it when he conferred the title of '[City of the Holy Name of God in China—None More Loyal!' upon Macao"

Macao Descent

Mr. Gutterres went on to say that as descendants of the faithful people of Macao participating in these festivities, they could pride themselves on the fact that during the sixty years of Portugal's domination by the three Phillips, Macao was the only Portuguese soil where the glorious standard of the Nation was never hauled down.

The Portuguese, who came to Shanghai about a hundred years ago, had laboured hard to gain their daily bread and educate their children, but they had earned for themselves the respect of all around them, a position which had been successfully maintained.

"And thus," concluded Mr. Gutterres, "if we continue to work honourably under the sacred sign of our standard, we shall continue to maintain in this metropolis of the Far East a little bit of the old Portugal. For Portugal, although far away, is also here—in our homes and hearts."

Minister's Speech

Addressing his audience as "Fellow Portuguese" in the Portuguese language, the Minister said:

"This solemn occasion prompts us to gather today under the shade of our National Flag, and in close spiritual communion with the millions of our brothers in Continental Portugal and in her Colonial Empire, and with those of our blood who are scattered throughout the wide world where they labour in alien lands. The occasion could not be more pregnant with topics for a speech.

"If I were addressing my own countrymen only, I would find in the treasure of our history countless gems with which to adorn my plain eloquence. Our land, that prodigious land, in the making of which, one of our poets said 'God spent five out of the six days it took to make this world,' could supply the most variegated scenery, the purest and brightest colours, and the clearest of blue skies; and our people, the good Portuguese people, who through the vicissitudes of the ages, so jealously retain those qualities and those virtues which gave strength to our forefathers and which explain the cause of their past glories; the two together would enable the speaker to produce the true portrait of a nation which is second to none in its understanding of human values. But, even if the audience were another, the speaker would not find himself at a loss for inspiration, because the immense contribution which Portugal has made and is still making to the World's heritage does not need any dressing-up, and may well stand comparison with the highest attainments of other peoples.

Portuguese Footprints

"The whole world is covered with our footprints, and our footsteps re-echo through the ages. In Medieval Europe and in the Renaissance our name was cited everywhere. The oldest and best-known European universities sought our men of learning. In Antwerp we established a factory' which contributed much to the prosperity of Flanders."

Dr. Lebre e Lima then went on to cite many glorious names of Saints, poets, navigators and warriors. He referred to the Portuguese discoveries and conquests through which they got to know all the peoples of the earth who in turn learnt to know them.

"We went everywhere, as missionaries, as warriors, as sailors, as traders and as settlers. In Asia, ours was the first European language that was introduced; and when later, others arrived upon the scene, ours was the language they had to learn in order to help them in their dealings with the Far-Eastern people.

Cemetery At Peking

"In Ceylon there are today more than half a million Roman Catholics many of them still using Portuguese names and surnames. The foreign cemetery in Peking is full of tombstones of many of our brave men. The whole African littoral was explored by our navigators and by them marked and named. The finest relics in Morocco and Ethiopia are of Portuguese origin. There are countless harbours and islands in the South Atlantic which, if they had not been ours, they were at least our godchildren, because they still retain the names which we gave them."

His Excellency then quoted from the preamble of Premier in relation to the present celebrations:

Eight Centuries of History

"To have eight centuries of history is rare and unique in Europe. The definition of 'political identity' presupposes the same people, the same nation and the same State. From almost the very beginning and by the efforts of our first kings, our boundaries in the Iberian Peninsula were clearly defined and have since remained unchanged. From the first to the last, our 'Chiefs' have all had the same Portuguese blood in their veins. Free from nearly all the upheavals in Europe where new States succeeded one another, Portugal witnessed the birth of some, the fusion or dismemberment of others and the disappearance of yet others. And yet, Portugal lived on, not in seclusion and oblivion, but contributing during the centuries of its existence one of the most vast and far-reaching achievements for mankind, for which any people might well take just pride. Portugal survived; it lived intensely the life of the soldier, of the labourer of the earth and the explorer of the seas, of the discoverer, of the missionary, the true bearer of a new doctrine and a new civilization."

Honoured Guests

Referring to the Brazilian Consul-General and his wife who were the only guests present, His Excellency said that they were there not as privileged guests, but as members of the family too. Without them, these celebrations could not have the full meaning which it was intended to impart to them, because as the Premier of Portugal said, "if Portugal was the fountain of life from which Brazil sprang, Brazil is for Portugal one of the most inspiring pages of its history and its most outstanding achievement."

In conclusion, the Portuguese Minister asked all those present to fix their eyes on the Flag and send their hearts to the Castle in faraway Portugal where at that very moment their brothers were gathered together at the very place where 800 years ago the nation had its beginning. He asked that in the brief period of silence that was to follow, his hearers should, one and all, implore the Almighty to spare Portugal from the calamities which sadden the world today, thus leaving Portugal to continue the mission of love and peace which have ever been hers throughout the centuries of her existence.

Suez Canal Company Holds Meeting

Paris, June 4.

The annual meeting of the stockholders and board of directors of the Suez Canal Company was held here yesterday immediately after the air raid and the report, including last year's balance sheet, was unanimously adopted.

Italy, despite the Italian press campaign, has not yet made any request for membership on the board of directors, it was revealed at the meeting.

Total receipts for 1939 amounted to 1,491,635,892 francs 82 centimes, a drop of 292,642,197 francs 77 centimes from the receipts for 1938.—United Press.

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R.A.F. Takes Its Toll in Norway

Twenty Four Planes Shot Down; Narvik Battered During Nazi Air Raid

London, June 4.

"Eyewitness" telegraphing from "somewhere in Norway" says Allied fighters are estimated already to have shot down 24 machines over the part of northern Norway occupied by the Allies. They have damaged many more.

Anti-aircraft guns have also taken a considerable toll of enemy 'planes in the almost daily and nightly raids. This punishment has had a marked effect upon the frequency of the German visitations.—Reuter.

Allied Advance Continues

Paris, June 4.

Norwegian, French and Polish troops in Narvik are continuing to advance with the object of encircling the Germans, according to a communiqué issued by the Norwegian Legation quoting a message from the correspondent of the Norwegian Telegraphic Agency in Narvik.

Mopping up operations, it added, are progressing in the areas taken. —Reuter.

German Planes Bomb Port

London, June 4.

A great part of Narvik has been destroyed following a heavy German bombardment by 17 planes on Sunday afternoon, according to the Norwegian Telegraphic Agency.

High explosives and incendiary bombs caused great damage to the dwelling house quarter, and practically the whole business district was burned.

Fighter planes finally forced the Germans to withdrawn, and many German planes, the agency concludes, were shot down.—Reuter.

Battered, Desolate Town

Narvik, June 4.

The important northern Norwegian port of Narvik, bustling pre-war shipping centre, today is a battered, desolate city, its harbour filled with the hulks of more than 30 ships and broken remnants of warehouses and wharves.

Incessant Allied bombardment of Narvik for 52 days, resulting in the final ousting of Nazi forces entrenched in the city, reduced Narvik to a shambles.

Iron ore and merchandise quays are now only broken remnants, while the railroad, power plant, railroad yard, radio station and iron plants were completely demolished by the retreating Germans.

Although Nazi planes have appeared over Narvik several times and have bombed the city with high explosives since the Allied entered, few civilian casualties have been reported since May 31, when most of the non-combatants were hurriedly evacuated aboard British warships. Only a few hundred civilians now remain at Narvik.

Allied troops are now busy clearing the harbour while other units are fighting in the mountains, attempting to drive the German forces across the Swedish frontier.—United Press.

Royal Navy Active

Stockholm, June 4.

Strong British naval units entered Rama Fjord, northern Norway, on Saturday and intensely bombarded the German-occupied ports of Mo, Hemnes, Berget and Nesne, according to Norwegian frontier reports today.

British naval guns also blasted the single highway skirting the fjord for 20 miles. Military observers here believed the British were attempting to cut the communications of German land forces with advanced troops at Bodo.

German planes fruitlessly attempted to drive the British fleet away from Rama Fjord, it was reported. The British have landed reinforcements in the Bodo region in Norway and the fighting in that region was described as "terrific."

A Norwegian communique issued on June 2 claimed that "pressure on German positions in the north and south of Rombak Heights continues." —United Press.

Canadian Wheat Bought

London, June 4.

The Ministry of Food in co-operation with the Canadian Wheat Board, has purchased 50,000,000 bushes of Canadian wheat.—Reuter.

"Fifth Column" Suspects Interned

Aliens of German and Austrian origin, suspected of "fifth column" activities, have been rounded up in Britain and placed in internment camps. The picture shows some of them being marched to a train at a London station, on their way to their confinement "for the duration."

Brother of "Lord Haw Haw" Arrested

Joe Beckett, Former Boxing Champion Also Held

London, June 3.

The former British heavyweight boxing champion, Joe Beckett, and Frank Joyce, brother of William Joyce the "Lord Haw-Haw" of German Radio notoriety, were among the many suspects taken into custody today by British police throughout the country.

In a renewed drive against "fifth columnists," detectives spread a wide dragnet to route out all traitors and suspects. Three women belonging to the Fascist Union were arrested at Bournemouth, while Joe Beckett and his wife were held by the Southampton police.

An Italian suspect, whose name was not revealed today, was arrested after he had tried to photograph a military camp and an aerodrome, where he was caught redhanded.—Havas.

Sensation Caused

London, June 3.

A sensation was created throughout the world of sport today when it was announced that Joe Beckett, former British Empire heavyweight champion and once a prominent contender for the world title, had been arrested at Southampton together with his wife under the new Defence Regulations.

It is understood that before the outbreak of the current War, Beckett and his wife were connected with Sir Oswald Mosley's British Union Fascist organization.

Beckett recently joined Lord Deal's Anti-Parachute Volunteer Corps. During the Great War, Joe Beckett was a member of the Royal Air Force.—United Press.

Queen Wilhelmina Has Faith in Future

"Holland Will Rise Again From Smoking Ruins"

Paris, June 4.

Queen Wilhelmina, in an article published in the "Paris Soir" today, declared that Holland would "rise from the smoking ruins and overcome the injustice that cannot last."

In the first article she has ever written, Queen Wilhelmina painted a pathetic picture of present conditions in Holland and said that only hope and faith remained for the Dutch people.

"It is because the voice of Holland must not and cannot be permitted to be silenced during these days of terrible suffering for my people that I took the supreme decision to transfer the symbol of my nation, which is incorporated in my person and my Government, to a place where it can function as a living force having the right of sovereignity," Queen Wilhelmina wrote.

"Only hope subsists midst the smoking ruins of my country, the hope and faith of a God-fearing people which no human force, whatever its malignity, can ever subdue—a faith in the omnipotence of divine justice and faith entertained by the remembrance of earlier suffering courageously endured and vainly overcome.

"Our faith is anchored in the unshakeable belief that the injustice which the Netherlands people now suffer cannot last."—United Press.

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Until 7 a.m. —or later!

200 I.R.A. Men Jailed In Eire

Many Taken from Beds to Police Station

Dublin, June 4.

Fearing an imminent Nazi *Blitzkrieg* on the British Isles and Eire, Government police yesterday and today went into action to clean up any "fifth column" activities. More than 200 persons suspected of being connected with the outlawed Irish Republican Army were arrested throughout Eire Monday.

The huge police round up began at dawn yesterday and many people were taken directly from their beds to police stations.

The Eire Government plans to round up an additional 12,000 I.R.A. members, it was learned.

Soldiers today were stationed at sand-bagged barricades in front of Government buildings and at strategic points throughout Eire. Golf courses at Galway and other points have been filled with rocks and tree trunks to make it impossible for enemy planes to land.—United Press.

U.S. Urged to Sever Reich Relations

Germans in America Serve No Useful Purpose

Washington, June 4.

As a first move in giving active aid to the Allies, the United States should sever diplomatic relations with Germany, declared Senator James A. White, Republican member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, in an interview.

"The Germans," he said, "are not serving any useful purpose except the functions they perform for their own Government. We ought to send them back to Berlin.

"If the Italians enter the war we cught to send them home too."—Reuter.

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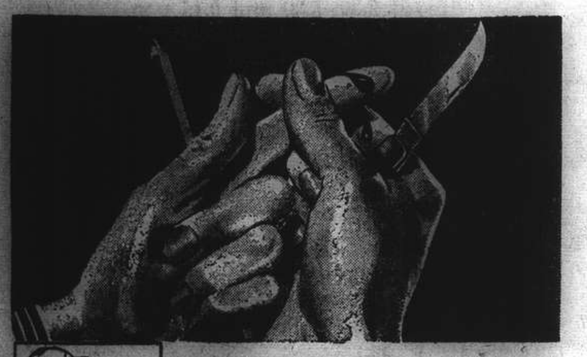
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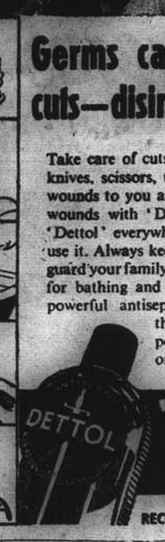

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IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

PARIS BOMBED

If present indications are anything to go by, the next move of the Germans will be against the French in the hope of striking another swift blow in an attempt to capture Paris, and force the French to come to a separate peace. Prior to the onslaught on Flanders much was made of the enemy's intention to invade Great Britain. That might have been for the purpose of diverting attention from what now appears to be Herr Hitler's chief aim, but, whether that was the case or not, it is now clear that much will have to be done by the enemy in restoring the ports of Belgium and north-eastern France before they will again be suitable to any such undertaking. There is every reason to believe that as the Allies were forced to leave these ports everything possible was done to render them useless to the enemy, and considerable time will have to elapse before they can be put into sufficient state of repair to be of any assistance in the contemplated invasion. Consequently it is not surprising to learn that the huge German military machine was turning slowly from Flanders in preparation for a new offensive. The scheme is apparently based upon the idea that with the entry of Italy into the war, a decision might be forced against France before the British forces in France can be brought up to strength. That, however, should not prove difficult for a large proportion of the men who have been called up since the commencement of the war must have completed their training by now, and it may confidently be expected that within a very short time those elements of the British Expeditionary Force which were not dispatched into Flanders but remained with the French armies, will be speedily and substantially reinforced. The loss of the Channel ports in north-eastern France does not greatly hinder the despatch of British troops to the theatre of war, for from Abbeville all along the coast to Bordeaux there are ports just as capable of handling large bodies of troops and engines of war as they were in 1914-1918.

The view that an onslaught on the French lines along the Somme and the Aisne with the immediate objective of Paris is supported by the fact that on Monday the French capital was subjected to the largest bombardment from the air which any capital city has endured since the commencement of hostilities. All the evidence available shows that the bombing was carried out indiscriminately, that the German aeroplanes flew too high to have ever had much chance of hitting definite military objectives, and the only conclusion to be drawn was that the whole affair was designed with the hope of striking dismay into the hearts of the Parisians. Despite all that was learned during the civil war in Spain when the people of Madrid stood determinedly to their guns despite merciless bombing for three years, the enemy is still obsessed with the *idée fixe* that for the purpose of destroying enemy *moral* the aeroplane is the weapon *par excellence*. That this is not the case is again amply demonstrated by the manner in which the Allied troops in Flanders during the past three weeks have gallantly stood up under continued bombing, and fought a rearguard action which deprived the Germans of their main objective. The aeroplane can do, and does an enormous amount of damage, but that it is the complete weapon some authorities fancy it to be, has been clearly disproved. That, however, does not minimize the fact that the bombardment of Paris was just about as callous a piece of work as any of which the Germans have been guilty since the war began. The whole idea of the Germans was to dump as large a number of bombs as possible on the French capital regardless of where they struck. That view is corroborated by the fact that bombs were dropped in the very centre of Paris as well as in its peaceful suburbs, and it is quite clear that the tactics which the enemy followed in their ghastly raid upon Rotterdam are being followed in the case of Paris.

The news that the same night the Allied air forces went into northwestern Germany and bombed military objectives with a great amount of success is highly gratifying. It is to be hoped that they will continue to strike blow for blow, and carry death and destruction well behind the enemy's frontiers against places of military importance. But if the Germans are to continue their present course of evil conduct, care should be taken to make sure that reprisals shall be adequate response to the original German offence. It is entirely against the ideals of the Allies that they should war with women and children in the manner which German chivalry, finds so fascinating, but, if it is to be the German scheme to attack huge open cities reckless of what military objectives are closely sought after, the Allies will be justified in resorting to the same tactics strictly confining themselves to proper objectives. Thus the bombing of Berlin would be a proper reply to the bombing of either of the capitals of the Allies. It is all very nice and elegant to adhere to the thoroughly well known rules of warfare, but it is just as useless as faithfully observing the Marquis of Queensberry's rules in a fight against a man who will have none of them. It may in fact prove positively dangerous. It must be remembered that the enemy has destroyed every vestige of international law and the rules governing the proper conduct of warfare. It is part of his general scheme to do so, and no considerations of propriety, of humanity or even decency will deter him from inflicting every possible hideousness upon Allied civilians, Red Cross hospitals and ships, or in fact anything or anyone who may be defenceless and unable to strike back. Since, then, it is part of the German scheme to endeavour to strike terror into the Allied masses with the idea of destroying their *moral*, there is no reason why Allies should not adopt the same methods. The Germans should be given a taste of their own medicine. It is perfectly understandable that to cope in its entirety with the atrocious behaviour of the Germans would be repugnant to the Allies, and particularly to their airmen, amongst whom a high degree of chivalry exists, and will continue to exist, but within the limits of decency this form of total war to which the enemy have resorted, should be inflicted upon them. The blood of thousands of innocent, defenceless people in many a town, on many a road and in many a field, cries for vengeance to the skies, whence it is hoped it will be inflicted.

Government and Volunteers

The statement issued by H.M. Embassy on the subject of British subjects who desire to proceed home to fight, which appears elsewhere in this issue, should serve to prove to them that their desires have been fully represented to the British Government. Since the extension of the area of hostilities H.M. Ambassador has again informed H.M. Government

"Of the growing anxiety of a considerable number of local British subjects to offer themselves for active service in various capacities and has enquired whether, if the Government were not in a position to arrange accommodation, there was any objection to the raising of funds locally to facilitate the passage home of these volunteers. A reply has now been received through His Majesty's Embassy stating that the general attitude of His Majesty's Government towards the recruiting of British subjects resident in distant countries is at present under review. There is, however, no objection to the raising of funds locally for passages for recruits provided no recruits are actually sent until further instructions have been received."

That announcement is eminently satisfactory for it indicates that the British Government's decision not to accept volunteers from here is by no means final, but that it may be changed at some future date when the necessity for their services becomes more urgent. It has to be remembered that when most of the volunteers went home in the early months of the last war, there was no such thing as conscription in Britain, and it was then a case of the more that came the merrier. Now the Government's hands are full training about three million men, whose numbers are expected to increase to five million by the end of the year, and the situation is, therefore, very different from what it was twenty-six years ago. It is still necessary for those men, who are eating their hearts out in their desire to offer their all to their country, to realize that for the time being they are still called upon to maintain that sterner discipline of having to do what they do not want to. Without doubt the Government will not hesitate to call upon them when they are convinced that their services are necessary, and though this what is to be hoped is a temporary decision is a hard one to bear, those whom it concerns will undoubtedly accept it with that same loyalty and patriotism which inspires their desire to proceed on active service.

Lord Kitchener

On this day twenty-four years ago the British Empire stood aghast at the news of the death of Lord Kitchener, the man who in effect, by his realization of the character of the struggle which commenced in 1914, did so much to ensure the Allied victory. It was he who warned the nation that the war would last a long time, and he who did so much to put the Empire in a position to carry on the struggle he foresaw. It was early in May, 1916, that the Tsar urged that Kitchener should be sent to Russia, promising that his counsel would be taken to the full even if it meant the transfer of certain controls into British hands. The consent of King George V was obtained, and it was decided that Lord Kitchener should embark at Scapa Flow on June 5 for Archangel. He was asked to examine throughly the whole Russian situation: he was given a free hand to make arrangements and conditions which he thought advisable; he was to use all the influence he had already acquired with the Tsar and the Russian military authorities to set Russia's military house in order, and was asked to return to England with all speed. On the afternoon of June 5 he embarked in H.M.S. Hampshire. It now appears that an unswept channel was chosen for his passage, and that under stress of weather the Hampshire's escort of destroyers turned back leaving the vessel with her priceless treasure to steam on to her doom. Then "the same electrical impulse which the next morning proclaimed Kitchener's death produced an emotional current so intense as to lack precedent or parallel. For a moment it seemed as if a hush had fallen as universal as it was profound, and when the hush was broken there was exposed in full the sway which Kitchener had established over the hearts and minds of all sorts and conditions of men, and that the one man in England, who had taken the least pains to win popularity, was the hero of many peoples." A week later King George V and his Consort passed through throngs in and around St. Paul's Cathedral to a simple service of hymn and prayer, while at two mile intervals from the sea to the Somme, British soldiers bade a *vale* to the great soldier. And throughout the world where two or three Britons were gathered together, the name of a great Briton was commemorated. Now to the north of the west entrance of St. Paul's in a small chapel of white marble before an altar, flanked with solid silver candlesticks, lies the recumbent statue of the great leader, all as beautiful in its conception as the man was great in his life. It is well to remember him in such days as these, for it was his great, and courageous leadership which heartened the Allies during the most desperate periods of the last war, and to give thanks that Britain is still the birthplace of great men devoted to the cause of the Empire.

Compare With Antwerp

The present withdrawal of the Allied armies from Dunkirk and the German disappointment over the escape of a large number of men they had thought to be trapped, bears some slight analogy to the siege of Antwerp in the last war, when the Germans hoped to trap the main force of the Belgian army, a French naval brigade, and the British Naval Division of ten thousand men. In the first rapid advance through Belgium the Germans were content to leave Antwerp alone, stationing a flank guard to prevent serious attempts to cut into their lines of communications. Towards the middle of September 1914, however, they began to close in on Antwerp, and the forts round that city, which had been regarded as almost impregnable, were soon found insufficiently strong to stand up to the very heavy bombardment of the German guns. After desperate resistance, aided by a British force which was landed at Ostend and Zeebrugge, the Belgians were driven back. The British force had landed too late to be of any real assistance, and were not caught in the main German drive on the city, with the exception of the Naval Division. Following up their bombardment of the forts, the Germans commenced to bombard the city of Antwerp itself, the Belgian commander and the Communal Council of the city refusing to entertain the idea of surrender. It soon became clear, however, that the defence of the city was impossible, and by secret moves, the bulk of the Belgian and British forces made their escape from the besieged area, and after some confusion joined the British and Belgian forces further to the west. The Germans were completely deceived by the withdrawal and launched a powerful attack which met with nothing but thin air. The garrison troops of Antwerp held out for some time after the main withdrawal, which so disappointed the Germans, but when it became quite plain that further resistance was simply suicidal, these troops were freed from their duties in defence, and were permitted either to find their way into Holland or to attempt to join the Belgian army individually or in small forces, which a number of them did. Thus when the city capitulated, the Germans found that, instead of capturing a large number of Belgian and British troops, there were only a few hundred left to be rounded up. Two battalions of British marines were caught trying to get away and were forced over the Dutch frontier, where they were interned. The German gain, therefore, amounted to very little, as a result of the masterly Allied withdrawal. History may be repeating itself in Dunkirk at this moment.

Absurd German Claims

The German propaganda machine has thoroughly adopted the doctrine of Herr Hitler that the bigger the lie the greater the chance of its being believed. A further proof of this is the story emanating from Berlin relative to German allegations concerning their own casualties, and the enormous claims as to the losses of the Allied. "Reliable" quarters in Berlin are said to allege that German casualties in Flanders amounted to no more than 10,000 killed and 40,000 wounded. It has been said by more than one observer that it has been the practice of the Germans all along to divide their losses by ten before announcing them, and to multiply their gains by exactly the same figure. Application of that rule in this instance gives the Germans killed as 100,000 and wounded as 400,000 making a total of 500,000 casualties which is appreciably close to the estimates which the Allies have published. The German claims as to the number of prisoners taken is equally fantastic. To commence with they assert that they have taken 500,000 Belgians prisoner. It is known that the whole Belgian army was around that figure, but it is also known that not all the Belgians surrendered and that large numbers of them have been evacuated together with the French and British from Flanders. The British and French forces in Flanders were some time ago announced to be about 600,000. Of that number it is known that at least 240,000 British soldiers have been evacuated, and it is to be assumed that a similar proportion of four-fifths of the French army has been saved. There then still remain about 120,000 French and British troops unaccounted for. It is, therefore quite apparent that the German claim to have taken 1,230,000 prisoners, even if the Netherlands army is thrown in, is just another of those absurdities which cannot stand the slightest scrutiny. Doubtless all this reads very well for home consumption, but that it will have much chance of being accepted abroad cannot possibly be believed. The tricks of the German propaganda machine are by now only too well understood.

50 YEARS IN PARLIAMENT

Mr. Lloyd George Still Without Rival

The House of Commons should make the most of Mr. Lloyd George while it has got him, and everything in his appearance, the rosy complexion and the still bustling step, suggests that it will have him for a good deal longer than 50 years, astonishing span though that is. He is genius unconfined. You can describe the accidents of his genius, his energy, his almost mediumistic insight, his fundamental gaiety of soul, the quality that springs those happy similitudes such as "kittens in the cream jug," to describe Sir Herbert Samuel and Sir Archibald Sinclair enjoying office in the first National Government; you can do all that, but you still have not got him complete. Far from it.

He has always been utterly true to himself, which is, perhaps, only another definition of genius. But this may illustrate what one means. He arrived on the front bench a stranger to the class and the tradition that has given us all but two of our Prime Ministers. Neither public school nor university had had any hand in his making, and some of his colleagues, larger in learning and more contracted in soul, have referred both his success and his weaknesses, which were each shabby in their eyes, to the fact that he had not had their intellectual and social discipline.

"He has read nothing and understands everything." Clemenceau said of him. What a tribute to intuitive genius! And still another tribute; this to his witchery. "He can talk a bird out of a tree." So Mr. Churchill, who also discovered to his everlasting admiration the "unquailing eye" that faced the Cabinet in the darkest hours of the German submarine campaign in 1917. His dauntless courage then must always be remembered.

He has been one of the greatest artists in speech the House of Commons has had. Not a great orator; great oratory must be touched with moral passion. This Mr. Lloyd George has not been able to command. Not the awful outstretched arm of Gladstone, but the descriptive gestures that lie somewhere between the actor and the revivalist may suggest the lighter oratorical armament one has in mind. A great power of satire served by a most uncommon faculty of thinking in pictures that stamp his criticisms on the visual eye—that has been one of the great sources of his strength in speech and debate. "The penguins of the city." How it all fuses to suggest what he wanted to convey—black and white fatuity waddling before the nation on the road to the economic collapse of 1931. The satire has been cruel, it has also been playful, probably more playful than cruel. But it has never had any Swift-like savagery it it.

Popular With All Parties in House

Savage satire also depends, like the highest oratory, on depths of moral feeling, and that, as has been said, has not been his to command. This explains why Mr. Lloyd George remains so popular with all parties in the House of Commons except for a remnant of rabid detractors whom he has crossed at some time in his long career. He has also been the master tactician before an audience, whether in the House of Commons or outside. The artist in him craves sympathy from his hearers, and yet he has had to meet more hostility than sympathy in these predominantly Tory Parliaments since the war. He has had to try to neutralize this hostility. Sometimes he has even converted it into positive. Whenever he has snatched indulgence out of the jaws of disfavour he has been inevitably set for triumph. Those who have heard much of him in the House of Commons will agree that when he takes up any theme, whether domestic or foreign, it suddenly develops an amplitude it has lacked before. He has an eye for a subject in all its relations—the Napoleonic *coup dœil*,—and he takes the House of Commons up from the plain, so to speak, to a commanding view of it. He does not poke about one corner of the field. He sees the landscape whole. Parochialism he leaves to others. He is not the last of the Titans, but he has overtopped all his contemporaries in political life for more than a generation, excluding, but that only recently, Mr. Churchill, who with the new war has come into a large renown.

IN PARENTHESIS

All the Way from Germany

THE latest collective noun:—
A scuttle of ships.

* * *

Short Order

HE had been enjoying a lively evening out and was waiting for the train to take him home. After a time he wandered up to the signal-box door. For some moments he gazed in wonder at the signalman pulling over his levers.

Then gradually a smile of understanding came over his face, and he exclaimed: "Mine's a bitter!"

* * *

Leave-passes

AN order issued by a certain Army Command in Britain is an example of how official pronouncements can brighten the dullest day.

It refers to certain coloured leave-passes, and runs as follows: "Members of the Women's Auxiliary Territorial Service will show their pink forms whenever called upon to do so."

* * *

Slipped

HE was a very well-built sergeant-major, and full of his own importance.

"Drill's important," he said to a batch of new recruits. "It develops the body. Look at me!" he added, with a smirk. "Not so long ago I was said to have the finest chest of any man in the British Army!"

"And now it's slipped!" sighed a voice from the back of the group.

* * *

Superior

THE tramp entered a coffee-shop in New York and asked for a glass of water. He emptied the glass, used a napkin to wipe his mouth, and helped himself to a toothpick as he made for the door. The manager glared at him.

"Look here, you," he snapped. "I notice that whenever you manage to dig up a few coins you go to that restaurant across the street to eat. But when you're broke, you always come running in here for a glass of water and a toothpick!"

The tramp shrugged.

"You should feel flattered," he stated calmly. "It proves you stock a superior brand of toothpicks!"

Still More Troops Arrive in England

Several Ships Land French Officers and Men; Germans on Fringes of Dunkirk; Zeebrugge Harbour Completely Blocked

London, June 4.

STILL more troops were arriving in England from Dunkirk this morning. Several ships landed French officers and other ranks, all of whom had been fighting night and day without rest during the past few days. Most of them brought their complete kit. All were exhausted, but, like their British comrades, their spirit was undaunted. Many spoke of returning to France as soon as possible to resume the fight against the invaders.

The Germans, they said, were fighting on the fringes of Dunkirk, which was being heavily shelled. Fires were raging in many parts of the town, which one French officer described as "now nothing more than a shambles."

"Zeebrugge Harbour has been completely blocked and rendered useless for many months to come," said a naval officer who participated in operations blocking the harbour on the morning of May 27.

Two attempts, he recounted, were made, the first on the night of May 25. On the first occasion, they were discovered by German aircraft near a lightship off Zeebrugge and subjected to bombing and heavy gunfire as they approached their objective.

While they were entering the harbour, however, the leading block-ship was grounded just outside the entrance, and a second block-ship was also sunk inside the harbour. This, however, did not effectively close the entrance, and a second convoy reached the lightship. They were again discovered by German aircraft. On the way to the entrance of the harbour, the helm of the leading block-ship was damaged, and the vessel had to be towed by a boat. Repairs were made very quickly.

As the convoy arrived inside the harbour, it was subjected to heavy bombing by a squadron of 15 bombers, which were engaged by British ships outside the harbour. No damage was done. A dredger was sunk across the lock-gates, and two block-ships made their way inside the harbour to the lock-gates and were there sunk in positions making use of the gates impossible.

The ratings of the block-ships were evacuated in rowing boats and then raced up a canal to where escorting vessels were waiting to take them back to England at top speed. No casualties were sustained during their operation.

It is understood that the block-ships were specially designed so that they could not be removed easily, and that Zeebrugge Harbour would, in consequence, be unusable for many months. Thus, a most enterprising base on the Belgian coast for German submarines and warships has been rendered innocuous.—Reuter.

Mr. Churchill's Announcement

London, June 4.

A total of 335,000 Anglo-French troops was safely evacuated from Flanders, Mr. Winston Churchill, the Prime Minister, announced in the House of Commons today amid cheers.

Indicating the terrific fight which the Allies put up, Mr. Churchill revealed that out of the 4,000 Allied forces defending Calais all were wiped out except 30 men who were evacuated to Britain unwounded.

"The Navy has carried 335,000 Anglo-French troop from Flanders," he said. "What has happened in France and Belgium is a colossal military disaster. The French Army is weakened. Belgium is lost," Mr. Churchill frankly announced.

The Prime Minister disclosed that the British losses amounted to 30,000 "Our losses are 30,000 killed, wounded and missing....Calais is given an hour to surrender. There were four days of street fighting before there was silence over Calais. Only 30 unwounded survivors were brought off by the Navy," he said.

"We shall not be content with a defensive war...The whole of the Channel ports are in Hitler's hands. We must expect another blow struck almost immediately at us or the French."—United Press.

Sedan Break Through Effects

London, June 4.

"From the moment French defences at Sedan and on the Meuse were broken during the second week of May, only a rapid retreat to Amions and the south could have saved the British and French Armies who had entered Belgium at the appeal of the Belgian King," declared Mr. Churchill, the Prime Minister, in the House of Commons today, making a statement on the progress of the war.

"But this fact was not immediately realized. The French High Command

(Continued on page 8, col. 4)

Widespread R.A.F. Night Raids

Havoc and Destruction In North-west Germany; Big Battles at Dunkirk

London, June 4.

"Marshalling yards were bombed, oil tank waggons set alight and troop convoys machine-gunned by low flying bombers in the course of yesterday night's extensive raids over North West Germany," states an Air Ministry communique issued here last night.

"At Soest, an important railway junction to the east of Dortmund, a line of high explosive bombs fell across the centre of a crowded railway yard. Moving trains were hit and brought to a standstill and direct hits registered on loaded goods waggons.

"In another successful attack on a marshalling yard shortly after midnight, a group of oil tank waggons was first wrecked, then set alight by incendiary bombs.

Direct Hit

"Road and rail junctions at Osnabruck were heavily attacked for the second night in succession. A direct hit was scored on a goods yard at Homburg and at Hamm, south of Munster, one end of a bridge over a canal is reported to have been demolished and nearby railway trucks torn up.

"Enemy air bases at Rotterdam, Deventer and Wesel were also visited by night raiders. A group of buildings on Rotterdam aerodrome was straddled by a salvo of heavy-calibre bombs. At Wesel, an aerodrome used by German bomber squadrons, bombs were seen to burst on a large hangar, resulting in a violent explosion and a fierce outbreak of fire, as if from a petrol dump.

"Other heavy bombers, returning from successful raids, carried out machine-gun attacks on enemy troop concentrations located by parachute flares. A long convoy of armoured vehicles near Aachen was heavily bombed then machine-gunned.

"Heavy explosions continued for sometime after the attack, as ammunition or petrol lorries in the wrecked convoy were ignited by incendiary bombs and blew up," the communique concludes.

Dunkirk Positions Attacked

In support of Allied armies, medium bombers of the Royal Air Force made a series of attacks on enemy gun emplacements, roads, railways and troop concentrations in the Dunkirk area throughout yesterday, an Air Ministry communique states.

These operations were continued during the night by heavy bombers. At the same time other formations of heavy bombers attacked enemy aerodromes and other military objectives in north-west Germany.

All British aircraft returned from these operations, the statement says. British fighter aircraft continued to maintain offensive patrols over the Dunkirk area. In the Narvik area six enemy aircraft were shot down on June 1 and 2.—Reuter.

French Engage Nazi Planes

Paris, June 4.

"On the eastern front large squadrons of our bombers yesterday night carried out a violent bombardment in Germany of several airfields, on which more than 30 tons of high explosives were dropped," says a statement issued last night by the French Air Ministry.

"On the northern front our aircraft attacked several times enemy motorized convoys, causing considerable losses. In addition reconnaissance and photographic missions were accomplished over many areas of the front. All our aircraft returned safely.

"Early this afternoon a strong force of enemy bombers, operating over our territory, was engaged by fighters and a anti-aircraft batteries. During the fierce aerial battles which followed many enemy machines were brought down."—Reuter.

Gen. Ironside to Meet Defence Leaders

Volunteers of Greatest Importance

London, June 4.

General Sir Edmund Ironside, Commander-in-Chief of Home Forces, will meet leaders of local defence volunteers on Wednesday and Thursday to explain their duties.

General Ironside, in a statement last night, said: "It should be understood volunteers are of first-class importance to the defence of the country in towns, factories and villages.

"They will be armed as required and will act under military authorities in their own districts as an integral part of the armed forces."—Reuter.

'Lost' Minesweeper Turns Up

London, June 4.

The British minesweeper Medway Queen, the 'loss' of which was announced by the Admiralty last night, returned safely to its home port today. Havas.

Paris Calm After Nazi Air Attack

Over 1,000 Bombs Said Dropped; 43 Civilians Killed, 200 Injured

Paris, June 3.

More than 1,000 bombs were showered on Paris by between 240 and 300 high-flying German planes this afternoon and 200 civilians were injured, 45 of them fatally, while the attacking air forces suffered the loss of seventeen of their craft, official French communiques announced this evening. The Premier's office issued a brief communique to announce:

"Enemy air forces carried out a series of bombings in the Paris region early this afternoon, probably with a view to attain objectives of a military character. More than 1,000 bombs of all sizes were dropped, claiming 200 civilian victims, including 45 killed."

The French General Staff, in its evening war communique, gave a more comprehensive picture of the German series of raids and declared: "Paris and the Parisian region were attacked early this afternoon by a large enemy bombing force heavily protected by pursuit planes.

"The enemy force met with the defence of our fighter planes and anti-aircraft guns, which inflicted heavy losses on it. The majority of our pursuits were of the latest type and, according to first reports, seventeen enemy planes were brought down and have been counted." The Air Ministry issued a very curt report on the whole raid and stated only:

"Early this afternoon a strong force of German bombers operating over our territory was attacked by our fighters and anti-aircraft guns. During the furious combats that took place, a great number of enemy planes was shot down. Seventeen German machines were counted as they were shot down in the Paris region alone."

Dealing with French air operations both yesterday and today, the Air Ministry went on to state: "Our heavy bombing squadrons violently attacked a great number of aerodromes in Germany last night, dropping more than 30 tons of high explosives.

"On the northern front (Flanders), our air force repeatedly attacked enemy mechanized convoys, inflicting heavy losses on them. A large number of reconnaissance and photographic missions were also carried out at various places along the war fronts. All our machines returned safely to their bases," the Air Ministry concluded.—Havas.

Mr. Bullitt's Narrow Escape

With traditional "sang froid" Paris was carrying on with "business as usual" this afternoon shortly after the raid.

Lucky to escape with their lives were the Air Minister, M. Laurent Eynac and the American Ambassador, Mr. William C. Bullitt, who were having luncheon when a bomb landed in the yard of the building where they and other guests happened to be just then.

The first bomb exploded and shattered window panes in a nearby building. A second bomb followed the first, pierced the roof of the house and went through to the ground floor, but luckily failed to explode. No one was hurt and M. Eynac and Mr. Bullitt went out into the yard to watch the raid together.

Military Hospital Hit

Among the chief buildings struck was a military hospital in the suburbs. No less than 20 missiles struck the building, the greater part of which was razed to the ground by tons of explosives. Two nurses were killed outright and many were injured although the inmates made for shelters as soon as the alarm was given.

French quarters were bitter in their castigation of this attack for, they pointed out, the fact that 20 bombs fell on the one building clearly showed the merciless bombing was no mistake. Military objectives in the vicinity of the house of mercy were not even attacked.

Another victim of the raid was a high school.

The buildings were evacuated some time ago, but some members of the staff were still in their quarters. None was injured, but there was some material damage done.

(Continued on page 8, col. 3)

German Drive Towards Paris Believed To be Imminent as Troops Mass

Reconnaissance Pilots Bring in Information of German Movements; "Howling, Screaming Germans"

Paris, June 4.

A German drive towards Paris was believed imminent yesterday as Allied reconnaissance pilots sighted important German troop movements in Belgium.

The huge German military machine was turning slowly southward for a new offensive, as the Battle of Flanders began drawing to a close.

Pilots reported Germany was massing reinforcements along the Aisne River, 65 miles north-east of Paris, in preparation for what authorities believed would be an offensive aimed at the heart of France. A French war communique issued last night reported intensified German activity on the east front, bearing out earlier unofficial assertions that the German army of Flanders, estimated at over 600,000 troops, was wheeling to throw its full weight southward.

Reports from French and British pilots enabled the Allied bombers to intervene in the German movement, successfully halting the swing of the German armies, it was said. As a diversion, while the German army was moving into new positions, two local operations were carried out against French advance posts in front of the Maginot Line, east of Moselle, it was reported. Both were defeated with severe losses to the Germans, the reports said.

Details of the "Battle of Cemeteries" were published yesterday. The battle was staged in the fields between the French civil burial ground and the German Great War cemetery near Rethel. French officers reported that in the semi-dusk of Sunday night, a small French garrison was holding sand-bagged positions near the cemeteries.

The Germans, advancing in a compact bloc, with soldiers without rifles in front, "screamed and howled insulting phrases," such as "Raus Schweinkopf! "Heil Hitler," and "Hands up! You're beaten!" according to the report. As the howling column advanced the fires of burning farms along the path could be seen and the noise of tanks rose over the din, the report said.

The German soldiers were said to have linked arms as they reached the open space between the cemeteries. The French opened fire from their positions, mowing down hundreds, the report said. German tanks poured over the dead Germans, but were said to have been repulsed by French anti-tank guns and artillery.

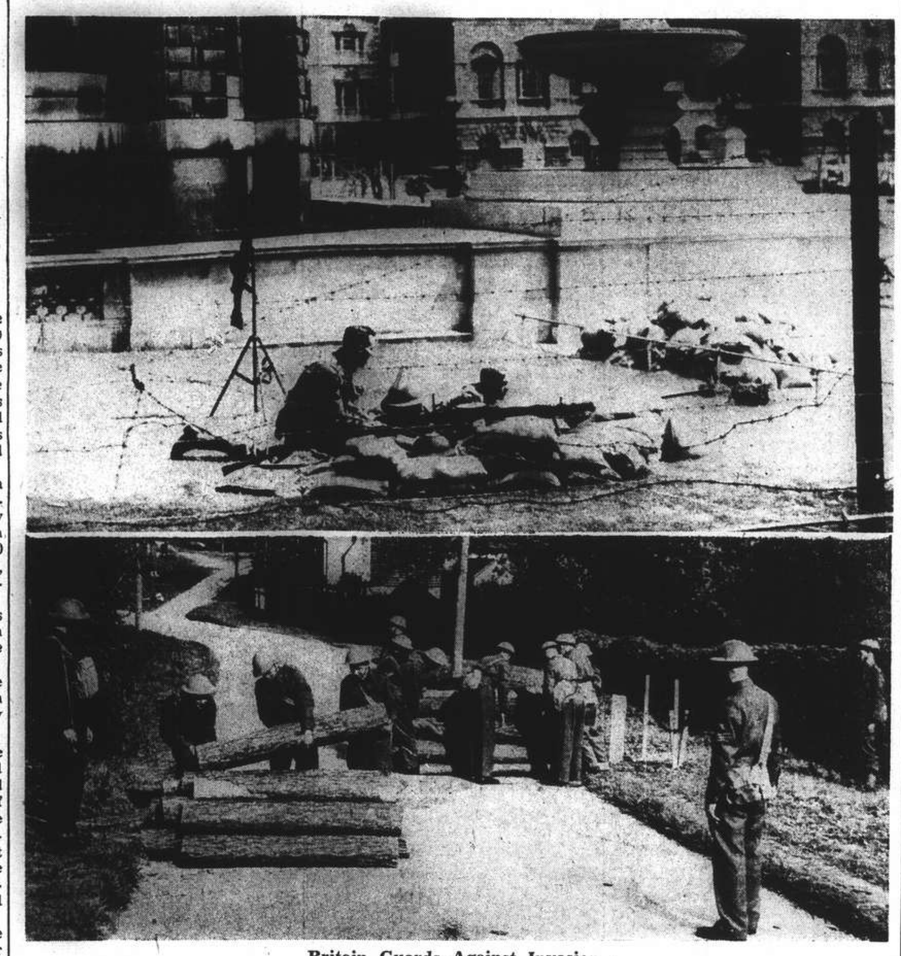
French officers reported the Germans lost between 200 and 250 armoured units at Rethel. Thirty of these were said to have been tanks.

"The Germans clearly attempted to demoralize us," the report concluded. "They gave the impression of men crazed with alcohol."—United Press.

Moscow Sees Paris Movement

Moscow, June 4.

The Soviet Army organ, "Red Star," said yesterday that it doubted the next attack of the German military machine would be aimed against England. The Germans, the newspaper predicted, will take the course of least resistance and try to seize Paris within two or three days.—United Press.



Britain Guards Against Invasion

Britain is taking every precaution against invasion by parachute troops or men landed by planes in lonely regions. In the upper picture is shown part of the armed ring that has been thrown round Whitehall to counter-act possible action by "Fifth Columnists." Below, troops are shown preparing barricades on a road in Sussex.

Withdrawal Was Carried Out Mainly By Volunteers

Magnificent Work By Small Craft Described By Admiralty; Three More Destroyers Sunk

London, June 4.

"ONE of the most extensive and difficult operations in naval history has been carried out in the past week," states an Admiralty communiqué issued here.

"British, French and Belgian troops have been brought back safely to this country from Belgium and Northern France in numbers which, when the full story can be told, will surprise the world.

"The withdrawal has been carried out in the face of intense and almost continuous air attack and increasing artillery and machine-gun fire. The success of the operation was only made possible by the close co-operation of the Allies and Services and by the never-flagging determination and courage of all concerned.

"It was undertaken on the British side by several flotillas of destroyers and a large number of small craft of every descriptions. This force was rapidly increased and a total of 222 British naval vessels and 665 other British craft and boats took part in the operation.

"These figures do not include large numbers of French naval and merchant ships which also played their part.

Done by Volunteers

"The rapid assembly of over 600 small craft of all types was carried out by volunteers. These showed a magnificent and tireless spirit. The order for assembly of all available small vessels met with an instantaneous response. Fishermen, yachtsmen, yacht builders, yacht clubs, river boatmen and boat-building and hiring firms manned their crafts with volunteer crews and rushed them to the assembly point, although they did not then know for what purpose they were required.

"They operated successfully by day and night under the most difficult and dangerous conditions. The Admiralty cannot speak too highly of the services of all concerned. They were essential to the success of the operation and the means of saving thousands of lives.

"The withdrawal was carried out from Dunkirk and from beaches in the vicinity. The whole operation was screened by naval forces against any attempt by enemy at interference by sea. In addition to almost incessant bombing and machine-gun attacks on Dunkirk, beaches and vessels operating off them, the port of Dunkirk and shipping plying to and fro were under frequent shell fire. This was to some extent checked by bombardment of enemy artillery positions by our naval forces. Naval bombardment also protected the flanks of the withdrawal.

Submarines and Speed-boats

"The enemy were also active with submarines and highspeed motor-torpedo boats. Losses have been inflicted upon both these forces.

"The operation was rendered more difficult," the communique continues, "by the shallow water, narrow channels and strong tides. The situation was such that one mistake in the handling of a ship might have blocked a vital channel or that part of the port of Dunkirk which could be used."

"Nor was the weather entirely in the favour of the operation. On two days a fresh north-westerly wind raised a surf which made work at the beaches slow and difficult. Only on one forenoon did a ground mist curtail enemy air activity.

Hazardous Operation

"A withdrawal of this nature and magnitude, carried out in the face of an intense, almost continuous air attack, is the most hazardous of all operations. Its success is a triumph of Allied sea and air power in the face of the most powerful air forces which the enemy could bring to bear from air bases close at hand.

"Zeebrugge has been blocked by the sinking of concrete-filled block ships. The sea gates of the canal and lock-working mechanism have been demolished. Lock gates have been blocked. Other ports now in enemy hands have been rendered virtually useless. Fuel stocks have been destroyed. Losses sustained by our naval

(Continued on page 8, col. 2)

Local Recruiting Under Review

No Objection to Funds Being Raised, But Full Decision Delayed

The British Government has no objection to the raising of funds in Shanghai to send recruits for the fighting services to Britain, but no recruits should be sent until further instructions have been received. The general attitude of the Government towards the recruiting of Britons in distant lands is now being reviewed, according to an official announcement issued yesterday. The announcement follows:—

It will be recalled that, shortly after the outbreak of the war in Europe, His Majesty's Ambassador was authorized by His Majesty's Government to inform British subjects anxious to return to the United Kingdom to join the forces that, in view of the fact the requirements of the fighting services could be fully met from United Kingdom and Dominion resources, they could render better service by continuing for the time being to represent Imperial interests in their present country of residence.

Many Want to Go

Since the extension of the area of hostilities, His Majesty's Consul-General has again informed His Majesty's Government of the growing anxiety of a considerable number of local British subjects to offer themselves for active service in various capacities, and has enquired whether, if the Government were not in a position to arrange accommodation, there was any objection to the raising of funds locally to facilitate the passage home of these volunteers.

A reply has now been received through His Majesty's Embassy stating that the general attitude of His Majesty's Government towards the recruiting of British subjects resident in distant countries is at present under review. There is, however, no objection to the raising of funds locally for passages for recruits, provided no recruits are actually sent until further instructions have been received.

Egypt to Stand By Britain

Rumour-mongering to Be Made Offence

Cairo, June 4.

"Co-operation between Egypt and Great Britain is closer than ever and Egypt will stand by Britain in accordance with the spirit of the Anglo-Egyptian treaty," the Egyptian Premier, Ali Maher Pasha, stated last night after a full meeting of the Cabinet.

Sir Miles Lampson, British Ambassador, visited the Premier after the Cabinet meeting.

The Premier also stated the Government was determined to crush rumour-mongering in Egypt.

A law imposing imprisonment for talk "harmful to the state" is being made effective immediately.—Reuter.

German Planes Bomb Le Havre

Le Havre, June 4.

Fresh from their bombing of Paris during the day, German planes last night roared over Le Havre and dropped many bombs on the port and the surrounding areas.

The planes kept up their attack from 10.15 p.m. to 1.30 a.m. While no military objectives were hit, a number of private buildings were damaged and several victims were discovered later among the ruins.—Havas.

The King Praises Men of B.E.F.

Skill, Bravery of Three Services, Merchant Navy Warmly Commended

London, June 4.

Admiration and sympathy for men of the Flanders rearguard battle are expressed in a message from the King received by the Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill.

The message says: "I wish to express my admiration of the outstanding skill and bravery shown by the three Services and the Merchant Navy in the evacuation of the British Expeditionary Force from Northern France.

"So difficult an operation was only made possible by the brilliant leadership and an indomitable spirit among all ranks of the force. The measure of its success—greater than we had dared hope—was due to the unfailing support of the Royal Air Force and, in the final stages, to the tireless efforts of naval units of every kind.

"While we acclaim this great feat, in which our French Allies, too, played so noble a part, we think with heartfelt sympathy of the loss and suffering of those brave men whose self-sacrifice has turned disaster into triumph."—Reuter.

British Hospital Ships Bombed

Nurses Machine-Gunned In Lifeboats

London, June 3.

Two British hospital ships, the Worthing and the Paris, were bombed and machine-gunned by German planes in French waters yesterday. The Paris had to be abandoned, but he nursing staff and crew carried out their heroic work so efficiently hat not a single life was lost. The Worthing remained in a French port. Only fatality was a 17-year-old boy, who was killed during the bombing. —Havas.

Nurses Machine-Gunned

London, June 4.

While escaping from a British hospital ship bombed by German planes off the French coast yesterday nurses in a lifeboat were machine-gunned.

The ship's officer said: "As the women jumped into the lifeboat a raider swooped down and machine-gunned the helpless women. One nurse had her arm shattered and the others were bleeding from the face."—Reuter.

Italy's Entry in War by Saturday Held Certain

"Let Guns Speak" Says Mussolini; Rome World Exposition Postponed; Negotiations Refused

Rome, June 3.

ITALY'S entry into the European War on the side of Nazi Germany by Saturday at the latest was held certain in all political quarters here today. Even the Vatican, last stronghold of peace in Italy, has given up hope of restraining Signor Mussolini, it was stated.

Il Duce, observers concurred, has decided to send his legions into battle to realize the programme of territorial expansion that he has set for himself. While Friday or Saturday were believed today to be the most likely days for decisive Italian action, the possibility of intervention before then—indeed at any moment now—was envisaged in all quarters.

Last-minute efforts to restrain Signor Mussolini were redoubled during the last few days, it was learned. But all who spoke to Il Duce met with "a stubborn resolve" to "Let guns speak," as the Fascist leader himself put it.

Pope Spares No Effort

The Pope has spared no effort to divert Italy from the path of war. But his last efforts have failed even to get a reply from the Government.

Italian leaders have decided to strike, observers stated, because they believe that despite the valour and power of the French Army, the combined German and Italian armed forces should be able to force a decision before Britain can organize a new expeditionary force or the United States can give more effective aid.

The only subject of talk in all Italian quarters today was the war and the hour of Italy's embroilment in it. All sorts of rumours were in circulation. It was generally expected that tomorrow's Cabinet meeting would definitely mark the concluding phase of Italy's war of nerves and the first of Italy's war of blood. —Havas.

Umberto Takes Command

New York, June 3.

Crown Prince Umberto of Italy left Rome today to take personal command of the Army, the Columbia Broadcasting Company announced this evening quoting a German Radio report.—Havas.

Italians Leave Egypt

Cairo, June 3.

The number of Italian residents of Egypt leaving aboard Italian ships is increasing daily and a great number of school children left Port Said for Italy aboard a special steamer today. The Italian colony that remains in Egypt showed increasing anxiety today as reports forecast early Italian intervention in the war.—Havas.

Conviction Grows

Rome, June 4.

The conviction that Italy is entering the war in the near future is growing among Italians. Postponement of the Rome World Exposition is regarded as further evidence. Military doctors and veterinary surgeons are being called up next Thursday.

The press is still filled with anti-Allied reports. Despatches from Tangiers alleged the Allies were planning an attack there. Other reports claimed Italians are persecuted in Algeria.

The press predicts a great German offensive against the French line along the Somme and the Aisen, declaring the attack will be supported by 8,000 planes. "Germany has succeeded in dividing the enemy's forces, now she is preparing to conquer each one separately," writes the "Popolo di Roma."—Reuter.

Refuses to Negotiate

Rome, June 4.

Italy, whose entry into the war was believed by many neutral observers here to be a matter of days or even hours, has flatly refused to hold any negotiations with Great Britain and France for the settlement of her colonial claims, according to a London broadcast at noon yesterday which was picked up here.

According to the broadcast, Italy categorically rejected a proposal made by the British and French Governments to settle through diplomatic Channels the former's demands for the return to Italy of Corsica, Tunis and British and French Somaliland.—Domei.

Nice, Savoy Committee

Rome, June 3.

A "Committee for Nice and Savoy" was formed here today under the chairmanship of Sig. Constantini, Minister Plenipotentiary.—Havas.

British Negotiators Leave

Rome, June 4.

The majority of the 53 members of the British Contraband Control Committee stationed at Rome left here by train yesterday en route to France. The remaining members of the committee will leave on Tuesday.

Simultaneously, a Yugoslav commercial delegation arrived here to negotiate a new trade accord, as Italy moved to further strengthen its position in the Balkans.

The Fascist newspaper, "Piccolo," displayed on its front page a despatch from Tangiers saying that the population of that city was excited over persistent reports that British and French troops may be landed there in view of the revival of Spanish claims to Gibraltar.

"The British and French landing," the newspaper said, "would give Britain and France a counter position should something happen at Gibraltar."

The newspaper also prominently printed despatches from Casablanca and Algiers protesting against alleged persecution of Italians in Algiers and French Morocco.

(Continued on page 8, col. 1)

America Urged to Abandon Neutrality By "New York Herald Tribune"

"Allies Can Win with Full American Help; Country Can No Longer Be Bound by Neutrality Fetters"

New York, June 4.

"In the judgment of this newspaper the time has come for the United States, and before the nations of the world, to declare that while asserting its non-belligerence, its neutrality in respect of the European war has come to an end," declares the "Herald-Tribune" today in one of the most outspoken leading articles since the beginning of the war.

"Before such swiftly spread attack upon right, justice and peace," the newspaper says, "this country cannot, in our opinion, any longer be bound by the rigid fetters of formal neutrality.

"The fate of the Allies is likely to be decided in the next few weeks. Backed by every material aid this country can spare, they can stand their ground and win."—Reuter.

No Fears in Paris After Nazi Raid

Parisians Act Admirably After Bombing; Attack Stiffens Determination

Paris, June 4.

The admirable way in which the population of Paris conducted themselves during the bombing of the capital by German planes yesterday was lauded unanimously in the press here this morning.

"Never have the residents of Paris better shown their patriotism and their courage," "Le Petit Journal" said. "As soon as the all-clear signal was given traffic resumed in every part of the city.

In the areas where some buildings were "brushed" by bombs, civilians hurried to the assistance of the wounded who were taken to first-aid posts and hospitals. Shop-owners swept the ground outside their shattered show-windows and removed pieces of glass and debris. Paris immediately adopted the spirit of the front and maintained its spontaneity and grace."

"L'Epoque" stressed that if the enemy had wished to affect France's national defence potential "the result was nil."

"If the moral effect was aimed at, then it was not nil for the blows dealt to a defenceless population by assassins will stiffen their determination and instill them with a fierce desire for revenge," the paper added. "The inhabitants of Paris will not become pacifists just because a few tons of bombs were dropped on them, but will demand severe and pitiless reprisals."—Havas.

German Cities Said to Have Been Bombed

Reich Radio Stations Off The Air for Two Hours

London, June 4.

Allied air raids on leading German cities were believed to have been carried out last night, informed quarters said today after pointing out that the Berlin, Hamburg, Stuttgart, Munich and Nuremburg radio stations were off the air for almost two hours before midnight. The "Evening Standard" said that it understood the Allies raided military objectives in various parts of Germany last night.

The closing down of radio stations in Germany without warning usually indicates Allied air activity, British observers said. British official quarters, they further stated, frequently have stated that retaliation would follow German raids on non-military objectives. Therefore, they added, appropriate reprisals for the raid on Paris are anticipated though the zero hour naturally is a secret.—United Press.

French Take Reprisals

Paris, June 4.

The French air force already has taken reprisals for the German bombing of Paris yesterday, the War Office spokesman said today.

There would be other raids on Germany, he added, but he declined to comment further, maintaining an absolute secrecy regarding future reprisals.—United Press.

Fifth Column Drive In Yugoslavia

Officers of German Origin Being Dismissed

Belgrade, June 4.

Several decrees have appeared in the official military gazette lately withdrawing the commission of reserve army officers of German origin and belonging to the German minority.

No reason is given for these decrees and it would seem that they are a part of the measures being taken against a possible fifth column in Yugoslavia.

Thus, the military gazette of today publishes a decree withdrawing the commission of Ferdinand Ribovschek, alias Franz Perc, the editor of the "Deutsche Volksblatt," a newspaper published in German for the benefit of the German minority.—Havas.

More Belgians Called To Service

London, June 4.

A Belgian broadcast from France states the Belgian Government decreed that male Belgians between the ages of 19 and 35 will be called up immediately for military duties.

Those between 16 and 19, 35 and 45 are not yet included but may volunteer for service. Meanwhile, until they are required all Belgians in France are exhorted to take any work offered them, especially in agriculture and industry.—Reuter.

Turkish President Sees German Ambassador

Istanbul, June 4.

General Ismet Inonu, the President, yesterday received Herr Franz von Papen, German Ambassador to Turkey, and they conferred for more than 30 minutes, it was announced today. The subject of their conversation, however, was not divulged. —United Press.

Italy's Entry in War by Saturday Held Certain

(Continued from page 7)

"The life of Italians in Morocco is becoming impossible," the Casablanca despatch said. "On the slightest pretext the police search Italian homes, offices and shops. Permission to carry arms in self defence and hunting licenses have been revoked." —United Press.

Rumania Nervous

Bucharest, June 4.

With expected Italian participation in the war growing closer each hour, Rumania tightened her control today over the lives of private citizens and the city was placed under virtual martial law.

All persons are now required to carry identification cards and inability to produce the card on demand results in a jail sentence. Foreigners are forbidden to leave Bucharest without special permission.

The streets are full of soldiers in full war kit who have been arresting and questioning suspects for days. The capital is alive with rumours, one of the most widely believed being that on Italy's entry into the war, Hungary will also join in and will seize a slice of Rumanian territory in the north with the full support of Germany. It was asserted that Hungarian army detachments which have been stationed on the Yugoslavian border have been moved north in the last few days to areas bordering Rumania and Soviet Russia. Domei.

Spain Believed Neutral

London, June 4.

Britain has "good reason to believe that the Spanish Government desires to maintain its complete neutrality," official quarters said here last night. The statement was made following reports that Spain and Rumania might follow Italy into the European war on the side of Germany.

Meanwhile, the Foreign Minister, Viscount Halifax, disclosed in a speech yesterday that the Duke of Kent intends to visit Lisbon at the end of his month.

Viscount Halifax, said the Duke of Kent would "represent the King at the Congress of the Portuguese World celebrating the centenary of the independence of Portugal. — United Press.

May Not Act Immediately

Paris, June 4.

Well-informed French quarters express the view that while a possibility of Italy's entering the war on Germany's side cannot be ignored, she may not take a decisive step immediately.

It is stated that everything leads to a belief that Germany is about to attempt a new offensive against France and it would be important from the German point of view that as large French reserves of manpower as possible be kept in another sector.

Undoubtedly if Italy entered the war French troops would have to be sent to the south-east but France would have to be certain of Italy's entry before she sent them. Some French observers are asking themselves whether Italy's insistence that she is about to enter the war is not aimed at convincing France of this, rendering Germany an important service.—Reuter.

German Troops Said Massing

New York, June 4.

The "New York Times" correspondent in Belgrade says that, according to unconfirmed reports, German troops are massing in the neighbourhood of Vienna.

It is believed that they are being held ready to cross the Italian frontier to help the Italians in a flank attack on France.

The correspondent adds that Italian readiness to accept German help is apparent from information that German submarines, manned by German crews, are lying in bases in the Dodecanese islands.—Reuter.

Americans Advised to Leave

Jerusalem, June 4.

The United States Government has advised Americans to leave the Near East, it was learned today. Only a few of the 3,500 American citizens in Palestine, however, have decided to return home.—United Press.

French Unconcerned

Paris, June 4.

With France ready to meet any emergency and resist any Italian attack, French observers today said that it did not make much difference whether Italy immediately begins hostilities against the Allies or whether her entry into the war is preceded by a "peace offensive."

Open Italian intervention is now generally considered imminent, they said. If, however, Premier Benito Mussolini presents a plan of peace based upon the acceptance of the territorial changes Germany thus far has accomplished and upon the well-known Italian claims in the Mediterranean, the Allies can answer only in the negative, they emphasized.

France is fully competent to meet any Italian move, whether it will be on the Alps' frontier, in Corsica, Africa or Syria, they pointed out.

While Italy's decision already has been reached, the basis of co-operation between the Reich and Italy is still considered not clear, French political experts said.

Whether Italy will wage war "independently" instead of following the Reich's military and political lead is much discussed.

Thus, Mme. Genevieve Tabouis, foreign editor of the "Oeuvre," said, "Leading Nazi quarters believe that Il Duce, if he becomes a belligerent, would not strictly follow Der Fuehrer's advice.

"Against the Fuehrer's wish he would certainly seek to achieve some gain in the Balkans which would involve consequences dreaded by the Fuehrer."

On the other hand, the "Paris Soir" suggested that one of the aims of the German bombing raids on south-eastern France was to force Italy's hand by creating an Italo-French incident.

According to the "Paris Soir," German planes first flew down the Rhone Valley as far as the sea and then turned around and flew northward, creating the impression that the raiders came from the Mediterranean.

"Would the Germans have acted differently if they had wanted to cause confusion and create an incident between Italy and France two days before Il Duce's speech? Italy's imminent intervention is generally considered as having aggravated the situation in the Balkans," the "Paris Soir" said.—United Press.

Council of Ministers

Rome, June 4.

The Council of Ministers met here today under the chairmanship of Signor Mussolini and conferred for one and a half hours.

Following the meeting, an official communique was issued which stated that measures of an administrative character were adopted.

Among the most important decisions taken during the meeting were: The employment of pensioners and women to ensure the functioning of civil services in place of the masculine staff called to the colours; The granting of further credits to the Navy Ministry for the construction of new warships. The extent of the credits was not specified; To increase the number of admissions to the naval college.

The Council also adopted a decree extending to Italian Africa, the law providing for the organization of the country in time of war.—Havas.

Tension Eases Slightly

Rome, June 4.

Despite approval of the decree providing for wartime discipline in all branches of industry, tension over Italy's entry into the European war was eased slightly today when it was officially announced that the Fascist Grand Council would not meet tonight.

The Council was to have met tonight after the session of the Council of Ministers and it was generally expected that Premier Benito Mussolini would make a highly important announcement.

Il Duce, it was learned, told his Ministers what he expected them to do in the event Italy enters the conflict. They enthusiastically applauded him, shouting, "Count on us," authoritative quarters said.

Count Galeazzo Ciano, Foreign Minister, reported on the international situation to the Council of Ministers. Meanwhile, the Cabinet announced that civil mobilization will be extended to Italian African colonies along the same lines as applies in Italy.

Another vivid indication of the growing war fever in Italy was seen in a message to Il Duce by the Alpine soldiers of the 1910 class who are attending a rally at Turin at present. They declared they were ready for Il Duce's command to start a victorious march beyond the mountains.

"The Alpine troops reaffirm their faith in you, Il Duce, and salute you with a cry which can be heard beyond the Alps," the message said. "We, who are constructors of works for human civilization and soldiers who have fought the hardest battles from Dogali to Spain as well as guardians of the highest attributes of the nation, await your command to hurl ourselves beyond the mountains toward victory."—United Press.

Italian Ship Cancels Trip

Cairo, June 4.

An Italian steamer of 4,013 tons which was due to sail from Alexandria tomorrow for Syria to pick up passengers, is now leaving tomorrow direct for Naples without passengers, it was announced today. —Reuter.

German Consulate in Adriatic Enlarged

Paris, June 4.

Evidently in order to strengthen German influence in the Adriatic, the small consulate at Splitz has been considerably enlarged and handed to the Counsellor of the German Legation in Belgrade, who has replaced a Yugoslav who was formerly in charge. Splitz, or Spalato, is a seaport of Dalmatia, Yugoslavia, on a peninsular projecting into the Adriatic.—Reuter.

Withdrawal was Carried Out Mainly by Volunteers

(Continued from page 7)

forces have been comparatively small."

The statement concludes: "The loss of the destroyers Grafton, Grenade and Wakeful was announced on May 30. The destroyers Basilisk, Keith and Havant also have been sunk by enemy action. Of the more than 170 minor war vessels engaged in the operation, 24 have been lost. These comprise one fleet minesweeper, one gunboat, one Fleet Air Arm tender, five paddle minesweepers, eight trawlers, three drifters, two armed boarding vessels, one damlaying vessel and two tugs."—Reuter.

North-west France Raid Alarm

Paris, June 3.

Air raid sirens hooted out their warning throughout north-western France at 10.05 p.m. today and the "all clear" was sounded only at 11.10 p.m.—Havas.

Bomber Driven Off British Coast

London, June 4.

A German Heinkel bomber appeared over the south-east coast of England yesterday but was driven out to sea by Royal Air Force craft. Machine gunning was heard later, after which the R.A.F. planes were seen to return. —United Press.

Chinese Shot in Alley Off Kiaochow Road

An unidentified Chinese was severely wounded at about 9 p.m. last night when he was shot at by three Chinese gunmen in an alleyway off Kiaochow Road, near Robison Road.

The victim was at a Chinese theatre when he was called out and shot by the gunmen. He was immediately rushed to Paulun Hospital where his condition was found to be serious.

The attempt is not considered to be of a political motive and it is suggested that "love triangle" is the most probable cause of the shooting.

Since the man was shot in the Chinese territory, the Police of the City Government of Shanghai are investigating the case.

Foreigner Held-up by Robbers in Wayside

While walking inside the Kungping Terrace on Kungping Road at about 2 a.m. yesterday, a foreigner was assaulted by two unknown foreigners and robbed of about $340 in notes. Before the victim could raise an alarm, the assailants got away in the darkness. Wayside police station was informed but no arrests have yet been made.

Paris Calm After Nazi Air Attack

(Continued from page 7)

Several fires boke out as high-explosive bombs struck houses, but most of them were extinguished within a few minutes of their outbreak as well-prepared firemen were on the spot with all the means necessary to combat just such blazes.

Workers Killed

One of the most serious fires of the afternoon was caused by a bomb which burst in a large industrial plant in the suburbs. A number of workers inside was killed or injured; they were immediately removed, while their fellow-workers continued with their job.

Hardest hit of the Paris districts was the peaceful suburb of Bois de Doulogne. A seven-storey apartment house was struck by a particularly large bomb, and the missile penetrated from the roof right to the first floor of the building.

The Passy and Auteuil suburbs were also heavily bombed and many residences were struck. Very many of the buildings in these quarters have not any window panes left intact.

The anti-air raid organization worked perfectly this afternoon and in every case where there was a fire, caused by one of the hundreds of incendiary bombs dropped by the raiders, or where there were injuries, immediate care was given.

This smooth functioning on the part of the fire department, the Red Cross and the various other units of the anti-air raid precautions system permitted a return to normal by late this afternoon.

High Altitude

Only signs of the raid at that time were three columns of smoke rising from the ruins of three buildings hit by the bombers during the last minutes of the raid. Firemen were engaged in quenching the fires. Here and there throughout the city, small areas were roped off and workers were busy clearing up wreckage.

Today's first raid on Paris was carried out by formations of heavy bombers closely protected by a large number of pursuits. They were engaged by French fighter planes and anti-aircraft units and were compelled to remain at a very high altitude, ranging between 23,000 and 26,000 feet.

Bitter fights were staged high above the capital, laid out in a criss-cross pattern below. French planes and "archie" guns accounted together for at least seventeen of the enemy craft, whose wreckage was found by this evening in the suburbs and vicinity of Paris.

The raid was carried out by formations of about eighteen planes each of which came in waves. There was no dive bombing, and this explained the Germans' failure to hit any military objectives at all.

Raiding craft appeared to have been divided into two groups; one group of planes carried comparatively small bombs and seemed to be aiming at nothing particular, merely scattering their missiles over the whole city; the second group loosed heavy bombs at their objectives, but apart from hitting the military hospital, caused no damage of importance.—Havas.

Roosevelt Calls Bullitt

Washington, June 4.

President Roosevelt last night called the U.S. Ambassador to Paris, Mr. William C. Bullitt, by telephone immediately upon receiving news of the Ambassador's escape from a German bomb which landed near him but failed to explode, in Paris. "God must be with me," Mr. Bullitt told the President.—United Press.

French Aroused

Paris, June 4.

The German air raid on Paris yesterday is stigmatized by the press here as a flagrant violation of the solemn undertaking of the belligerents at the outbreak of the war that air attacks would not be made on the civilian population.

The fact that a number of children were the first victims of this violation has aroused especial indignation. Newspapers declare that the Germans had hoped to affect military defence or national morale by this raid. "The result," they add, "is nil, and it has only aroused the people to greater determination and desire for vengeance."—Reuter.

London Angered

London, June 4.

A wave of anger and indignation swept over the capital today as newspapers and broadcasting stations announced the bombing of Paris by German planes.

The German assertion that only military objectives, mostly airports, were aimed at was ridiculed in London where it is pointed out that there were many civilian casualties.

Public opinion hopes that the Allies will not allow this action to get by without retaliation. The belief prevails that the Allied air force have not bombed German areas sufficiently in the past and it is stressed that Germany must pay for her voluntary violations of the rules of warfare. German industrial towns, it is emphasized, must not be spared.—Havas.

Chile Aroused

Santiago, June 4.

The bombing of Paris, during which a bomb hit the residence of the Counsellor to the Chilean Legation, has aroused public opinion in this country.

It is being stressed that the Allies did not start bombing open towns and that therefore any reprisals would be fully justified.

Senor Adberto MacKenna, Chairman of the Chilean Branch of the France-America Society, stated today that the bombing was worthy of the brigands who make it a policy of attacking weak countries and defenceless towns.

The Chilean Government, he added, must protest to Hitler against the violation of Chilean sovereignty caused by the damaging of the Counsellor's residence.—Havas.

Lone German Plane Appears

Paris, June 4.

Anti-aircraft batteries burst into furious action today at 9.20 a.m. when a lone reconnaissance plane flew over Paris at an altitude of 25,000 feet.

The plane soared exactly over the United Press officers in the heart of Paris and was bracketed by dozens of bursts of shell fire. There were no bombs dropped. No air raid alarms were sounded.—United Press.

Still More Troops Arrive In England

(Continued from page 7)

first thought they would be able to along the Oise French artillery batteries opened fire against enemy troop concentrations.—Havas.

close the gap, and the Armies of the north were under their orders. Moreover, retirement then would have involved almost certainly destruction of the fine Belgian Army of over 20 divisions and abandonment of the whole of Belgium.

"Therefore, when the force and scope of the German penetration were realized, and when the French Generalissimo Weygand assumed command in place of General Gamelin, an effort was made by the French and British Armies in Belgium to keep on holding the right hand of the Belgians and to give their own right hand to a newly-created French Army which was to have advanced on the Somme in great strength to clasp it. The German eruption, however, swept to the right and rear of the Armies in the north. Eight or nine armoured divisions, each of about 400 armoured vehicles of different kinds, were employed. This force cut off all communications between us and the main French Armies.—Reuter.

Tanks Bogged

Paris, June 4.

While fighting continued to rage violently and relentlessly around Dunkirk, Allied troops, despite air bombings and the heavy shelling of German artillery units, proceeded methodically with their withdrawal this morning.

Since the region around Dunkirk was flooded last week, water has penetrated deeply into the ground and the entire area is a huge quarmire in which tanks are bogged and motorized units useless.

Despite the huge difficulties encountered, however, the German forces persist in their attacks against the Allied defence lines. As soon as they set foot on the strips of dry ground, the Allied troops force them back into the swamps. Every building is used as a pill-box from where machine-guns strafe the enemy.

While these fights go on, the evacuation of troops proceeds at the same rhythm day and night. Section by section and company by company, the soldiers arrive at the beaches and wade knee-deep in the water until they reach the steamers, freighters, yachts, and other vessels which are to take them back to England or France.

The German air force is trying its best to sink as many as possible of the transports taking the troops back home, while the torpedo-equipped motor-boats are also very active.

British and French destroyers are convoying the transports. They have already sunk a number of the motor-boats and their anti-aircraft batteries have taken a heavy toll of enemy bombers.

Along the rest of the war front the situation is quiet in general. Yesterday, the Germans made two or three weak attempts to capture French outposts but were easily repelled. This took place in the Saar region, while

Allies Counter-Attack

Paris, June 3.

Allied forces covering the final stages of the evacuation of Flanders today launched repeated counter-attacks against the enemy, who relentlessly continued pounding at Dunkirk in a desperate effort to prevent embarkations, the French General Staff communique declared this evening.

"The French Navy, like the British Navy," the communique continued, "is co-operating, under enemy fire, in the defence of Dunkirk and is proceeding successfully to embark troops in accordance with orders from the High Command, giving an example of the greatest bravery."

Turning to operations on other fronts, the communique briefly stated: "The enemy today launched, without success, a local attack against our advanced posts in the region of Saint-Avold. The enemy are reinforcing themselves on the right bank of the River Aisne and are establishing closer contact with our positions west of the Saar.

"Our bombing craft last night attacked a great number of enemy aerodromes as well as communication lines," the communique concluded.

Ferocious Fighting

Fighting around Dunkirk today, supplementary reports asserted tonight reached a peak of ferocity never yet attained even in the epic Battle of Flanders. The Germans apparently massed all their resources for a final large-scale drive against Allied lines.

Details of the day's fighting were not available this evening, but it was gathered from short despatches that weight of numbers was beginning to tell and the Germans secured "certain local advantages." The slight progress that the massed German forces did make was made at an enormous cost in men and materials, however.

Hostilities around Dunkirk during the last two days, military experts here declared, analysing reports from the north, were obviously of an intensity rarely known. They were full of praise for the gallant resistance still put up by the Allied troops "who have been constantly harassed by superior forces in a campaign of 20 days, who have been bombed incessantly for weeks, who have been placed between the sea and much larger enemy forces."

Furious German Attacks

Even under these conditions, the Allied troops, the experts pointed out, not only withstood the shock of repeated attacks, but even carried out numerous counter-attacks. The Germans yesterday concentrated all the fury of their war machine on the defenders of Dunkirk and launched attacks from all quarters on the Allied positions, which are flanked by flooded areas.

Enemy assaults were pursued throughout the day and at one time the Germans pierced French lines at a single point and penetrated some distance into Allied territory. By the end of the day, French counter-attacks had forced the enemy back to their original positions, however.

The fighting that was going on around Dunkirk this evening, the military observers concluded, will be continued tomorrow even as the Allies are completing final evacuation operations.—Havas.

Germans Three Miles from Dunkirk

At a South-East English Port, June 4.

British soldiers arriving here from Flanders late yesterday said that German forces were only three miles from Dunkirk at noon yesterday.

French and British troops along the sandy beach were making a gallant last stand against the Germans as Allied naval forces continued their efforts to rescue every man possible, it was said. "The French are attacking the Germans magnificently," one British arrival from Dunkirk said.

Reports brought by returning Allied troops indicated that the Germans had succeeded in breaking through the ring of 39 French forts twelve miles outside Dunkirk and had also penetrated areas flooded by the Allies by opening canal locks.

German artillery yesterday laid down a virtual blanket of shrapnel over the Dunkirk beach where Allied troops sought shelter by digging themselves holes and trenches in the sand. Hundreds of German planes bombed and machine-gunned the Allies from the air.

Allied arrivals from Dunkirk indicated there would be no surrender and that the battle at Dunkirk would continue until the last Allied soldier on the beach had been killed or rescued.

No Surrender

Allied troops arriving from Dunkirk yesterday gave the appearance of having been through a nightmare. Many of the soldiers had not slept for more than a week and were on the verge of collapse. Some of them had spent the entire week on the Dunkirk beach, subject to almost continuous bombardment from the land and air, while awaiting their turn to embark for England.

Uniforms on the men arriving yesterday were tattered and covered with mud and blood. Most of the soldiers had beards and their eyes were red from lack of sleep.

After arriving in England the B.E.F. survivors are immediately placed on trains for military camps in other parts of the country where they will be reorganized and given an opportunity to recover from their experience in France and Belgium.—United Press.

OBITUARY

London, June 4.

The Earl of Erne, Irish peer, has died of wounds.—Reuter.

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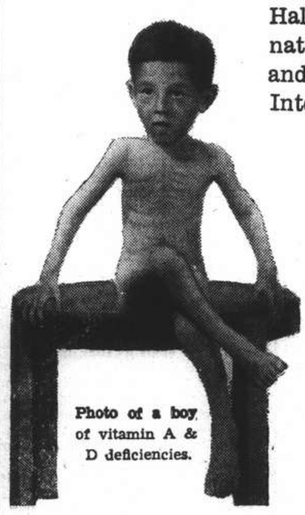

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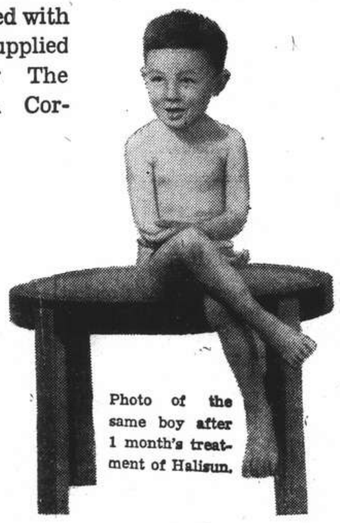

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FROM DAY TO DAY

H. E. Baron J. Guillaume, Belgian Ambassador to China, and family have left yesterday for Peiping.

The N.Y.K. Liner ss. Hakone Maru will sail for Liverpool from the N.Y.K. Wharf at Whangpoo Road at noon today.

Ss. Hoten Maru of the D.K.K. line will sail for Tsingtao and Dairen from the D.K.K. Whangpoo Wharf at 10 a.m. today.

Mr. C. D. Dixon, of Tientsin, has received news that his son, Flying Officer Herbert Dixon, was reported missing on May 27.

Mr. Wei Ta-tung, Director of the Department of Civil Affairs of the Ministry of Justice, has been relieved of his post and appointed Judge and concurrently president of the High Court in Shensi province, states the "Sin Wan Pao."

Mr. A. Q. Adamson, who for many years was associated with the Chinese Y.M.C.A. building programme, has been appointed executive secretary of the Navy Y.M.C.A., Hankow. He is leaving shortly and will relieve Mr. Gibson, who with his wife are returning to the United States on furlough.

Prince Aly Khan, elder son of the Aga Khan, who holds a commission in the French Foreign Legion was one of Gen. Weygand's A.D.C.'s in the Near East. He has an English wife, who was the former wife of Mr Loel Guinness, and is a daughter of the charming actress, Miss Denise Orme, who became Lady Churston.

It is announced by the Post Office that postmen are strictly forbidden to solicit gratuities from the public. The public are requested to reject any demand from the postmen for gratuities and report under letter to the Post Office the particulars and the number appearing on the uniform of the postman at fault for disciplinary action.

His Excellency Dr. Lébre e Lima, Portuguese Minister to China will make a personal broadcast tonight at 9.30 over the French Broadcasting Station F.F.Z. The Minister will speak in English on the 800th anniversary of Portugal which was celebrated yesterday by the Portuguese community, and will specially address the Portuguese of the interior.

The National Dramatic Academy at Chungking has been reorganized and renamed the National Dramatic College, states a message from the war-time capital to the "Sin Wan Pao." The National Dramatic Academy was established in Nanking in 1935, the report adds. By order of the Ministry of Education, a five year course to train dramatic talent will be offered, the journal says.

Many large Chinese manufacturing firms in Shanghai have been affected by the refusal of the Chinese Government authorities to issue permits to those companies which have failed to pay their wartime surplus profit tax and income tax, says the "Sin Wan Pao." Among the firms affected are many cotton and yarn textile producers who have been marketing their goods in "Free China" areas, the report adds.

One of the most able and most popular leaders the teachers of England ever had, Mr. Walter Bentiff, has died recently at the age of 81. It was the great political fight over education in the early years of this century which brought him to the front. Most of his life as a schoolmaster was spent in Clapham.

Lord Haw-Haw may find more than his match in Mr. Ivone Kirkpatrick, who is being lent by the Foreign Office to Sir John Reith to supervise foreign propaganda. He, knows Germany well. He has served in Berlin during most of the Nazi regime, and accompanied Sir Nevile Henderson to Godesberg for the conference with Hitler. With this knowledge he combines a forceful personality, sharp wit, and an unfailing sense of humour.

If trouble should ever break out in the Near East we shall hear a lot of Air Chief Marshal Sir William Mitchell, who commands the R.A.F. out there. His nickname, "Ginger Mitch," is due as much to his vigorous personality as to the colour of his hair. He has flown since 1913, and still, at 52, takes a machine into the air whenever he gets a chance. The extent of his territory, as Middle East C.-in-C., shows how strategy has been revolutionized by the air arm. It includes East Africa, Egypt, and the Sudan, Palestine, and Transjordan.

S.S.P.C.A. to Have Own Premises

Casa d'Italia Bought Through Generosity of Patron of Society

After struggling along for 40 years with inadequate resources and waging an admittedly unequal fight against conditions which probably exist nowhere else in the world, the Shanghai Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals is now definitely looking forward to the possession of land and buildings of its own which will form a Central Headquarters from which the more successfully to carry out the humane work which it is the aim and object of the society to further.

This new development—the purchase of the buildings and land of the Casa d'Italia (Italian Club) at 265 Rue Maresca—has been made possible by the generosity of Mrs. Margaret Ravenscroft, of Santa Barbara, California, who is a life member of the society and who has taken a great interest in its activities for some time past. It is about a year ago since Mrs. Ravenscroft indicated her willingness to defray the cost of acquiring a central headquarters for the society if suitable premises and location could be found within the foreign-controlled areas, and the committee of the Society has since been on the look out for such a place. Quite recently it was learned that the Italian Club premises and grounds were on the market for sale, and as they answer requirements to the proverbial "T", they have now been acquired.

Certain alterations and repairs are necessary and these will be generously paid for by Mr. Eric Moller, senior, while Messrs. Davies, Brooke & Gran have promised their services free as architects. When the premises have been finally put into shape they will be able to provide the society's main offices, meeting rooms, residential quarters for the permanent staff, dispensary, garage for the ambulance and float, etc. A Buildings Sub-Committee has been appointed for the purpose of seeing that the necessary alterations and other relevant matters are well supervised and meet with the approval of the society's benefactors.

Animal Shelter Planned

There is no intention that these fine premises on Rue Maresca—in the midst of a residential district—shall be used in any way detrimental to the amenities of the neighbourhood. Fortunately the society has received an offer of several mow of land outside the limits of the International Settlement, free of cost, which it is intended eventually to use as an "Animal Shelter" and place of rest, so soon as conditions make it possible.

The tremendous value which this generous gift of a central headquarters will be to the society needs little stressing. The society has had an uphill fight for far too many years. In practically every other country of the world humane laws for the protection of animals exist, but China has remained an exception. It has been left to voluntary effort in this city to do something to lessen the great amount of thoughtless cruelty which is inflicted every day on beasts and birds, especially in connection with the marketing of food, and the possession by the society of its own premises from which it can operate and carry out its work will be a tremendous asset from the point of organization and also a valuable gain in prestige.

The S.S.P.C.A. is an international organization and an increase in its membership would help to spread its power for good in this great city.

Air Service Opened To Hangchow

A new air service has just been opened by the China Aviation Company, a Japanese managed concern, between Shanghai and Hangchow, states the "Sin Shun Pao." A passenger 'plane left Shanghai on June 1 at 9 a.m. for Hangchow reaching its destination 50 minutes later. The return trip was made at 2 p.m. arriving at 2.50 p.m. The new Hangchow office of the company is in Ying Chi Road. The company is also planning to start air services between Shanghai, Canton and Tsingtao.

"China Digest-Spotlite"

Photographs of refugee relief work undertaken by Chinese, Japanese and foreign organizations illustrate this month's "China Digest incorporating Spotlite." "News in the Spotlite," pages of topical news brevities, also has its photographs. Getting away from the news, the rest of the magazine contains a collection or short articles, amusing and instructive, gathered from newspapers and periodicals in all parts of the globe.

Watch Over National Guard Armouries

New York, June 4.

The Governors of the States of New York and New Jersey have ordered a strict watch over all National Guard territorial armouries by armed soldiers. The watch is to be maintained 24 hours a day. Meanwhile, the hiring of armouries to civilians for social and non-military purposes has been forbidden.—Reuter.

Annual Meeting of Engineers

New Officers and Council Elected; Places of Interest Visited

Members of the Engineering Society of China met for their annual meeting at the Henry Lester Institute of Medical Research, 1320 Avenue Road, on Monday at 5.15 p.m. when the Report of the Council for 1939-40 was presented and the Officers and Council elected for the ensuing year.

Mr. N. W. B. Clarke was elected President, while Messrs. W. P. Rial and F. J. Hookham were elected Vice-Presidents. The Council will consist of the following:—Messrs. J. A. Bonnyman, J. A. Favret, W. W. Jourdin, A. B. Rayworth, F. J. Sanger, H. M. Swann, J. B. Watson, W. H. Wei, G. A. Clayton, R. G. Fuller, A. M. Stickels and J. Yoh.

The report of the council stated that the number of members had increased by 66 members in comparison with 1939. Thirteen ordinary meetings were held through the year and four papers sponsored by the Society during the Session. These were as follows:—"The Warming of Buildings by Electrical Thermal Storage", "Byproducts of the Manufacture of Town Gas", "Presidential Address" and "Deep Well Pumping." Special lectures were delivered by Mr. F. J. Sanger on Elementary Soil Mechanics.

Library Closed

Several publications were added to the library, but due to the fact that many books require to be re-bound and listed, the library must be considered as temporarily closed until the beginning of the next session.

Three places of interest were visited during the session, the largest attendance being that on February 24, 1940, when over 100 persons went to the Zikawei Observatory. The Ewo Brewery and the Electric and Musical Industries (China) Ltd. were also visited.

At the close of the meeting, Mr. A. F. Gimson proposed a vote of thanks to Mr. A. J. Percival, the outgoing President, while Mr. J. Haynes Wilson thanked the Honorary Secretary, Mr. W. Miles, the Honorary Treasurer, Mr. J. T. Rogers, and the Honorary Editor, Mr. N. Maas. The outgoing council was also thanked for the work done during the session 1939-40.

British House Robbed in Great Western Road

Breaking into the house of Mr. W. G. Bown at 127 Great Western Road, at about 9.10 a.m. yesterday afternoon, four Chinese, of whom two were armed with pistols, succeeded in getting away with some money and jewellery.

The bandits, probably aware that Mr. Bown was not at home, entered by the front door and, intimidating the Chinese servants and Mrs. Bown, decamped with their loot.

Bubbling Well police station was notified and investigations are under way.

Gunfire Heard in South England

London, June 3.

Violent gunfire was heard in several parts of southern England and off the south coast shortly before midnight tonight.—Havas.

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Appalling Conditions In East Chekiang

People Starving for Lack Of Rice

Uneasiness again prevails in Chinese circles in Shanghai, especially among Chinese house wives, because the price of rice has increased by about $5 per picul during the past few days owing to several reasons, chief of which is the unprecedented shortage of the grain in east Chekiang which is now depending on this city for its supply and relief. The price of rice now has reached $53 here and further increases are expected if the situation does not improve.

Appalling scenes in east Chekiang are described by the Chinese press, especially in the famous wine-producing district of Shaoshing, where people and children often die these days of starvation as the price of rice there has touched the $100 mark. It is stated that it is a usual thing in the district that children go to sleep in the evening and fail to get up the next day, having nothing to eat. Many are contented with eating grass, it is said. Ningpo merchants in Shanghai are launching a campaign for funds to buy Saigon rice for the relief of their relatives and friends in their native districts. Hundreds of bags of Saigon rice have been sent there already.

Radio College Head Succumbs to Wounds

Mr. Chang Chao-yung Dies At Paulun Hospital

Mr. Chang Chao-yung, principal of Shanghai Trade Radio College, at 211 Mohawk Road, succumbed at 3 a.m. yesterday to the wounds inflicted by four men on Monday night.

As reported in yesterday's "North-China Daily News," four men broke into the school while the evening lessons were given and opened fire at the principal.

Mr. Chang was rushed to the Paulun Hospital, but in spite of all measures taken to save his life, he died early yesterday morning. Mr. Chang, who was a native of Sungkiang, was 42 years old and lived with his family next door to the school.

The murder still remains a mystery and the Police have been unable to ascertain whether it was political, since the deceased was not known to belong to any party.

Armed Chinese Rob House in Sinza Road

At about 11.20 p.m. on Monday, six male Chinese, two of whom were armed with pistols, and one female broke into 461 Sinza Road and, intimidating the occupants, stole money and clothing to an unknown value. The Chinese, who spoke Northern and Shanghai dialects, got away before an alarm could be made. No shots were fired.

Chinese Oppose Tax Increase by F.M.C.

Petition to Concession Authorities Sent

In a letter forwarded to the Municipal Council of the French Concession, the Chinese Ratepayers Association in the Concession asks Council to reconsider its proposal for increasing the "land tax" and "vehicle tax" as from July 1. It is contended that the budget shows a surplus and that therefore an increase of taxes is not necessary. While not belittling the importance of taxation as a source of income, retrenchment is strongly advocated.

It is stated in the letter that the proposed increase of taxes is an all-round increase, the highest increase being over 40 per cent. The problem of livelihood has been rendered more difficult than before since the withdrawal of Chinese authorities from Shanghai, it is explained, and the impending increase in the taxes will give a pretext to landlords to increase rents, which in turn will give rise to rent disputes.

It is also contended that increased taxes will cause merchants to increase prices. Price increases are contrary to the policy at present adopted by the Concession authorities, aiming at reducing prices, it is stated. Furthermore, it is pointed out, increased taxes will affect peace and order.

Task of Spanish Mission In Japan Outlined

To Establish Economic And Other Relations

Tokyo, June 4.

The task of the Spanish economic mission now visiting this country consists of establishing relations in all branches of activities, especially in the economic field, between Japan and Spain, declares Lt.-General Alberto Castro Hirona, head of the mission, in a statement issued from the Imperial Hotel.

The statement expresses warm appreciation of the cordial invitation extended by the Japan Chamber of Commerce and Industry.

The mission arrived in Tokyo last night and was met at the station by the Spanish Minister, Senor Mendez de Vigo, the Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr. Masayuki Tani, and other high officials of the Foreign Office, Major-General Muto, Director of the Military Administration Bureau of the War Office, and many business leaders.—Reuter.

Witness Cautioned at H.M. Police Court

Pleading that he was away from town, Mr. F. E. Hagedon Ribeiro, 622/3 Avenue Joffre, Flat 22, was cautioned at H. M. Police Court by H. M. Registrar Mr. C. H. Haines, for failing to give information leading to identification of driver of car No. 1838, who committed a breach of traffic regulations on April 22.

Tokyo Still Concerned Over N.E.I.

Economic Importance Of Vital Influence

Tokyo, June 4.

"Japan cannot remain unconcerned at any development which may change existing conditions in the Netherlands Indies," declared Mr. Hachiro Arita, Foreign Minister, in a speech here last night.

"Our concern is not limited to maintenance of the *status quo*. Owing to their resources, trade potentialities and industrial possibilities, it is only natural that Japan should be seriously concerned about the economic status of the Dutch Indies.

"Peace and stability in the true sense of the term depend upon the principle of mutual economic relations and interdependence. Not a few of the so-called Pacific questions could be traced to the 'unjust situation' caused by the absence of such relations.

"Construction of a new world order which should follow the present war should necessarily be founded on a solution of this basic issue."—Reuter.

War Fund Contribution From Tientsin

Tientsin, June 3.

The Tientsin British War Fund has received the following letter of acknowledgement from the Lord Mayor of London:—

"I have received with very great pleasure and satisfaction your Memorandum of the 1st of March, covering a cheque for £500, contributed by the Tientsin British War Fund, in aid of the British Red Cross and St. John Fund, for which I have appealed.

"I shall be much obliged if you will be good enough to convey to all who have been associated with the raising of this gift, an expression of my cordial thanks for their generous efforts on behalf of the Fund."—Havas.

The CATHAY HOTEL Daily from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. Sundays from 9 a.m. to 12 noon.

BARBER SHOPS

HYGIENIC AND UP-TO-DATE

MODERATE CHARGES

The METROPOLE HOTEL Daily from 8 a.m. to 7 p.m. Sundays from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m.

FORD TAXIS TELEPHONE 30189

AFTER TO-MORROW

20th Drawing

First Prize will exceed

$50,000

Many other substantial prizes

GIVE YOURSELF A CHANCE:

BUY YOUR TICKET NOW!

$5 per ticket divided into five shares of $1 each

An extra $1 share is given free—if you buy $10 worth of tickets at one time.

ON SALE EVERYWHERE

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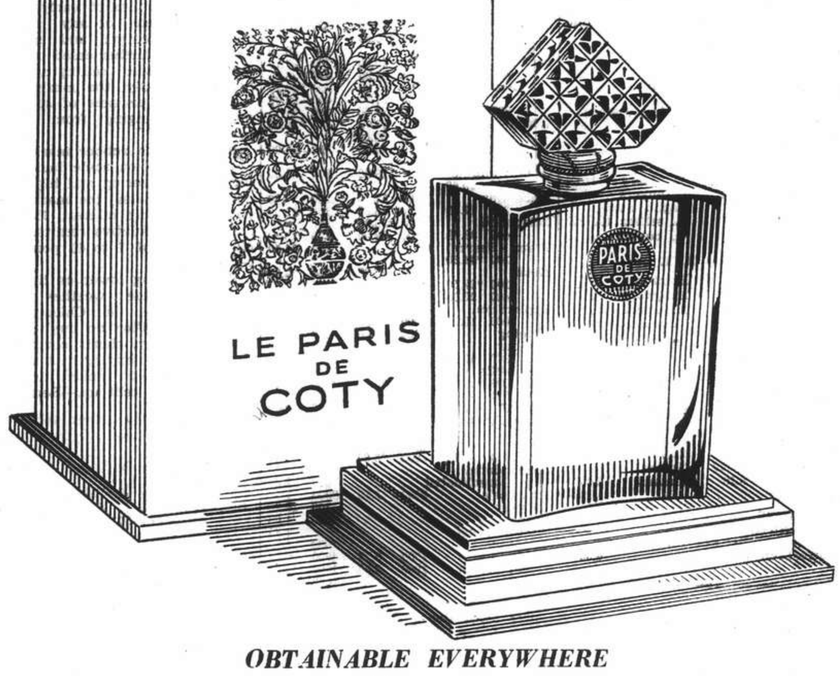

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989 BUBBLING WELL ROAD

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

TUESDAY, JUNE 4, 1940

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 1/32d.	$ 68.21
U.S. $100 @ 4 1/8	$2,077.92
Francs 260	$100
Yen 20 1/4	100
Guilders 5	100
Rupees 20 1/8	100
Pesos 54 3/8	100
Hongkong $24 1/8	100

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 1/32d.	$ 61.93
U.S. $100 @ 5 1/8	$1,951.22
London—demand, $1=	3 1/32d.
4 months' sight credits	3 1/32d.
4 months' sight docts	3 1/32d.
6 months' sight credits	3 1/32d.
6 minths' sight docts	3 1/32d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S. [illegible]
4 months' sight credits	U.S.$5 1/8
4 months' sight docts	U.S.$5 1/4

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling 3 1/32d.	U.S. $5 1/8
Hongkong/London	1/23/32

WEI WAH DISCOUNT

Wei Wah $1,127.00 ..... C.N.$1,000.00

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders	Buying 10
Java Guilders	Selling 9 1/4

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying	U.S.$100=$1,951.219 £1=$61.93
Selling	U.S.$100=$2,000.000 £1=$64.000

ITALIAN BANK FOR CHINA

It. Lire 0.99=$1	Swiss Frs. 0.22 1/4=$1
Tourist Lire 1.18	$1

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling Selling Rate @ 6d per	H.H.$ 1
" Buying " @ 6 1/32 "	H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ Selling " @ 8 "	H.H.$100
" Buying " @ 8 1/4 "	H.H.$100
Local $ (Papi) selling @ 157 per	H.H.$100
buying @ 164 "	H.H.$100

CUSTOMS OFFICIAL RATES FOR DUTY PAYMENTS

Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing	$2,708
Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar	$4,496

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£	Highest	Lowest
U.S. B.$	5 1/8	4 31/32

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

	SELLING		BUYING	
	Cash	June		
£ T.T.	3 31/32	4 m/s. l.c.	3 31/32	
G.$ T.T.	5 1/32	4 m/s. l.c.	5 1/4	
Fcs. T.T.	279	4 m/s.	295	
Rs. T.T.	21 1/16	15 d/s.	21 3/4	

BAR SILVER

	READY	FOR'D
London pence per std. oz.	23 1/2	22 3/8
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	35 1/4	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	62.13	—
Bombay offtake 200 bars.		

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

New York closing Rate for Cash	3.20 1/16
Local sellers U.S.$ for Cash	3.18
Local buyers U.S.$ for Cash	3.20 1/16

The local exchange market opened with sellers to merchants at 3 3/4 sterling and 5.- U.S.$.

The Interbank market registered a further decline during the morning until resistance was encountered at 3 3/4d. sterling and 5.- U.S.$ for cash. In the afternoon, outport selling resulted in the recovery of the ground lost in the morning, and at the close, the market was quiet and steady at:—

3 1/8	sterling 5 1/16	U.S.$ Cash
3 3/8	" 5	" June

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, June 3.

Bombay, Rupee T. T. on:

Japan	99 1/4 N.	London	1/5 11/16
New York	353	2 mths	
Shanghai	24 1/2	" sellers	1/5 11/16
Hongkong	84	" buyers	1/5 13/16
		Japan 2 mths	
		" sellers	100 3/4 N.
		" buyers	96 N.

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.50	Bombay	1/6 1/32
Paris	176.50	Hongkong	1/3
Madrid	36.25	Singapore	2/4 7/32
Milan	62.75	Yokohama	1/0 5/8
Berne	17.85	" buying	1/5 1/2
Shanghai	4 15/16d.		

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Berlin	40.00 N	Japan	23.48
Paris	1.81 1/4	Shanghai	5.30
Italy	5.04 1/2	Hungary	17.70
S'zerland	22.42	Rumania	0.50
Sweden	23.85	Yugo Slavia	2.30
Montreal	78.500	Greece	0.61 1/2
Brazil	5.10	Finland	2.00

London	3.20 1/8
" Demand	3.20 1/4
Buenos Aires, Paper	29.78
" " " market rate	22.55
Montreal on London	4.08

—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:	June 3.	
Fine Banks Bills,	3 months	1 1/8%
Bank Bills,	6 months	1 1/8%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2 1/4%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3 1/4%
Call Money		0 1/8%

New York:	
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0 1/32%B 0 1/16%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0 3/32%B 0 1/8%A
Call Money	1%

B—Bid A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Bids in Pesos)

June 4.	Bid Prices a.m. Closing	p.m. Closing	
Atoks	.13	.13	
Antamok	.0775	.0775	S
Baguio Gold	.145	.15	S
Batong Buhay	.0065	.0065	S
Benguet Consolidated	4.30 *	—	
Big Wedge	.14	.14	
Cico Grove	.06	.06	
Consolidated Mines	.0013	.0013	
Demonstration	.054	.054	
East Mindanao	.0625	.0625	S
I. X. L.	.21	.21	S
Ipo Gold	Unq.	.05	
Itogen	.145	.142	S
Masbate Consolidated	.0625	.0625	
Mine Operations	.05	.052	S
North Camarines	.020	.020	
Paracale Gumaus	.12	.12	
San Mauricio	.49	.49	S
Surigao Consolidated	.1375	.14	
Suyoc	.09	.09	S
United Paracale	.15	.15	S
Mindanao Motherlode	.0675	.0675	S

*—Over counter. S—Sales.

Turnover for the Morning: 29,400 Pesos.

Shares Index: (Morning Session) 47.78.

—Reuter.

Silver Quotations

London, June 4.

Silver prices in London were fixed lower today, being listed at:—

	June 3	June 4
London spot	23 1/2d.	23d.
" forward	22 3/8d.	22d.
" gold	168/-	168/-

—Reuter.

Cross Rates

Yesterday's Closing

New York/London U.S.$3.20 1/8 74.97d.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

Another poor day's trading on the Exchange was seen with buyers apathetic. Towards the close the easiness that was apparent throughout the day became more pronounced and it began to look as though selling might become aggressive. Perhaps though this was somewhat illusory after a day of almost complete stagnation for the total turnover was only 153,972 shares.

Practically the whole list closed at the lows of the day though losses, were nothing serious.

Official Averages

1940 High	Low		Today's Average	Change
108.80	100.32	General	106.49	—0....
485.40	95.55	Rubbers	195.81	—5.1...

Total 153,972 shares, 447 bonds.

Morning Session

I. I. Trust (X.D.)	1000	13.00	2000	13.2...
	1000 *13.10	1000	13.10	1000	13.00
S'hai Loan	2000	15.00	500	14.8...
	500 14.50				
Yangtsze Finance	500	9.90	1000	9.80
	500 *9.80	500	9.75	500	*9.70
	500 9.70	500	9.65		
S'hai Securities	500	3.90	500	*3.90
	500 3.80				
Int. Assurance			500	11.90
China Realty	1000	*8.20	500	8.20
	500 *8.30	1000	8.30		
S'hai Land	500	10.70	1000	10.80
Central Prop.	800	15.00	100	15.10
Dotkyards	100	29.25	600	29.00
	200 28.75	500	*28.75	600	28.50
	500 28.75	500	29.00	700	29.50
	200 29.75	100	*29.80	1600	29.25
	3300 29.00	300	*29.25	300	*29.00
	2500 28.75	800	28.50	100	*28.50
	100 28.75	100	28.50		
Wheelock (Old)	200	57.00	100	56.00
	100 55.50	200	55.00	100	54.00
	100 53.50	300	53.00		
Wheelock (New)	100	45.00	300	46.50
C. G. Omnibus	100	*20.00	700	20.00
	100 20.25				
S'hai Gas	500	18.20	500	18.00
	200 *18.00	100	18.10	400	18.00
	100 17.90	100	17.80	200	17.50
Telephone	100	32.50	1200	32.75
Tram (Bearer)	£1		300	44.75
	200 44.50				
Metal	300	23.50	700	23.75
	100 24.00	300	*23.50	600	23.50
	400 23.25	200	*23.00	500	23.00
	400 22.75				
Kaiping			100	46.00
Exploration	1000	12.80	4000	12.90
	500 13.00	500	*12.80		
Lumber			500	41.00
Ewo Mills (Ord)	400	39.25	200	38.7...
	4900 39.00	300	*39.00	100	*38.75
	3500 38.75	3100	38.50		
China Finance			1000	0.90
Anglo Java	500	24.75	200	24.50
Batu Anam			1000	1.00
Cheng			3000	0.65
Java Consolidated			1000	2.80
Kota (X.D.)			1000	4.60
Kroewoek	1000	1.70	1000	1.6...
Langkat			200	16.30
Permata			1000	1.00
Repah			1000	1.00
Rubber Trust	1500	7.90	500	*7.90
Samagaga			1000	1.90
Kedah			500	8.50
Kelantan			1000	0.80
Tanah Merah			1000	2.80
Tebong	1000	1.36	1000	*1.32
Power 5 1/2% Debs.			4000	85.75
Telephone 6% Debs.			1000	*104.00

ODD LOTS

Telephone			60	32.25
Caldbeck Macg. (Ord)			40	24.00
Rubber Trust			125	7.85
S'hai Land	85	10.50	100	*10.50
Ewo Mills (Ord)			70	38.75
Int. Assurance			186	11.50
Exploration			100	13.20
China Realty			286	8.25

Afternoon Session

I. I. Trust			500	12.50
S'hai Loan			500	14.50
Yangtsze Finance	500	9.65	1000	*9.50
	1000 9.50	500	*9.65	500	9.45
	1000 9.30				
Int. Assurance			1000	11.80
China Realty	1000	8.30	3500	8.20
	1000 8.10				
S'hai Land	1000	10.50	500	10.60
	1000 10.40	1000	*10.50		
Central Prop.			400	15.00
Dockyards	1400	28.50	100	28.75
	200 *28.50	1000	28.25	400	*28.00
	1000 28.25	2300	28.00	200	*28.25
	100 *28.00	1100	27.75	400	28.00
	200 *27.50	200	27.50	100	27.75
Wheelock (Old)	400	53.00	100	*52.50
	100 52.50	400	52.00		
Wheelock (New)	200	45.00	500	44.00
	100 *44.00				
C. G. Omnibus	200	19.80	200	20.00
	100 19.50				
S'hai Gas	100	17.30	200	17.20
	200 17.10	100	16.80	100	16.50
Telephone	100	*33.00	100	33.00
	400 32.75	700	32.50	100	32.00
Tram (Bearer)	£1		700	44.50
	100 *44.50				
Metal	200	22.75	300	22.50
	100 *22.50	100	22.25	200	22.50
	400 22.00	900	21.50	200	21.25
Exploration	500	12.70	1000	*12.80
	1000 12.70	1000	12.50	500	12.20
Kaiping	400	46.00	100	45.75
Lumber	100	40.50	100	40.25
	300 40.00	100	39.25		
Ewo Mills (Ord)	800	38.50	2200	38.25
	500 *38.25	3500	38.00	1700	37.75
	500 37.50	200	*37.50		
S'hai Cotton			50	200.00
China Finance			1000	0.90
Anglo Java	200	23.75	700	23.50
Cheng	1000	0.65	1000	0.64
	2000 0.63	1000	*0.64		
Consolidated			500	*6.70
Java Consolidated			1000	2.60
Kroewoek	2000	1.62	2000	1.60
Langkat			100	16.20
Repah			2000	1.08
Rubber Trust			1	7.85
Samagaga			1000	1....
Kelantan	1000	0.76	4000	0.75
Tanah Merah	1000	2.80	1000	2.6...
Tebong			1000	1.3...
Ziangbe			100	14.70
A. A. .U. (Ord)		X.D.	300	18.50
Power 5 1/2% Debs.			30000	85.75

ODD LOTS

Power 5 1/2% Debs.			700	80.00
Cathay Land			500	1.80
China Realty			200	8.1...
I. I. Trust			100	12.40
S'hai Land			200	10.70
Exploration	100	13.00	300	12.60
Yangtsze Finance			100	9.70

*—Direct Business.

British Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, June 3.

After ruling firm on overseas advices, rubber futures in London closed steady. Offerings were scarce.

London Rubber: Spot buyers 12 1/32 +1/8, sellers 12 3/32. July del. buyers 12 +1/8, sellers 12 1/8 +1/8.

Liverpool Cotton: Closed.

London Metals: Tin, Standard, 3 months delivery, middle price £274 3/4.—Reuter.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Saigon rice per shih (176 lb.)	$56.00
Cotton yn. 20's, D.H., p.b. Cash	$1,370
" " " Month	1,400
Tungchow cotton .. per picul	220
Wheat .... per picul (50 kilos)	$23.00
Flour, export per bag (49lb.)	15.75
	picul
Raw silk, Steamfil, Ex. B 13/15	$5,750
" " 20/22	5,200
" " 20/22 78%	5,400

U.S. Steel Mill Operations

New York, June 3.

Steel mill activity in the United States for the week commencing June 3 was placed at 80.3 per cent. of capacity, according to the weekly report of the American Iron and Steel Institute, which was published today. This represents a gain of 3.4 per cent. of capacity over the previous week and of 26.1 per cent. of capacity over the coresponding period of last year. —Reuter.

London Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, June 3.

On the London Stock Exchange today British gilt-edged securities ruled firm, despite the paucity of business, but industrials were heavy. Gold mining issues improved on the cessation of recent offerings.

Near Eastern bonds moved lower, reflecting international uncertainties in the Mediterranean area.—Reuter.

	May 31	June 3
War Loan, 3 1/2% (Red)	£99 1/2	99%
JAPANESE BONDS		
Japan 5% Stg. Loan, 1907	37 1/2	38
Japan 6% Stg. Loan, 1924	42	42
	Osaka, June 4.	
Kogo 5%		Y.107.04

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Allied Ironfounders	12/-	11/9
Armstrong Stevens	6/-	6/-
Ass. & Elec. Inqus.	30/9	30/9
Austin Motors, Ord	11/10 1/2	10/10 1/2
Bristol Aeroplane	10/-	9/9 1/2
British American Tob.	87/6	84/4 1/2
Cable & W., new form	45	43
Cammell Laird, ord.	5/-	5/-
Courtaulds	26/3	25/9
Distillers	55/6	54/-
Dunlop Rubber	23/10 1/2	23/4 1/2
General Elec. (Eng.)	74/3	73/3
Guinness (A) Son & Co.	62/6	60/-
Hawker Siddeley Aircraft	8/-	8/3
Imp. Chem. Inqus.	25/9	26/-
Imp. Tobacco	88/9	86/10 1/2
Leyland Motors	56/3	55/-
Marks & Spencer "A" ord.	35/6	35/1 1/2
Pressed Steel, com.	12/6	12/9
Rolls-Royce	76/10 1/2	72/6
Smethwick Drop Forgings	12/6	12/6
Tate & Lyle	50/-	49/6
Turner & Newall	58/9	57/9
United Steel	19/3	19/-
Vickers, ord.	12/9	12/4 1/2
Woolworths	51/-	50/3
MISCELLANEOUS		
Anglo-Dutch	18/3	18/3
Rubber Pltn. Inv. Trust	25/-	24/3
MINES		
Burma Corp.	7/3	7/3
Commonwealth Min.	Unq.	Unq.
Marsman Invests.	10/-	10/-
Randfontein Ests.	35/-	35/-
Sub-Nigel	175/-	175/-
Tanami Gold Min.	4 1/2d.	3d.
Western Holdings	8/6	8/3
OILS		
Anglo-Iranian	43/9	40/-
Burmah	57/6	55/-
Mexican Eagle	3/-	3/1 1/2
Shell Trans. & Trad.	59/4 1/2	58/1 1/2

"—Ex dividend.

CHINESE EXTERNAL LOANS, ETC.

4 1/2% Gold Loan, 1898	£43	43
5% Gold Bonds, 1925-47	43	43
4 1/2% Anglo-French Loan	44	44
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	17	17
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	24	24
4 1/2% Stg. Notes, 1925	8	8
5% Honan Rly., 1905	12	12
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	14	14
5% " " (Ger. Is.)	11	11
5% Lung Tsing U. H. Rly.	11	11
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	15	15
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B.	9	9
5% " " G.	9	9
5% " " (Supl. Loan) B.	9	9
5% " " (Supl. Loan) G.	9	9
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	8	8
S'hai Elec. Construction	15/-	15/-
S'hai Waterworks "A"	15	15
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	28	28
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	8 1/2	8 3/8
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	80	80
" " " (Col. Reg.)	81	82
Mercantile B. of India	12 1/4	12 1/4
Chinese Eng. & Min.	18/6	18/6
Chosen Corp.	6/6	6/6
Pekin Syndicate	2/-	2/-
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	16/3	16/3

U. S. Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, June 3.

The cotton market early declined on the absence of any important buying, liquidation and switching. Later, prices further eased on foreign and spot houses selling and some hedging. Finally, the market closed quiet on the easiness of spots, with quotations ranging from 2 to 9 points down.

Prices in the rubber market today opened steady on some factory buying, shorts covering and higher London cables. Later, the market eased on slack buying interest, liquidation and some speculative resales. At the close, losses of 7 to 40 points were recorded.

After opening lower on liquidation and favourable weather reports, wheat futures in Chicago today moderately rallied on buying on the reaction theory, shorts covering and limited miller buying. At the final bell, quotations ranged from unchanged to 1/8 cent up.—Reuter.

New York Cotton		New York Rubber	
July	9.29-29 —09		
July	(N.C.) 9.50-50 —09		
Oct.	(N.C.) 8.58-59 —06	July	21.10-10 —40
Dec.	(N.C.) 8.50-50 —04	Sept.	19.23-26 —17 B-A
Jan.	(N.C.) 8.44 N. —04	Dec.	18.68-68 —07
Mar.	(N.C.) 8.32-32 —02	Jan.	18.55 N. —10
May	(N.C.) 8.17-17 —05		

N. Y. Sugar No. 3		N. Y. Sugar No. 4	
Sept.	1.90-91 —1 B-A	Sept.	1.21-22 —1/2 B/A
Mar.	1.89-90 unch. B-A	Dec.	1.23 1/2-24 1/2 +1/2 B/A

Chicago Wheat		Chicago Corn	
July	82 1/8-82 +1/8	July	62 3/4-62 3/4 +1 1/4
Sept.	82 1/2-82 1/4 +1/8	Sept.	62-61 7/8 +1
Dec.	83-82 7/8 unch.	Dec.	59 3/4-59 7/8 +1 1/2

Winnipeg Wheat	N. Y. Silk No. 1
July 75 1/4 A —1/4	July 2.57-57 —04

B—Bid A—Asked.—Reuter.

London Silver Market

London, June 3.

Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Company and Mocatta and Goldsmid, in their monthly bullion letters, write:—Although fluctuations were larger in the London silver market during the past month, the volume of business passing has not been appreciably greater.

Early movements were influenced by the views of operators on the success of failure of the Townsend Bill. Its passing by the Senate, however, was offset by the invasion of the Low Countries, and prices hardened on Indian and speculative buying, together with American purchases, which were attracted by the wide disparity between London and New York prices, following the depreciation of "free" sterling in the New York market.

The advance was continued, largely due to poor offerings until 23 1/2d. was reached, at which level some silver was sold for the account of the Indian Government.

Demand from America lasted until the authorities prohibited exports, except under licence, which made arbitrage business impossible, and prices dropped heavily during the next few days, owing to uncertainty regarding the application and effect of the new regulation.

Subsequently, prices tended to ease further when it appeared that this would only be for the fulfilment of contracts prior to the issuing of the new restriction.—Reuter.

Int. Assurance Co. Meeting

Net Profit of £10,624.10 10d. for Year; Directors Decide Subscribe £50,000 to Next War Loan

THE tenth annual general meeting of the International Assurance Co., Ltd., was held at the Head office of the company, 17 The Bund, Shanghai, on June 4, 1940, at 11.30 o'clock in the forenoon. Mr. F. R. Smith presided over a gathering representing in all 55458 shares and was supported by Sir R. Calder-Marshall, K.B.E., and Messrs. G. E. Marden, H. E. Arnhold, C. V. Starr, E. Sigaut, W. A. Hale, C. E. Sherwin (Directors) and E. I. Owen (Secretary).

The notice convening the meeting and the auditors' report having been read, the chairman addressed the meeting as follows:—

The accounts and directors' report having been in your hands for some days I shall, with your consent, take them as read. As usual, I shall deal with the revenue accounts before commenting on the balance sheet and the profit and loss account.

Fire Account

The company's direct business continued to improve during the year, but premiums totalled less than the previous year, principally due to the lower value of the Chinese National dollar when expressed in sterling. Detailed figures are shown in the accounts and the report of the directors. The earned profit of £1,250. 2. 1d. was carried to the profit and loss account.

Marine Account

Our retention of marine business written during the year was less than in 1938, although gross premiums were larger. Hull business was more favourable than cargo risks which continued to give us losses. The profit of £946. 3. 3d was carried to the profit and loss account.

Accident Revenue Account

Under this heading, we group our motor car, personal accident, fidelity and miscellaneous casualty business, from all of which the company made profits. Premiums, both gross and net, exceeded those of last year and, as loss ratios improved, the profit and loss account benefited to the extent of £2,974. 3. 3d.

Life Account

In our life assurance activities, last year was one of consolidation rather than expansion. Our business in China continued to decrease because of the continuance of hostilities. In Malaya, Siam and Hongkong we showed satisfactory increases. Taking the business in force at the end of 1939 and comparing it with 1938 at the same rate of exchange, we show an increase of more than £40,000 sterling; but, the depreciation of Chinese National currency eliminates this gain and, in fact, gives a slight decrease of our business in force when expressed in sterling at rates of exchange prevailing on December 31, 1939. Mortality was 60 per cent. of the expected provided for in the company's rates. During the year, 82 per cent. of our business came from sources outside of China and approximately 80 per cent. of our business in force today covers assureds abroad. A comparatively small percentage of our total business in force is now represented by policies in Chinese National Currency and, if any further depreciation of Chinese National Currency should occur, it would have much less effect on our figures than in previous years. After setting-up reserves to meet actuarial requirements, we made a profit of £3,181.18 7d. which was carried to the profit and loss account.

Balance Sheet

Perhaps the most noticeable change in the balance sheet before you is the listing of the company's investments at market values. During the year under review, the company liquidated approximately two and a half million dollars' worth of Chinese National currency assets and converted the proceeds into foreign currencies. A portion of these funds was invested in carefully selected British and American securities and the balance held in cash. In following this procedure, your board realized that they would have to take substantial book losses and that the investment earnings of the company would be reduced. The greater proportion of your investments now consists of first-class securities held abroad. The investment in other insurance companies has been assessed by our auditors on a conservative balance sheet basis.

In keeping with the decision to write down the company's assets, your directors revalued the company's holdings of "Land and Buildings" at marketable figures. It will interest you to know that, since the end of last year, we have sold 85 per cent. of our holdings at prices above these valuations.

"Cash on hand in banks at the end of the year," represents a continuance of our policy of liquidity. The greater proportion of this cash was held in pounds sterling, U.S. dollars and currencies allied thereto.

Our "First Mortgage Loans" are all in pounds sterling, United States dollars or allied currencies and are well secured.

During the year we wrote off bad debts and reserves for anything thought to be doubtful. The remaining Sundry debtors and debit balances are considered good.

Purchase of Agreement

One of the most important items in the balance sheet is that under the heading of "Purchase Price of General Managers' Agreement less amount written off. As you are aware, the company was originally formed by a group of insurance men who were able to supply the company with experienced personnel and a large volume of seasoned business. This group formed a company to act as general managers of our company, under the control of the board of directors, at an agreed remuneration. For the first few years of our company's existence there is no question that it would have been difficult to make any progress without the selected business and the experienced personnel which the general managers gave to the company. However, during the past few years, the company has gradually succeeded in establishing its own branches and/or agents through the Far East from which it now receives a good proportion of its business. On the other hand, the remuneration of the general managers, being based upon the volume of business and the profits arising out of the company's activities, showed signs of reaching very large figures in future years and it was considered in the company's interests to approach the general managers with a view to purchasing their agreement. Our auditors approved a scheme whereby the agreement was valued on a basis of five years purchase and, with the co-operation and goodwill of the general managers, this was agreed upon in June last and provision made in the accounts accordingly.

Despite the changed conditions since the agreement was purchased, your board considers the purchase a satisfactory one, particularly as the business controlled by the organizing group has been retained. On behalf of the company, your board wishes to take this opportunity to express its appreciation of the help given by the group in building up the company's organization to a point where it can now stand firmly on its own feet.

On the liabilities side of the balance sheet, you will note that we have eliminated our, "Reserve for Fluctuation of Investments and Exchange" and retained the "General Reserve" accounts which, if recommendations put before you today are approved, will stand at the figure of £20,000. In view of the drastic writing down and the improvement in the value of the company's assets since the end of the year, we consider that the reserves for eventualities are more than adequate.

Profit and Loss Account

The profit and loss account before you is a very simple statement and calls for little explanation. The profits from the revenue accounts have been covered in my remarks, as also has the slightly increased amount of interest, dividends and rents. General expenses" were reduced during the year despite necessity of compensating members of staffs for the increased cost of living generally and, in particular, the decrease in the purchasing value of Chinese National currency.

The amount of net profit for the year is £10,624.10.10d. which, added to the amount carried forward from last year, £4,160. 8.10d., gives a total credit balance of £14.784.19. 8d. Your directors recommend that this be dealt with as follows:—

Write off furniture and fixtures bought during the year	£ 203.19. 8
Transfer to general reserve (making it up to a total of £20,000)	10,945.13.11
Carry forward	3,635. 6. 1
	£14,784.19. 8

Proposed by Mr. F. R. Smith and seconded by Mr. G. E. Marden.

That the appointments of Mr. W. A. Hale and Mr. C. E. Sherwin be confirmed and that the retiring directors, Mr. H. E. Arnhold, Mr. G. E. Marden and Mr. E. Sigaut be and they are hereby re-elected directors of the company. Proposed by Mr. H. M. Blake and seconded by Mr. C. V. Starr.

That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham & Matthews be and they are hereby re-elected auditors of the company for the year 1940 at an Annual Fee of £150.0.0d. Proposed by Mr. C. E. Sherwin and seconded by Mr. H. E. Arnhold.

That the directors be and they are hereby authorized to donate Pounds Sterling One Thousand (£1,000) to the Central British War Fund (Shanghai). Proposed by C. V. Starr and seconded by E. Sigaut.

Directors

Since the last meeting Mr. R. F. C. Master has resigned from the board. Messrs. W. A. Hale and C. E. Sherwin have joined the board and their appointments require confirmation.

Messrs. H. E. Arnhold, G. E. Marden and E. Sigaut retire in accordance with the Articles of Association and being eligible offer themselves for re-election.

Auditors

The retiring auditors, Messrs. Lowe. Bingham & Matthews, offer themselves for re-election.

Before answering questions and putting Resolutions, there are two important items which call for special mention. The first is an expression of sincere thanks to the members of our staff for the loyal and efficient manner in which they carried out their duties during the very difficult year under review. I now propose that this be suitably expressed this was seconded by Mr. Marden and carried with acclamation. I can assure you that your commendation is fully deserved.

£50,000 for War Loan Issue

The other matter concerns the immediate effort which we, as a British company, should make towards helping our Empire in the present struggle. I feel sure you will be pleased to hear that your directors have decided to subscribe £50,000 to the next War Loan issue. In addition to this investment your directors are in favour of donating the sum of £1,000 sterling to the Central British War Fund (Shanghai). Some shareholders may consider this amount rather large and disproportionate to our earning capacity, particularly as we are not paying a dividend this year. However, if full consideration is given to what the nation is now facing, I feel certain that what we might call a self-imposed income tax will be gladly endorsed by all holders of our shares. Later I shall put a resolution covering this donation.

Are there any question? If not, I shall now put the resolutions.

That the directors' report and auditors' statement of Accounts as presented for the year ended December 31, 1939, be and they are hereby received, approved and adopted. Proposed by Mr. F. R. Smith and seconded by Sir R. Calder-Marshall, K.B.E.

That the following recommendations as to the appropriation of the balance at credit of pront and loss account as presented be accepted:—

Write off furniture and fixtures bought during the year	£ 203.19. 8d
Transfer to general reserve (making it up to a total of £20,000)	10,945.13.11
Carry forward	3,635. 6. 1
	£14,784.19. 8d

Proposed by Mr. F. R. Smith and seconded by Mr. G. E. Marden.

That the appointments of Mr. W. A. Hale and Mr. C. E. Sherwin be confirmed and that the retiring directors, Mr. H. E. Arnhold, Mr. G. E. Marden and Mr. E. Sigaut be and they are hereby re-elected directors of the company. Proposed by Mr. H. M. Blake and seconded by Mr. C. V. Starr.

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That the directors be and they are hereby authorized to donate Pounds Sterling One Thousand (£1,000) to the Central British War Fund (Shanghai). Proposed by C. V. Starr and seconded by E. Sigaut.

Decline In Manchoukuo's Foreign Trade

Dairen, June 4.

Foreign trade of Manchoukuo continued to decline sharply in the first quarter of this year, exports being 228,635,000 yuan and imports 416,489,000 yuan, with trade outside Japan virtually nil.

Exports declined 8,080,000 yuan or three per cent. against last year, while imports dropped 99,489,000 yuan.

Exports to China and Japan both gained, but those to Third Powers slumped 78 per cent., while imports were down 33 per cent., largely due to loss of soya bean trade through the blockade.—Reuter.

Returns of Federal Reserve System

New York, June 3.

The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve system, in their report for the week ended May 29 respecting the entire body of reporting member banks of the system, reveal a decrease on total loans amounting to $87,000,000 compared with the previous week, but an increase of $349,000,000 compared with the corresponding period of last year.

Investments show increases of $70,000,000 over last week and of $1,498,000,000 over the corresponding period of last year.

Total loans during the period under review amounted to $8,475,000,000 and investments $15,052,000,000.—Reuter.

Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Investment Bankers and Brokers

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

N.Y.K. LINE

Orient-San Francisco Line
via Honolulu
TATUTA MARU ..... June 23
KAMAKURA MARU .. July 8
NITTA MARU ..... July 26
ASAMA MARU ..... Aug. 11

Orient-Seattle Line
via Vancouver
From Kobe
HEIAN MARU ..... June 28
HIKAWA MARU ..... July 19
HIE MARU ..... July 31

Orient-New York Line
via Los Angeles and Panama
SAKITO MARU ..... June 19

Japan-Australia Line
via Hongkong and Manila
From Nagasaki
ATUTA MARU ..... June 23
KITANO MARU ..... July 23

European Mail Line
For Liverpool via Straits, Bombay, Port Said, Naples, Marseilles, Gibraltar and Casablanca
HAKONE MARU noon June 5
*SUWA MARU ..... June 14
*Special call at Lisbon

Bombay and Calcutta Line
Singapore, Penang, Rangoon, and Calcutta
TOTTORI MARU .... June 24
Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Kundla and Karachi
ATAGO MARU ..... June 18

Orient-South America Line
West coast ports via San Francisco from Kobe
RAKUYO MARU .... July 27

Shanghai-Hongkong Line
TATUTA MARU ..... June 17
Shanghai-Kobe-Yokohama Line
TATUTA MARU ..... June 23

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General Passenger Agents, Cunard-White Star Line

LLOYD TRIESTINO

ss. CONTE VERDE
will leave Shanghai on Sunday, June 9, at 10 a.m. from Hunt's Wharf
for NAPLES and GENOA
via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Colombo, Bombay and Port Said
Tenders conveying passengers on board will leave Customs Jetty on Sunday, June 9, at 8 a.m.
No visitors will be allowed on the tender nor on board unless in possession of a special pass issued by our Office
Hand packages only will be accepted by tender.
Heavy luggage must be sent to Messrs. Marden & Co., Ltd., Race Course Market Godown, Corner of Myburgh and Burkill Roads, where it will be accepted during office hours, from June 7 to June 8 at noon the latest.
No nailed cases will be accepted unless escorted by a Customs Permit, obtainable through Messrs. Marden against payment of a small fee.
For Further Particulars Apply to:
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26 The Bund Telephone: 16885

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51 Canton Road *General Agents* Telephone 15044

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of Copenhagen
ms. AFRIKA
ms. DANMARK
now in Colombo
ms. AUSTRALIEN
now reported in Prize Court in U.K. port; details will be announced when received.
Agency of
THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.
Telephone 15055 17 Canton Road

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Outwards: From Scandinavia
Next Arrival from Europe .. .. early June
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For Casablanca, Bordeaux and Havre
Next Sailing from Shanghai .. .. mid-June
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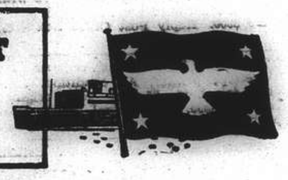
DODWELL & CO., LTD.
GENERAL AGENTS
17 Canton Road Telephone 11366

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

PRESIDENT LINER Sailings



ss. PRESIDENT CLEVELAND
Due Shanghai SATURDAY, June 8
Passengers are expected at Customs Jetty at 10.30 a.m.
Sailing for SAN FRANCISCO and LOS ANGELES
via KOBE and HONOLULU
Last tender leaves Customs Jetty at 9 p.m. Sunday, June 9

TRANS-PACIFIC: Fortnightly service via Japan and Honolulu to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

PRES. CLEVELAND .. June 9 — PRES. TAFT ..... July 20
PRES. PIERCE ..... June 23 — PRES. CLEVELAND .. July 29
PRES. COOLIDGE ... July 10 — PRES. PIERCE ..... Aug. 12

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21-23 French Bund *Agents* Telephone 82020

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Shanghai Sailing
For New York via Los Angeles
HOKUROKU MARU .. June 8
KANSAI MARU ..... June 19
Kobe Sailings
For Europe via New York
For South America via S. Africa
ARGENTINA MARU .. July 15
For Souh America via Panama
RIO DE JANEIRO MARU June 15
For E. and S. Africa and S. America
HAWAII MARU ..... June 23
For West Africa via S. Africa
NAN-A MARU ..... July 5

Kobe Sailings
For Australia and New Zealand
TOKYO MARU ..... June 30
For Bombay and Karachi
MELBOURNE MARU .. June 11
ARGUN MARU ..... June 26
For Calcutta
HAVRE MARU ..... June 24
HIMALAYA MARU .... July 12
For Haiphong, Saigon and Bangkok
BANGKOK MARU .... June 10
Nagasaki Sailings
For Manila, Cebu and Davao
GANGES MARU ..... June 10
MEXICO MARU ..... July 8

ŌSAKA SYŌSEN KAISYA
20 Canton Road Telephone 15324

D. K. K.
SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-DAIREN LINE

	Arrival	Departure
ss. HOTEN MARU	June 3	June 5 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	June 6	June 8 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	June 9	June 11 at 9 a.m.
ss. HOTEN MARU	June 12	June 14 at 9 a.m.
ss. DAIREN MARU	June 14	June 16 at 9 a.m.
ss. TSINGTAO MARU	June 17	June 19 at 9 a.m.

(Above Sailing times are "Standard Time" consequently equal to 10 o'clock a.m. "Daylight Saving time")

SHANGHAI-TSINGTAO-TIENTSIN-DAIREN-LINE
(Freight only)
ss. YEKISHIN MARU ..... June 7
ss. KOGA MARU ..... June 12
For Passage and Freight apply to
DAIREN KISEN KAISHA
110 Szechuen Road Telephone 19646

TŌA K. K.
Nagasaki Express Service

	Arrival	Departure
SHANGHAI MARU	June 5 (Yangtszepoo Wharf)	June 6 at 10 a.m. (Yangtszepoo Wharf)
NAGASAKI MARU	June 7	June 8 at 10 a.m.
SHANGHAI MARU	June 10	June 11 at 10 a.m.
NAGASAKI MARU	June 12	June 13 at 10 a.m.

Kobe Express Service

TAIYO MARU	June 5 (Wayside Wharf)	June 7 at 8 a.m. (Summer Time) (Wayside Wharf)
TAIYO MARU	June 14 (Wayside Wharf)	June 16 (Wayside Wharf)
KASIMA MARU	June 15 (Wayside Wharf)	June 21 (Wayside Wharf)

(Passengers are cordially requested to go on board between 7 p.m. and 11 p.m. of the 6th.)
For passage apply to the ticket office of Toa Kaiun Kaisya at Astor House Hotel. Telephones 45297, 42350, 42359
TOA KAIUN KAISYA
5 THE BUND TELEPHONE 19600

VESSELS ARRIVING TO-DAY

The following particulars in connection with vessels due to arrive to-day are based upon information available yesterday evening.

From NAGASAKI: Shanghai Maru, with mail, due 3 p.m. Yangtsepoo Wharf.

From KOBE: Taiyo Maru, due 8.30 a.m., Wayside Wharf.

DUE AT FUTURE DATES

All vessels are listed under their terminal port. The first date is that of the ship's departure from that port, and the second is the date she is due to arrive in Shanghai Where a ship's name is duplicated it indicates the port of call last visited.

On account of the present international situation there is considerable interference with movements of ships, especially those from Europe. In cases where it is definitely known that the vessel is not running to schedule the Shanghai arrival date is omitted.

EUROPE AND STRAITS

From GENOA			From MANILA		
Conte Verde	10/5	6/6	Pres. Cleveland	1/6	8/6
Sumatra	29/4	2/7	Conte Verde	2/6	6/6
From TRIESTE			**From HONGKONG**		
Fusijama	20/4	9/6	See "China Ports" below		
From CALCUTTA					
Steel Mariner	26/5	13/6			

AMERICA AND JAPAN

From LOS ANGELES			From SEATTLE		
Tatuta Maru	21/5	16/6	Coldbrook	15/5	6/6
Pres. Coolidge	27/5	26/6	Capillo	30/5	21/6
From NEW YORK			**From HONOLULU**		
Pres. Garfield	—	14/6	Tatuta Maru	29/5	16/6
Birmingham City	—	22/6	**From KOBE**		
Bardaland	—	30/6	Taiyo Maru	12/6	14/6
			Kasima Maru	13/6	15/6
			From NAGASAKI		
			Nagasaki M.	6/6	7/6

(Continued in next column)

VESSELS SAILING

The undermentioned vessels are due to sail from Shanghai upon the dates indicated.

For LONDON		For MANILA	
Suwa Maru	14/6	Coldbrook	10/6
For LIVERPOOL		Pres. Garfield	15/6
Hakone Maru	5/6	Capillo	25/6
For GENOA		**For HONGKONG**	
Conte Verde	9/6	Tatuta Maru	17/6
For Bombay & Calcutta		**For KOBE**	
Penang Maru	6/6	Taiyo Maru	7/6
For NEW YORK		Taiyo Maru	16/6
Pres. Garfield	15/6	Kasima Maru	21/6
Birmingham City	24/6	**For NAGASAKI**	
Bardaland	2/7	Shanghai Maru	6/6
For SAN FRANCISCO		Nagasaki Maru	8/6
Pres. Cleveland	9/6	Shanghai Maru	11/6
Dona Nati	10/6	**For DAIREN**	
Pres. Pierce	23/6	Hoten Maru	5/6
Tatuta Maru	23/6	Dairen Maru	8/6
		Tsingtao Maru	11/6
		Hoten Maru	14/6
		Dairen Maru	16/6
		Tsingtao Maru	19/6

DUE AT FUTURE DATES (Continued)

CHINA PORTS

From DAIREN			From HONGKONG		
Dairen Maru	5/6	7/6	Conte Verde	4/6	6/6

PASSENGER LISTS

ARRIVALS

June 4, from Chinwangtao: Mrs. P. Komor, Mrs. Rickards, Mrs. Irwin, Mr. Kullgren.

DEPARTURES

June 3, for Chinwangtao: Baron & Baroness Guilliume & Family.

VESSELS LEAVING

NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to NORTH CHINA PORTS.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

SOUTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to SOUTH CHINA PORTS, INDO-CHINA, BORNEO, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS and INDIA.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

VESSELS DISCHARGING

TILAWA. The British-India S. N. Co.'s s.s. Tilawa, from Calcutta and Ports.—This steamer is discharging Cargo at the Hunt's Wharf. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature, and take immediate delivery of their Cargo. Consignees of "Bulk Cargo" will further be required to send their Representatives to the Wharf to verify the weights of such Cargo whilst it is being landed. Examination of ship-damaged cargo will be held at the Hunt's Wharf on Saturday, June 8, at 9 a.m. by Messrs. Paulsen & Bayes-Davy. All Claims against this steamer must be sent in within fifteen days from date of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be recognized. All risks of Fire etc. at the Wharf and Godowns to be borne by the Consignees of the Cargo. Pro. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Agents. 6-6

Going Home?
Remember to advise us of your home address to substitute the *North-China Herald* for the *North-China Daily News*. Including postage $28 per quarter to any address in Europe or America. Telephone 11055 (Circulation).

P. & O. B. I. and E. & A.
Passenger and freight sailing for Japan shortly.
Passenger and freight sailing shortly for Hongkong, Straits, Colombo and Bombay.
Passenger and freight sailing Mid June for Straits, Rangoon and Calcutta.
Passenger and freight sailing shortly for Australia via Japan, calling Hongkong, Manila and Rabaul.
All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route and the route and all sailings are subject to cancellation, change or deviation with or without notice.
For particulars apply to the Agents:
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27 The Bund Telephone 11428

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UNITED KINGDOM
For details of freight and passage apply to:
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Agents
27 The Bund Telephone 15290

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Tides at Yangtze Ports
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Semaphore Services
Weather Forecasts
Pilots and Pilotage Board
Berthing Signals
Sections of Harbour
Names and Numbers of Coastal Steamers
Harbour Regulations
Harbour Notifications in Force
Quarantine Regulations
Call Flags
Maps and Plans:
Shanghai Harbour
Hongkong Harbour
Canton Harbour
Dairen Harbour
Shanghai House Flags
Typhoon Indicator
General Information:
Port Signals
International Signal Code
Morse and Semaphore Alphabet
Wind and Weather
Storm Signal Codes
Mean Barometer
Typhoon Signals and Anchorages
China Sea Currents
Tidal Theories
Buoys and Beacons
Distance Tables
Rules of the Road at Sea
Time Signals of the Far East
Harbour Regulations, Signals, Tide Tables, etc., for
Hongkong — Tsingtao
Canton — Chefoo
Ningpo — Taku Bar and Tientsin
Swatow — Chinwangtao
Amoy — Newchwang (Yingkow)
Foochow — Dairen
Wenchow — Bangkok Bar

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Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Suitai	Ningpo	Wallem
Sandro Sandri	Ningpo	C.F.P.K.
Yamato M.	Japan	Showa S.
Anwoo	Hsinkong	Dah Hsing
Kasiwa M.	Tsingtao	K.U.K.
Sinta	Wenchow	Hwa Tai
Myoken M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Corilla	Miri	A.P.C.
Mohlenhof	Ningpo	Carlowitz
Hakone M.	Japan	N.Y.K.
Meinan	Ningpo	S.V.O.C.
Whatung	T'senkong	Quen Kee
Dahpu	Hongkong	Wallem
Chekiang M.	Tsungming	T.K.K.
Kanre M.	T'lungkong	Hwa Chung
Haiping	Keelung	T.K.K.
Taiko M. 18	Hsinkong	T.K.K.
Tawha	T'lungkong	Quen Kee
Talien	Tsungming	Wan Woo

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Chekiang M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Wanshan M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Naruto M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Breiviken	Nor.	John Manners
Tyosa M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Tikugo M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Tembien	Ital.	C.I.N.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	Berthed
Augusta	Am.	Cr.	B.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt.	K.S.D.W.
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	J.N.B.

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TO PACIFIC COAST— THIRD WEEK IN JUNE, SECOND WEEK IN JULY, SECOND WEEK IN AUGUST, SECOND WEEK IN SEPTEMBER
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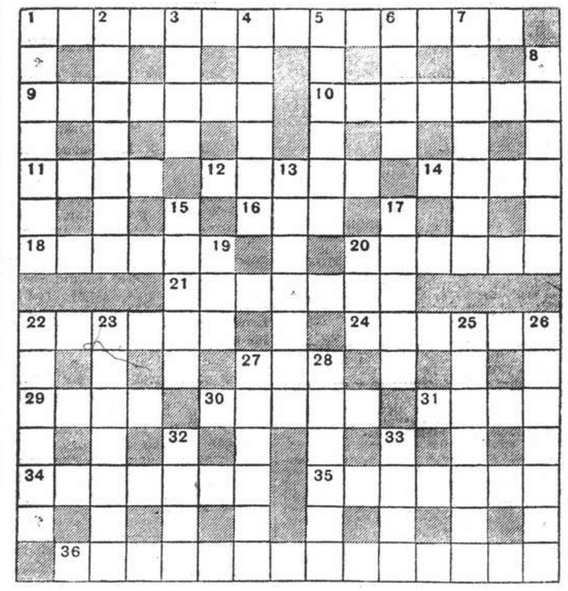
CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 208

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

1 A county race (14)
9 Establish in some stable position? (7)
10 In that place is the single symbol of control (7)
11 Malay weapon (4)
12 Denude (5)
14 Biblical feminine name (4)
16 Fish (3)
18 Describes the shape of a car wrapped up against the cold (6)
20 Skilled worker of no great cash value (6)
21 "And when he falls he falls like—never to hope again" "Henry VIII." (7)
22 Suitable joint for the Hunt Dinner (6)
24 Sounds like the measure for a small drink (6)
27 Cricketers know this innings is the start (3)
29 Unwise talk that shows inability (4)
30 French wine (5)
31 This is found in the Irish Free State but not in North Ireland (4)
34 Made from cinders (7)
35 No, this dog is not a fabulous creature (7)
36 Not without method (14)

DOWN

1 Does this describe the boat that survived the fire at the boat-yard? (7)
2 (7)
3 "I will — you as gently as any sucking dove" "Midsummer Night's Dream" (4)
4 Enlarge, perhaps in words (6)
5 Necessitate a matter of inheritance (6)
6 Attention (4)
7 Scottish artist (7)
8 In this age ships should be safe (6)
13 Far from vulgar and grand in colour (7)
15 Of course this old play was a striking success (5)
17 Lad to worry (5)
19 Proper at the time (3)
20 Lad to help in the haymaking (3)
22 Confine a dog in the diocese (6)
23 Ruling family that came to an unpleasant end (7)
25 Paying 6 down (7)
26 Stonework (7)
27 Some old witch perhaps (6)
28 A piece of armour (6)
32 Only a bit of material (or the whole roll?) (4)
33 Metal (4)

Y'DAY'S SOLUTION.—**ACROSS**: 1, Flightiness; 9, Kopje; 10, Christiania; 11, Tired; 12, Armed; 15, Canoe; 17, Ida; 18, Spar; 19, David; 22, Hoist; 23, Aries; 24, Otter; 26, Page; 27, Dun; 28, Spahi; 30, Thews; 33, Larch; 35, Requirement; 36, Genie; 37, Warmhearted. **DOWN**: 2, Lehar; 3, Guise; 4, Tits; 5, Nyasa; 6, Skate; 7, Appropriate; 8, Headdresses; 12, Archipelago; 13, Malingering; 14, Ditto; 15, Cadet; 16, Obi; 20, Verdi; 21, Daunt; 25, Tup; 28, Shrew; 29, Haulm; 31, Homer; 32, Wince; 34, Tree.

New York Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, June 3.

Stock prices on Wall Street today ruled quiet, with the market finishing with fractional moves either way. Operations were satisfied to mark time pending more definite developments in the Mediterranean situation, and speculative and investment interest was more or less absent.

Business today was almost entirely restricted to routine trading.

The turnover amounted to 450,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	116.46	114.35	114.73	—0.24
20 Rails	23.25	23.10	23.15	+0.10
15 Utilit.	18.80	18.60	18.82	—0.25
40 Bonds	——	——	93.48	unch.
11 Commod.	——	——	59.29	—0.12

	June 1	June 3		June 1	June 3
Adams Exp	4½	4½	Jones & L	*50½	*51
Alg Lud	19	18½	Kennecott	27	26½
Allied Stores	5½	5½	Lak F & M	*3	3½
Allis Chal	26½	26	Libbey O F	32½	32½
Altum Ld	*55	*55	Lock Air	29½	28½
Amer Can	*91	92	Loew's	22	22½
Am Cyan B	31½	31½	Lofi Inc.	18½	*17½
Am For Pr	1½	1½	Mack Trks	18½	18½
„ $7 pfd	15	12½	Martin	/33½	32½
Am G & E	26½	26½	McK & R	18½	18½
Am Loco	11½	11½	Monsanto	89	88½
Am Metal	15	*14	Mont Ward	35½	36⅜
Am Radtr	5½	5½	Nat City B	*22⅜	*22⅜
Am R Mill	11	10½	Nat Avian	10¾	10
Am Smltg	36½	35½	Nat Dairy	12⅜	12⅜
Am Sug R	*12½	13	Nat Dist	18⅜	18½
Am T & T	149½	149⅜	Nat Gyp	5½	5½
Am Tob B	*73	73	Nat Lead	*15½	15½
Am Wtwrks	6½	6½	Nat P & L	6	6
Anaconda	21½	*20⅜	Nat Steel	53	54
Atchison	14½	*13½	Nat Supply	5½	5½
Avian	5½	5½	N Y Cent	10½	9½
Babcock	23½	22⅜	Nlag Hud	3½	3⅜
Baldi Loco	13⅜	13½	N A Avian	17½	17
Balt Ohio	3½	3½	N A Co	15½	16
Barber	*9½	9½	N Pacific	5½	5½
Barns Oil	7½	8½	O I Glass	45½	45½
Bell Air	19	17½	Pac G & E	26½	26⅜
Bond Avian	27½	26⅜	Pac Light	*37	*37
Beth Steel	70½	68	Pac Motor	2⅜	2⅜
Bliss	14⅜	*14	Pan A Air	13⅜	12½
Boeing	15½	15	Paramount	4⅜	4⅜
Borg War	15½	15½	Pen R R	16⅜	17½
Brid Brass	9½	8⅜	Phelps D	28⅜	27
Briggs	15½	15	P P & Coal	*0½	*0½
Bkn M Tr	19½	19	Phil Pet	30	29⅜
„ $6 pfd	*100	*90	Pitts C & I	6	*6
Budd Mfg	3½	3⅜	P S of N J	34	33⅜
Can Pac	2¼	2⅜	Pullman	18⅜	18
Case J I	*44	44	Pure Oil	7½	7½
Celanese	23½	22	Radio	4½	4⅜
Chase N B	*27½	*27½	Reading	10⅜	*10⅛
Chesapeake	32½	32½	Rem Arms	*4	*4
Chrysler	58⅜	57½	Rep Avian	*4⅜	4½
Clim Mlyb	31	29	Rep Steel	15⅜	15½
Colt's	*69	*68½	Rev C & B	9	8⅜
Col G & E	4⅜	4⅜	Rey Tob B	33½	32½
„ $6 pfd	*70	*70½	Rich Oil	6⅜	6½
Col Credit	30	29⅜	Safe Stores	39	38½
Com & Sth	0½	0½	Schenley	*9¼	9⅜
Con Edis	24⅜	24½	Sears Roeb	65	63½
Con Oil	6½	6½	Shell U Oil	8	8½
Con Can	35½	35	Soc Vac	7½	7½
Con Oil	18⅜	17⅜	Sthrn Pac	7⅜	7½
Copper St	18⅜	17⅜	Sthrn Rly	15⅜	15
Corn Prod	45½	45½	Sperry	39	39⅜
Curtis Wr	8	8	Spicer	*25½	25
„ A	5½	5½	Std Brands	5½	5½
Deere & Co	15⅜	15½	Std G & E	*1⅛	1¼
Dist Cpn S	13⅜	13⅜	Std O of C	18	18
Douglas	76½	74⅜	Std Oil N J	30	29⅞
Du Pont	156	154½	Stone & W	6	6
E P Lead	8½	8	Studebaker	6⅛	6½
Elec A Lite	28	27½	Swift Int	17⅜	17½
Elec B & S	4⅛	4	Technicor	*9	10
Eaton Mfg	26½	26⅛	Tex Cpn	35	34⅜
„ $5 pfd	*50	50½	Tex Gulg	29⅜	29½
„ $8 pfd	59½	*59	Timken	20½	21
Elec P & L	23⅜	23	Transamer	4⅛	4⅜
Fisk Rub	*10	*10	Tw Cent F	5½	5½
Flintkote	11½	10⅜	„ pfd	14⅜	14⅜
Gen Am Tr	37½	38½	Un Carbide	63¼	61⅛
Gen Elec	29½	29⅛	Un Pac	75	75⅜
Gen Motors	40½	39⅜	Un Air	42½	41⅜
Gen Rly	11⅜	11	Un A Line	13⅜	13⅜
Gen T & R	*11½	11⅛	Un B & P	10⅜	10⅜
Glidden	12	11⅜	Un Corp	1⅜	1⅜
Goodrich	11⅜	10⅜	„ $3 pfd	*29½	29½
„ $5 pfd	*45½	*46	Un Gas	1	1⅛
Goodyear	14½	14⅜	Un G Imp	10⅜	10⅜
Gt N I Ore	13½	13⅜	U S Ind Al	15⅜	15⅜
Gt N Rly	18	18⅛	U S Rub	17⅜	16⅜
Gt W Sug	21½	21	„ pfd	75½	75½
Greyhound	10⅜	10½	U S Steel	46⅜	45⅜
Her Pow	80½	80	Vanadium	30½	28⅜
Homestake	38⅜	38½	Vultee Air	*9½	*9½
Int Harv	40½	40⅜	Walworth	3⅜	3⅜
Int Nickel	20½	20½	War Br Pic	2½	2⅜
Int P & P	12⅜	11½	West Elec	86	84
Int T & T	2⅜	2⅜	Woodward	20⅜	21½
Johns Man	49½	*47			

BONDS

Amer. & For. Power	51	51
Baltimore & Ohio R.R.	17¼	20½
Brazil (U.S. of) 8% 1941	*13½	12½
„ „ 6½% 1957	9⅝	9⅝
Cities Serv. Pwr. & Lt.	80¼	80⅝
Erie 5s 1967	9½	9
Int. Tel. & Tel.	27¾	26½
New England Gas & Elec.	53	53
Republic of Colombia	*17½	*17½
„ „ „ (1928) 6s '61	*17¼	17¾
Sthrn. Pacific Co.	33⅝	33½
Stand. Gas & Elec.	*61⅝	62¼

*—Bid. †—Ex Div.

Dow-Jones Summary

By Courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices moved lower today in a session of dull trading, pending clarification of the Italian position. However, the market was an orderly affair, and no hasty selling developed. Domestic business news was particularly favourable for steels and coppers, but steels led the decline, which practically all sections joined. Trading continued to be dull right up to closing time.

Stocks:—Again ignored favourable domestic business news, heading only war developments, while many stocks seem to be underpriced in face of current earnings and outlook. No important rally is likely, unless Allied prospects improve.

STATISTICS

	Week Commencing 3/6	27/5
Steel Mill Activity (Amer. Iron & Steel Inst.'s estimate)	80.3	76.9
(per cent. of capacity)		

DIVIDENDS

General American Transportation $1.25

Cotton:—Conditions were featureless.

Wheat:—Ruled barely steady, despite the announced purchase of 50,000,000 bushels of Canadian futures by England, the growing belief of the necessity for relief in the invaded countries and unfavourable European crop weather, involving United States exports eventually. All eyes are now on Italy for the next probable market factor. The visible decrease is placed at 1,498,000 bushels.

Corn:—Country offerings were again small. The market displayed individual strength. The visible decrease is estimated at 2,212,000 bushels.

Rubber:—The market was largely a dealer affair, whilst physicals were ruling quiet at reductions. The quota committee is reported to be negotiating here for the Government maintenance of stocks and prices over a period of seven years. Exports of rubber from Malaya during May are estimated at 74,662 tons, compared with 47,430 tons during the previous month.

Hides:—The market sells off easily, whilst support was poor. The sale of 53,000 hides by the Argentine to England was announced, which will possibly be a forerunner of a better demand here.

Sugar No. 4:—Ruled quiet. It is reported that sales and export of refined to France now totals 25,000 tons, with a further inquiry.

Sterling, Franc Steady On N.Y. Exchange

New York, June 3.

Sterling futures on the New York Foreign Exchange market today ruled more or less nominal, whilst the "spot" quotation moved moderately lower.

The pound opened at 3.20⅜ and closed at 3.20⅛, compared with the previous final level of 3.21. The high for the day was 3.21½ and the low 3.20. The one month forward rate was listed at 1½, discount, and three months at 3½ discount, against Saturday's levels of 1¼, discount and 3¼, discount, respectively.

The French franc ruled steady, in spite of the Nazi air raids on Paris. The final quotation showed a slight recession from Saturday's close of 1.83 to 1.81¼.—Reuter.

Paris Faces Threat With Calm

French People Cheerful Despite Certainty of Coming Nazi Attack

London, June 4.

Mr. Alfred Duff Cooper, Minister of Information, broadcasting from Paris, where he has gone to hold discussions with the French Minister of Information, said the people of Paris knew that the most powerful army in the world, firmly based on French soil, was preparing to deliver a mighty blow directed to the very heart of France.

"In these circumstances," he said, "it is impressive to see how the men and women of Paris are going about their business, not perhaps with all their usual gaiety but at least with their usual energy and calm.

"My visit coincided with the most important air raid yet made on Paris. I have spoken to an eye-witness of the raid who tells me he stood near a bomb crater and spoke to cheerful working girls on the way back to the afternoon shift.

Love of Country

"The French now are fighting for their lives. This is not the first time. There is one thing they have in common with us. They have a love of their own country and they have the courage to die for it. No two such countries could be defeated even if they did not stand together, but they do not stand alone.

"In every country, including Germany, there are men and women who love freedom, justice and honour, and every one of them are on the Allies' side. When the time comes they will make their weight felt.

"You are living through one of the very great moments of our history. You shall look back upon it with supreme pride when the final victory—which is as certain as the sun is in the heavens—shall have been achieved.—Reuter

Hitler Made Two Major Blunders

Invasion of Norway Proves Useless, Says Journal

London, June 4.

Paying tribute to the historic valour of British and French troops in Flanders, the Aden "Fatatul Jezirah" points out that Herr Hitler made wo major strategic blunders, states a special commentary issued here.

The first blunder, says the paper, was the occupation of Norway, which has given him nothing and lost him men, ships and Narvik, where he formerly obtained millions of tons of ore.

The second blunder was the vain effort to blockade England by invading Holland and Belgium, neither of which countries is self-supporting.

Meanwhile, America is aroused by Germany's outrages and day by day places more of her enormous resources at the disposal of the Allies, the journal states.—Reuter.

Message of Confidence Sent to M. Reynaud

Australian Premier Tells Of Wholehearted Support

Melbourne, June 3.

Premier R. G. Menzies sent a telegram to Premier Paul Reynaud today voicing confidence in ultimate Allied victory and stating:

"At this hour of danger, all lovers of freedom sympathetically and proudly watch France's struggle against the barbarous invader. Our people have been stirred and our Youth is flocking to the colours.

"It is now sure that your inspiring leadership, the valour of your soldiers and the fortitude of your people will lead to victory," Premier Menzies asserted.—Havas.

S. American Markets

Mr. B. M. Baruch Advocates Programme of Capture

New York, June 4.

Mr. Bernard M. Baruch, former chairman of the War Industries Board, in a statement to the press yesterday, urged the United States to embark on a programme aimed at capturing and holding Latin American markets against prospective inroads by Germany.

The United States should resort to barter agreements, grant credits, or even subsidize exporters if necessary to capture South American markets, he said.

He indicated he did not believe the Allied cause was lost yet. He said the possibility of a German victory must now be reckoned with and warned that the immediate consequences of such a victory would be an economic drive in the Western Hemisphere, which would pave the way later for economic penetration.—United Press.

Record U.S. Plane Cargo Sent to France

New York, June 4.

More than 250 bombers and pursuit 'planes left for France during the week-end, it is learned. This is said to be the largest 'plane consignment for the Allies since the beginning of the war.—Reuter.

Chinese Houses Gutted In Jessfield Rd. Fire

A big fire raged in the Western District at 6 p.m. yesterday when ten Chinese houses were completely gutted and nine others badly damaged before firemen from Bubbling Well and Ichang Road Stations had the flames under control.

The origin of the fire, which made a number of families living in Lane 653, Jessfield Road homeless, is unknown and the firefighters spent two hours and forty five minutes in combatting the flames and keeping the fire from spreading. No casualties were reported among the occupants of the burnt houses.

U.S. Possessions Look Out for Traitors

Fifth Column Precautions Being Enforced

Washington, June 4.

Special precautions have been ordered in Hawaii, the Philippines, Panama and Puerto Rico in view of the national concern over fifth column activities, it was reliably reported here last night.

Informed sources said the army and navy intelligence, including the staff assigned to the off-shore areas, has been enlarged, while the Federal Bureau of Investigation will closely co-operate with the Intelligence Service.

Japanese activities are likely to come under closer scrutiny than ever before, although Senator William King, a member of the Senate Insular Affairs Committee, warned against over-zealous activity in which loyal Japanese-American citizens might suffer.

Meanwhile, naval officials said they had no news regarding any fleet movement or of the reported training flight of naval aircraft from Hawaii to Manila. The fleet will remain in Honolulu, as far as is known here, it was said.

There was no official statement regarding the reported training flight, but it was expected here that naval planes at Manila would return to Honolulu for a routine overhaul and check-up. Hence, some planes might be sent as replacements; but no increase in Far Eastern forces is contemplated, naval sources said.—United Press.

New Rumanian Foreign Minister's Policy

No Radical Changes in Position Indicated

Bucharest, June 4.

The new Rumanian Foreign Minister, M. Ion Gigurtu, yesterday stated that Rumania's future foreign policy will be based on economic trade.

M. Gigurtu spoke briefly, saying that Rumania's "role today in all political plans constitutes, especially for me—an active businessman—an additional motive to concentrate all attention and all force to this field."

Those who expected the new minister to unfold a new foreign policy were disappointed.

"My foreign policy," M. Gigurtu explained, "will be the development of the command of King Carol, which has been defined on many occasions, namely the defence of peace, of independence, integrity and neutrality in a framework of a policy of good understanding with all nations, especially with all our neighbours."

This policy, he added, demands a spirit of good understanding and adaptation applied "for our national interests and determined by our geographic conditions and our historic development."—United Press.

Canada Sending More Planes, Airmen

Everything Being Done to Assist in Crisis

Ottawa, June 3.

Valuable contributions of 'planes and personnel had already been sent from Canada to join the Allied forces and more were ready to follow immediately, declared Mr. James Duncan, acting Deputy Minister of National Defence, in a speech here.

He added that the Empire air training programme was not shelved, but Canada had decided that the most impelling necessity was to send as many 'planes, pilots and trained ground crews as possible across the Atlantic for immediate service.—Reuter.

Sino-Belgian Bank Operating Normally

Reports of Suspension Of Business Denied

Peiping, June 4.

The Belgian Embassy authorities here today categorically denied Chinese reports that the Sino-Belgian Bank has suspended business.

The bank is said to be operating quite normally. The reports are characterized as "completely untrue."—Reuter.

Chinese Claim Recapture Of Tsaoyang

Chungking, June 4.

Chinese forces on the east bank of the Han River are exerting pressure on the Japanese rear following the crossing of the river by Japanese forces for a drive towards Siangyang, according to Chinese reports. The Chinese claim the reoccupation of Tsaoyang, east of Siangyang, on the night of June 2. Chinese troops are stated to have fought their way into the town at noon on Sunday, and to have completely occupied the town after fierce street fighting.—Reuter.

N. China to Barter Coal For Rice

Peiping, June 4.

As a result of an agreement made between the Central China and North China authorities, whereby rice shipped to North China from Central China is to be paid in terms of North China coal, 1,700,000 tons of coal will shortly be shipped to Central China, according to Chinese press reports.

Before the end of this year a total of 2,200,000 tons of coal will be shipped to Central China from North China.—Reuter.

THE Rev. M. H. Edwards, who became Chaplain-in-Chief of the Royal Air Force, has a faculty for hard work, and expects others to do the same. Of medium height, with keen, intellectual eyes, he loves fly-fishing, and can be seen whenever possible whipping the Welsh streams. He was in the Navy at the Dardanelles, and joined the R.A.F. Chaplains Department when it was formed on April 1, 1918. It is now a big job with the greatly enlarged Air Force. His Staff officers have the relative rank of Group Captain and he the rank of Air Commodore.

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED, assistant architect in local architects' office. State training and experience. Address Box 5160, NCDN. -9655

CHINESE typist/clerk required by British firm. Good knowledge of English essential. State experience, salary. Box 3003, NCDN. 13093

CHINESE stenographer and clerk, salary $75. State experience. Box 5150, NCDN. -9629

FOREIGN concern requires fully-qualified technician for chemical laboratory research work, also capable of organising up-to-date manufacturing plants for refinery, distillery, etc. purposes. Any nationality. State experience. Post Office Box 1443, Hongkong. -9601

EXPERIENCED refrigeration mechanic wanted. Give full particulars of experience to Box 5135, NCDN. 13067

WANTED attractive salesgirls, any nationality, between the ages of 18-22 for easy work in store. Commencing salary $75 per month. Address Box 5132, NCDN. -9596

BRITISH firm requires immediate services of an experienced stenographer. Apply stating salary required. Box 5126, NCDN. 13060

WANTED, 20 Britons (men only) for important occasional day and night services by shifts, at reasonable daily rates of pay. Applications to Box 5009, NCDN. 12961

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of nine dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $1.25.

BRITISH subject urgently requires position, commercial, accounting experience, married, 40 years old, willing undertake any steady job. Box 5151, NCDN. -9631

GERMAN refugee lady desires position as nursery governess in American or British home. Has good command of English. She is dependable and intelligent and has excellent personality. Call Miss Cavender, 11199. 13089

BRITON, military exempt, open for engagement in any capacity. Box 5143, NCDN. -9614

FOREIGN, neutral, not refugee, ten years experience in China export to Europe, offers services as manager. Reply Post Office Box 4120. -9615

EXPERT male stenotypist correspondent, hard-working, seeks position. 14 years' experience. Box 5061, NCDN. -9463

YOUNG British stenographer-beginner, hardworking, seeks immediate position. Salary immaterial. Address Box 5124, NCDN. -9584

EXPERIENCED office-boy seeks employment immediately, speaks English, can also operate telephone. Address Box 5106, NCDN. -9549

BRITISH stenographer, experienced, efficient, hardworking, seeks position immediately. Excellent references. Moderate salary. Box 5107, NCDN. -9547

FOREIGN lady, perfectly proficient in cooking, pastry-cooking and household duties, seeks position. Box 5079, NCDN. -9492

FIGUEIREDO'S School. Can recommend steno-typists: beginners, experienced. 54 Garden Apartments. 1173/11 Bubbling Well Road. 13035

Business Opportunities

AMERICAN importer arriving in Shanghai on June 19, is interested in purchase of goods suitable for export to United States. Detailed offers from principals (no brokers) with samples to be addressed in first instance to: Mr. C. A. Baeten, Chinese Investment Corporation, 254/5 Hamilton House, telephone 12518. -9632

WANTED capitalist for well-introduced licensed enterprise. View: expansion. Box 5140, NCDN. -9507

BUSINESS man, resident of Peking, actually staying in Shanghai till Friday, accepts agencies for Tientsin-Peking. Shanghai Telephone 74881, 2-4 p.m. Home address G. D. Marianovsky, Wu Liang Ta Yen Hutung 48, Peking. -9555

COMPRADORE with A-1 references, with $50,000 capital, wanted by local foreign leather firm. Box 5113, NCDN. -9558

PHILADELPHIA resident is open to accept a few agencies for U.S.A. Box 5112, NCDN. -9557

SHOP for sale. A fully-equipped cafe, situated at Bubbling Well Road to be sold at a reasonable price. Suitable for bar or cloth-store. Apply to Room 4, 190 Peking Road, from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m. -9564

MANUFACTURERS of leather shoes for children, ladies, gentlemen, for export, communicate with samples Box 5118, NCDN. -9566

WANTED for export, big quantities of eatable oils. 133/626 Yuen Ming Yuen, Telephone 14091. -9533

ARMOURED cars with armed foreign guards, for transporting treasure, Clarkes Agency, 88 Nanking Road, Telephone 10092. 13009

WELL-ESTABLISHED British company in Tientsin is open to accept suitable agencies in that port. Highest references given and required. Address Box 4377, NCDN. 12599

Miscellaneous

REFRIGERATORS best repaired by foreign specialists. European Mechanical Works, 819 Avenue Foch, Telephone 76990. -9630

PRIVATE lawn-tennis will open for outside members. Near Yu Yuen and Bubbling Well Roads. Telephone 21388 between 1-2 p.m. only. -9578

MARIPOSA. Regy, I visit monastry and call a better doctor as priest is really sick. Will you come church before 18th.? Poirot. -9599

NOW it is the right time to remodel your furs. Let our expert European furriers do the work for you. Charges are exceedingly reasonable. Satisfaction guaranteed. The Fur Department of Far Eastern Credit Co., 46 Route de Grouchy, telephone 73740. -9895

GRADUATED, experienced masseur offers services for morning hours. Moderate fees. P. Melitsky, 335 Rue Cardinal Mercier, Telephone 74080. -9281

TYPEWRITERS, bought, sold, rented, repaired, rebuilt, Hermes-baby Dealers, Bartlett Yung Co., 132 Kiangse, Telephone 11875. -9504

Dancing

PROFESSOR Waldemar, famous teacher in ballroom, ballet, tap dances, gives private/class lessons, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -9568

For Sale—Miscellaneous

CUTLERY set complete for twelve with case, used once only, Sheffield made, price $600. Reply Post Office Box 4120. -9625

STANDARD National cash register with receipt printer, A1 condition, suitable for bars. 25 per cent original value, US$55. 9A Central Road, telephone 14282. -9620

FILTER candles, ten pieces, British made, for sale. Apply Telephone 13983. -9637

PORTABLE typewriters: slightly used Remington, noiseless, US$35; Hermes 2000, US$32; New Royal de luxe, US$55. Business Machine Co., Central Road, telephone 14292. -9640

STEWART Warner electric refrigerator, US$50, from one to two o'clock. 44 Route Delaunay. -9639

NOISELESS Underwood portable typewriter, absolutely brand-new. Cost US$80, now sacrifice US$35. Box 5157, NCDN. -9638

EIDERDOWNS, best quality, privately only, at bargain price. Box 5152, NCDN. -9636

SINGER sewing machines, brand-new and used, at reasonable prices, Room 138 Hamilton House. -9622

MINIATURES representing historical personalities, old oil-paintings, porcelain, figures, crystalware, dinner-sets. 421 Avenue Roi Albert, Apartment 5. -9612

BINOCULAR Busch 8 x 30, brand-new, US$37. Mr. Autor, 421 Avenue Roi Albert, Apartment 5, Telephone 71289. -9614

1938 Norge Refrigerator, Size 6.5, U.S.$100.00. Can be seen at 1220 Avenue Road, House 1, Apt. 9. 13079

SINGER sewing machine, collapsible, almost new, for sale. Kroll, 1763 Avenue Joffre, Flat 4. -9553

SECONDHAND furniture shop. Buy and sell at best prices, furniture, carpets, cut-glass, etc. Feiner, 306 Rue Bourgeat, telephone 73597. -9457

SALE of towels, Superb quality. Size 8 x 8 inches, 15 cents. Size 15 x 30 inches $1. Size 28 x 48 inches, $4. 10 per cent discount for one dozen or more. Baroukh's, 311 Kiangse Road. -9357

SALE of suit lengths: Irish linen $71.50; sharkskin $50; Saigon linen $18.85; Palm Beach $54. Baroukh's 311 Kiangse Road. -9356

TOWELS, Ship and Machine brands. Face towels, bath towels, bath mats and towelling, etc. First-grade quality at moderate prices. Manufactured by The Tuck Chong Weaving Factory, Office 10 Wongkashaw Gardens (Avenue Road, Carter Road east), Telephone 37024. -9344

CLEARANCE sale: Porcelain, crystalware, dinner and coffee sets, etc. 497 Weihaiwei Road, 5 Yang Terrace, Room 6. -9254

TABLE cloths, best pure linen, new/little used, all sizes. Bargain. Box 4465, NCDN. -9203

FOUR solitaire diamond rings, 1-1¾ carat, good quality; further lady's big, diamond-studded, sapphire ring. Telephone 74192, 8-10 a.m., 7-8.30 p.m. -9437

STOCKINGS: selected new stock in beautiful shades, exceptionally strong. Hats, dresses ready made, at wholesale prices. Orders taken. Room 41C, 3rd floor, Central Arcade. -9521

HUTSCHENREUTHER porcelain dinner-set, complete for 9 people, 69 pieces, masterly shape, floral design; bargain. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Arts. 12996

Educational

SHANGHAI lady teaches Shanghai dialect to foreigners who understand a little Chinese. Success guaranteed. Box 5145, NCDN. -9617

FRENCH lessons, speedy and excellent results assured. Fully qualified gentleman-teacher (Belgian). Twice weekly, pupils'/own house, $30 monthly. Box 4511, NCDN. -9482

HIGHLY educated young Czechoslovakian lady gives English lessons. State examen, one year in England, great experience with adults and children. Box 5106, NCDN. -9540

GERARD Pincus, pianist, pedagogue, gives lessons (pupil's/teacher's home). 53 Chusan Road, Room 2. -8997

Personal

BRITON would like to meet intelligent, young business lady, British/American, for cinema outings, walks, etc. Please reply Box 5138, NCDN. -9603

Wanted to Purchase

WANTED to buy, one piano, willing to pay best price. Apply telephone 73606, Chang. -9641

WANTED to purchase large dog-kennel. Address Box 5159, NCDN. 13091

WANTED buy secondhand suits, dresses, shoes. Telephone 39965, Mr. Bers, 8-10 a.m., 1-3 p.m. daily. -9491

Lost

LOST. Stamped B/L No. 1090/1 issued by Toa Kaiun Kaisya, marked A/D, three packages personal effect, ex ss. Kasima Maru, Voyage No. 3, is lost and declared null and void. Imamura Custom Broker. -9333

Holiday Resorts

VILLA, in Tsingtao, per season. Five rooms, kitchen, bathroom, verandah, garden. Apply to Box 5142, NCDN. -9609

TSINGTAO Villa "Augusta", most beautiful and modernly furnished, (Iltis-Huk) open for reservation. Address Post Office Box 270, Tsingtao. 12704

SHANHAIKWAN. To let, nicely furnished detached bungalows on the beach. 3/5 bedrooms. Apply to Credit Foncier, Liza Building, 346 Szechuen Road. 12679

LAOSHAN. Comfortable rooms, with board, in select British Pension. All modern toilet facilities. Simmons beds. Refrigerator. Private swimming pool on premises. Waterfall district. Apply to Mrs. M. Porter, P. O. Box 47, Tsingtao. -7382

LAOSHAN (Tsingtao), "The Dutch Villa" under Dutch management. Daily and monthly rates. Apply Mrs. L. van Ditmars, House 52, Laoshan. 12269

TSINGTAO, Park View Villa. Well-furnished rooms to let. Also furnished flat available with or without board. Apply 5 Yung Cheng Road, Tsingtao. -9261

Offices, Shops, Godowns

OFFICE space, one desk, use telephone, central location, to let. Apply Box 5153, NCDN. -9657

Wanted to Rent

UNFURNISHED house, five or six rooms, good locality, by responsible British married couple. Box 5134, NCDN. -9598

WANTED, apartment by American couple. Willing to take furniture over, pay key-money. Telephone 79023. -9546

WANTED two/three-roomed apartment, Concession, quiet, south. Willing take furniture over or pay key-money. Telephone 75652 or Post Office Box 4077. -9585

FURNISHED house/small flat required by English couple. Would buy furniture at reasonable price. No intermediaries, refugees. Reply Box 5035, NCDN. 12980

WANTED by responsible party house/apartment. Willing take over furniture and pay key-money. Telephone 78499. -9767

WANTED by responsible party, house/apartment. Willing take over furniture and pay key-money. Telephone 72782. -9141

Radios

AMERICA'S finest radio Scott, 15 tubes, all wave, automatic phonograph, very little used, US$100. Robinson Piano Co. -9634

FOR sale, Hammarlund Comet Pro, special short-wave model, 6.3 volt filaments, with amplified A.V.C., crystal filter and noise suppressor. Coverage from 8 metres up. Full band-spread on all bands. Very sensitive and selective. Provision for V.T.V.M. Price US$100. No offers. Meter in bakelite case $200 extra. Box 5111, NCDN. -9552

ECONOMICAL houseboat radios. Superb Howard shortwave radios. Prompt repairs. Obsolete tubes supplied. American Radio Equipment Company. Telephone 13750. 13019

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

360 RUE Bourgeat, Room 2, near Route des Soeurs. Massage. -9257

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m. 205 Peking Road, Apartment 30. Second Floor. -9528

LADY gives massage from 2 to 9, 1225 Bubbling Well Road. Room 231, Telephone 34200. -9250

Chinese Servants

WANTED cook, amah and help or good plain cook and wash-amah. Box 5158, NCDN. or telephone 15988. -9652

CAN anyone recommend good baby-amah? Reply Box 5155, NCDN. -9643

BOY required immediately for British household. Personal recommendation from former employer essential. Please notify Box 5156, NCDN. -9644

COOK-BOY, four years in same family, seeks position, highly recommended. Box 3010, NCDN. -9654

EXCELLENT No. 1 house-boy and cook-boy, wife coolie-wash-amah. Reliable servants. Address Box 5146, NCDN. -9619

ADVERTISER recommends excellent Cantonese cook-boy for immediate engagement. Address Box 5147, NCDN. -9619

FOREIGN lady, going home, highly recommends her English-speaking coolie-boy, hard and willing worker, can wash and iron, good knowledge of cooking. Box 5114, NCDN. -9559

EXCELLENT No. 1 house-boy or cook-boy, speaks English well. Experienced, hardworker, Excellent references. Box 5139, NCDN. -9609

EXCELLENT cook-boy, native of Peking, clean, honest, speaks English well. For English or American family. Highly recommended. Box 5141, NCDN. -9609

73148. Central Employment Agency (British). The last word in household servants. 17 Linda Terrace. -9228

72782. General Employment Agency. Reliable cooks, boys, amahs, chauffeurs, Foreign management. Quick service. 1272 Avenue Joffre. -9142

EXCELLENT cookboy, wife wash-coolie amah, both clean, honest, best recommendation. Box 5102, NCDN. -9534

MRS. Morris Stranack wishes to recommend her boy, cook, missy-wash-amah and coolie, all of whom have been employed by her for over six years, available July 1. Apply telephone 18381 between 12.30 and 2.30. -9576

To Advertisers

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box numbers are requested to call for same before June 7, after which date they will be destroyed Nos. 3314, 3492, 3497, 3586, 3621, 3631, 3672, 3684, 3720, 3726, 3761, 3769, 3774, 3858, 3896, 3904, 3908, 3909, 3943, 3953, 3954, 3958, 3975, 3981, 3990, 4006, 4023, 4128, 4141, 4165, 4166, 4168, 4184, 4192, 4232, 4304, 4320, 4371, 4394, 4408, 4409, 4426, 4469, 4476, 4497, 4502, 4522, 4559, 4632, 4648, 4656, 4676, 4683, 4689, 4700, 4740, 4763, 4784, 4797.

Animals

THOROUGHBRED Alsatian puppies, one month old, of finest stock and rare beauty, for sale. Male and female. Enquiries telephone 38600 from 6-8 p.m. -9606

Rooms with Board

AVAILABLE June 15, large, double room, English-owned house. Large garden. Mrs. Chalmers, 45 Route Ghisi, telephone 78219. -9648

AVAILABLE in British family near French Park. Attractive double room, enclosed balcony, private bathroom attached. Box 5144, NCDN. -9616

Office Cars

LIFT offered from Rue Delastre to Szechuen Road. Replies to Box 5125, NCDN. 13059

AVAILABLE one/two lifts Winling/Joffre, Bund/Nanking Road. Apply Box 5133, NCDN. 13065

Motor Cars and Cycles

FORD, 1929, touring, in perfect condition, quick sale only $1,800. Telephone 62897. -9647

FOR SALE, Harley Davidson motorcycle, good order, $800. 114B. Route Grouchy. -9649

US$740. 1937 Dodge sedan, excellent shape, owner leaving. Telephone 14847 office hours. -9651

1935 model Packard Super 8, in excellent condition, mileage covered 10,000 miles only. Owner leaving Shanghai. Price US$1,500 or nearby offer. Telephone 17989, R. Li. -9635

BUICK, 1937, 5-passenger sedan with radio, heater, yellow lamp, nett US$600, Mr. Niem, Reliance Trading Co., 353 Kiangse Road, 1-5 p.m. -9646

1934 Ford truck, four cylinders, in good running order and economical on gasolene, $4,000. For inspection and trial telephone 31301. 13090

1937 Ford V8 British Body, four-door sedan, good condition and new tyres, quick sale, US$650. Telephone 12626. -9650

BABY Ford coach 1934; private party wishes to dispose of car, US$370. No brokers. Telephone 78994, after 10 a.m. -9645

LINCOLN-Zephyr, 1936. Four-door sedan, 12-cylinder. Magnificent condition, perfect engine, five excellent white-walled tyres. US$800. Telephone 15633 or write Box 5149, NCDN. -9627

FIAT 1932, four-door sedan, excellent condition, US$220. No brokers. Telephone 13751. -9600

FOR quick sale, 8 h.p., 1934, small Renault sedan in perfect order, economical and always been used privately. Selling for US$420 or nearest offer as the owner is leaving. Kindly address Box 5119, NCDN. -9571

SECONDHAND cars bought and sold. United Trading Co., 8 Avenue Dubail, telephone 82678. -9583

1937 Ford V-8, 60 H.P. Four-door sedan. Excellent engine and coachwork. US$650. Telephone 74058 or write Box 5128, NCDN. -9586

SINGER Nine in excellent condition for sale at a moderate price. Apply 70070, Room 215, between 8-9 a.m. -9573

FORD 1932, roadster, perfect condition, quick sale, $3,000. Telephone 82841. -9575

ONE 1940 Oldsmobile sedan and one 1936 Chrysler roadster for sale. Al